# Spindletop Center Silsbee

222 Durdin Silsbee, Texas 77656

# RFQ # 22-0003





February 28, 2022





PROJECT MANUAL Volume 1 of 2

RFQ #22-0003 Spindletop Center Silsbee

Silsbee, Texas 77656

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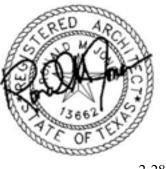
### 1.1 PROJECT MANUAL VOLUME 1

- A. Spindletop Silsbee .
- B. RFQ # 22-0003
- C. Architect Project No. 21061.
- D. Architectural Alliance Incorporated .
- E. 350 Pine Street, Suite 720.
- F. Beaumont, Texas 77701.
- G. Phone: 409 866-7196.
- H. Website: www.architectall.com .
- I. Issued: February 25, 2022.
- J. Copyright 2022 Architectural Alliance Incorporated . All rights reserved.

# DOCUMENT 000107 - SEALS PAGE

# 1.1 DESIGN PROFESSIONALS OF RECORD

- A. Architect:
  - 1. Ronald M. Jones, AIA .
  - 2. 13662



2-28-2022

- B. Structural Engineer:
  - 1. Daniel A. Dotson .
  - 2. 109833



- C. Plumbing & HVAC Engineer:
  - 1. Dustin W. Duval .
  - 2. 117604



- D. Electrical Engineer:
  - 1. David Carroll .
  - 2. 137373.



### DOCUMENT 001113 - ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS

### 1.1 PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. Notice to Bidders: Qualified bidders may submit Competitive Sealed Proposals for project as described in this Document. Submit bids according to the Instructions to Bidders.
- B. Project Identification: Spindletop SIIsbee .
  - 1. Project Location: 222 Durdin, Silsbee, Texas.
- C. Owner: Spindletop Center .
  - 1. Owner's Representative: Wayne Hill .
- D. Architect: Architectural Alliance Incorporated .
- E. Project Description: Project consists of 10,620 sf renovation and 3,898 sf addition. Single story wood framed construction .
- F. Construction Contract: Competitive Sealed Proposals will be received for the following Work:
  - 1. General Contract (all trades).

### 1.2 BID SUBMITTAL AND OPENING

- A. Owner will receive sealed lump sum bids until the bid time and date at the location given below. Owner will consider bids prepared in compliance with the Instructions to Bidders issued by Owner, and delivered as follows:
  - 1. Bid Date: March 15, 2022.
  - 2. Bid Time: 2:00 p.m., local time.
  - 3. Location: Spindletop Facilities Office, 655 S 8th Street, Beaumont, Texas 77701.
- B. Bids will be thereafter privately opened.

### 1.3 BID SECURITY

A. Bid security shall be submitted with each bid in the amount of 5 percent of the bid amount. No bids may be withdrawn for a period of 60 days after opening of bids. Owner reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to waive informalities and irregularities.

### 1.4 PREBID MEETING

A. Prebid Meeting: See Document 002513 "Prebid Meetings."

- B. Prebid Meeting: A Prebid meeting for all bidders will be held at 222 Durdin, Silsbee, Texas on March 3, 2022 at 10:00 a.m., local time. Prospective prime bidders are required to attend.
  - 1. Bidders' Questions: Architect will provide responses at Prebid conference to bidders' questions received up to two business days prior to conference.

### 1.5 DOCUMENTS

A. Online Procurement and Contracting Documents: Obtain access after February 25, 2022, by contacting Architectural Alliance Incorporated. Online access will be provided to all registered bidders and suppliers.

### 1.6 TIME OF COMPLETION

A. Successful bidder shall begin the Work on receipt of the Notice to Proceed and shall complete the Work within the Contract Time.

### 1.7 BIDDER'S QUALIFICATIONS

A. Bidders must be properly licensed under the laws governing their respective trades and be able to obtain insurance and bonds required for the Work. A Performance Bond, separate Labor and Material Payment Bond, and Insurance in a form acceptable to Owner will be required of the successful Bidder.

## DOCUMENT 002113 - INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

### 1.1 INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

- A. AIA Document A701, "Instructions to Bidders," is hereby incorporated into the Procurement and Contracting Requirements by reference.
  - 1. A copy of AIA Document A701, "Instructions to Bidders," is bound in this Project Manual.

### DOCUMENT 002213 - SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

### 1.1 INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

- A. Instructions to Bidders for Project consist of the following:
  - 1. AIA Document A701, "Instructions to Bidders [."]," a copy of which is bound in this Project Manual.
  - 2. The following Supplementary Instructions to Bidders that modify and add to the requirements of the Instructions to Bidders.

### 1.2 SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS, GENERAL

A. The following supplements modify AIA Document A701, "Instructions to Bidders." Where a portion of the Instructions to Bidders is modified or deleted by these Supplementary Instructions to Bidders, unaltered portions of the Instructions to Bidders shall remain in effect.

### 1.3 ARTICLE 1 - DEFINITIONS

A. The term "Bid" and any and all variations or forms thereof shall have the same meaning as "Competitive Sealed Proposals".

### 1.4 ARTICLE 2 - BIDDER'S REPRESENTATIONS

- A. Add Section 2.1.3.1:
  - 1. 2.1.3.1 The Bidder has investigated all required fees, permits, and regulatory requirements of authorities having jurisdiction and has properly included in the submitted bid the cost of such fees, permits, and requirements not otherwise indicated as provided by Owner.
- B. Add Section 2.1.6:
  - 1. 2.1.6 The Bidder has incorporated into the Bid adequate sums for work performed by installers whose qualifications meet those indicated in the Procurement and Contracting Documents.

### 1.5 ARTICLE 3 - BIDDING DOCUMENTS

- A. 3.2 Interpretation or Correction of Procurement and Contracting Documents:
  - 1. Add Section 3.2.2.1:
    - a. 3.2.2.1 Submit Bidder's Requests for Interpretation using form bound in the Project Manual .

- B. 3.4 Addenda:
  - 1. Delete Section 3.4.3 and replace with the following:
    - a. 3.4.3 Addenda may be issued at any time prior to the receipt of bids.
  - 2. Add Section 3.4.4.1:
    - a. 3.4.4.1 Owner may elect to waive the requirement for acknowledging receipt of 3.4.4 Addenda as follows:
      - 1) 3.4.4.1.1 Information received as part of the Bid indicates that the Bid, as submitted, reflects modifications to the Procurement and Contracting Documents included in an unacknowledged Addendum.
      - 2) 3.4.4.1.2 Modifications to the Procurement and Contracting Documents in an unacknowledged Addendum do not, in the opinion of Owner, affect the Contract Sum or Contract Time.

# 1.6 ARTICLE 4 - BIDDING PROCEDURES

- A. 4.1 Preparation of Bids:
  - 1. Add Section 4.1.8:
    - a. 4.1.8 The Bid shall include unit prices when called for by the Procurement and Contracting Documents. Owner may elect to consider unit prices in the determination of award. Unit prices will be incorporated into the Contract.
  - 2. Add Section 4.1.9:
    - a. 4.1.9 Owner may elect to disqualify a bid due to failure to submit a bid in the form requested, failure to bid requested alternates or unit prices, failure to complete entries in all blanks in the Bid Form, or inclusion by the Bidder of any alternates, conditions, limitations or provisions not called for.
  - 3. Add Section 4.1.10:
    - a. 4.1.10 **The Owner is a tax exempt entity.** Bids shall include sales and use taxes as may be applicable to this project.
- B. 4.4 Modification or Withdrawal of Bids:
  - 1. Add the following sections to 4.4.2:
    - a. 4.4.2.1 Such modifications to or withdrawal of a bid may only be made by persons authorized to act on behalf of the Bidder. Authorized persons are those so identified in the Bidder's corporate bylaws, specifically empowered by the Bidder's charter or similar legally binding document acceptable to Owner, or by a power of attorney, signed and dated, describing the scope and limitations of the power of attorney. Make such documentation available to Owner at the time of seeking modifications or withdrawal of the Bid.
    - b. 4.4.2.2 Owner will consider modifications to a bid written on the sealed bid envelope by authorized persons when such modifications comply with the following: the modification is indicated by a percent or stated amount to be added to or deducted from the Bid; the amount of the Bid itself is not made known by the modification; a signature of the authorized person, along with the time and date of the modification, accompanies the modification. Completion of an unsealed bid form, awaiting final figures from the Bidder, does not require power of attorney due

to the evidenced authorization of the Bidder implied by the circumstance of the completion and delivery of the Bid.

- C. 4.5 Break-Out Pricing Bid Supplement:
  - 1. Add Section 4.5:
    - a. 4.5 Provide detailed cost breakdowns no later than two business days following Architect's request.
- D. 4.6 Subcontractors, Suppliers, and Manufacturers List Bid Supplement:
  - 1. Add Section 4.6:
    - a. 4.6 Provide list of major subcontractors, suppliers, and manufacturers furnishing or installing products no later than two business days following Architect's request. Include those subcontractors, suppliers, and manufacturers providing work totaling three percent or more of the Bid amount. Do not change subcontractors, suppliers, and manufacturers from those submitted without approval of Architect.

### 1.7 ARTICLE 5 - CONSIDERATION OF BIDS

- A. 5.2 Rejection of Bids:
  - 1. Add Section 5.2.1:
    - a. 5.2.1 Owner reserves the right to reject a bid based on Owner's and Architect's evaluation of qualification information submitted following opening of bids. Owner's evaluation of the Bidder's qualifications will include: status of licensure and record of compliance with licensing requirements, record of quality of completed work, record of Project completion and ability to complete, record of financial management including financial resources available to complete Project and record of timely payment of obligations, record of Project site management including compliance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction, record of and number of current claims and disputes and the status of their resolution, and qualifications of the Bidder's proposed Project staff and proposed subcontractors.

## 1.8 ARTICLE 6 - POSTBID INFORMATION

- A. 6.3 Submittals:
  - 1. Add Section 6.3.1.4:
    - a. 6.3.1.4 Submit information requested in Sections 6.3.1.1, 6.3.1.2, and 6.3.1.3 no later than two business days following Architect's request.

### 1.9 ARTICLE 7 - PERFORMANCE BOND AND PAYMENT BOND

A. 7.1 - Bond Requirements:

- 1. Add Section 7.1.1.1:
  - a. 7.1.1.1 Both a Performance Bond and a Payment Bond will be required, each in an amount equal to 100 percent of the Contract Sum.
- B. 7.2 Time of Delivery and Form of Bonds:
  - 1. Delete the first sentence of Section 7.2.1 and insert the following:
    - a. The Bidder shall deliver the required bonds to Owner no later than 5 days after the date of Notice of Intent to Award and no later than the date of execution of the Contract, whichever occurs first. Owner may deem the failure of the Bidder to deliver required bonds within the period of time allowed a default.
  - 2. Delete Section 7.2.3 and insert the following:
    - a. 7.2.3 Bonds shall be executed and be in force on the date of the execution of the Contract.

### 1.10 ARTICLE 9 - EXECUTION OF THE CONTRACT

- A. Add Article 9:
  - 1. 9.1.2 Owner may deem as a default the failure of the Awardee to execute the Contract and to supply the required bonds when the Agreement is presented for signature within the period of time allowed.
  - 2. 9.1.3 Unless otherwise indicated in the Procurement and Contracting Documents or the executed Agreement, the date of commencement of the Work shall be the date of the executed Agreement or the date that the Bidder is obligated to deliver the executed Agreement and required bonds to Owner.
  - 3. 9.1.4 In the event of a default, Owner may declare the amount of the Bid security forfeited and elect to either award the Contract to the next responsible bidder or re-advertise for bids.

### DOCUMENT 003132 - GEOTECHNICAL DATA

### 1.1 GEOTECHNICAL DATA

- A. This Document with its referenced attachments is part of the Procurement and Contracting Requirements for Project. They provide Owner's information for Bidders' convenience and are intended to supplement rather than serve in lieu of Bidders' own investigations. They are made available for Bidders' convenience and information. This Document and its attachments are not part of the Contract Documents.
- B. Because subsurface conditions indicated by the soil borings are a sampling in relation to the entire construction area, and for other reasons, the Owner, the Architect, the Architect's consultants, and the firm reporting the subsurface conditions do not warranty the conditions below the depths of the borings or that the strata logged from the borings are necessarily typical of the entire site. Any party using the information described in the soil borings and geotechnical report shall accept full responsibility for its use.
- C. A geotechnical investigation report for Project, prepared by Science Engineering, is attached herewith.
  - 1. The opinions expressed in this report are those of a geotechnical engineer and represent interpretations of subsoil conditions, tests, and results of analyses conducted by a geotechnical engineer. Owner is not responsible for interpretations or conclusions drawn from the data.
  - 2. Any party using information described in the geotechnical report shall make additional test borings and conduct other exploratory operations that may be required to determine the character of subsurface materials that may be encountered.
- D. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Document 002113 "Instructions to Bidders" for the Bidder's responsibilities for examination of Project site and existing conditions.
  - 2. Document 003119 "Existing Condition Information" for information about existing conditions that is made available to bidders.



# **GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION**

# FOR

# **SPINDLETOP CENTER AT 222 DURDIN DRIVE**

IN

**SILSBEE, TEXAS** 

**REPORT NUMBER 22120** 

**REPORTED TO:** 

MR. RONALD JONES, AIA 350 PINE STREET, SUITE 720 BEAUMONT, TEXAS 77701

**FEBRUARY 2022** 

PREPARED BY: SCIENCE ENGINEERING, LTD.

P.O. Box 2048 Nederland, Texas 77627 Ph: (409) 982-0686 Fax: (409) 982-0619 Email: yousef@science-engineer.com

# GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION Spindeltop Center Silsbee, Texas

### **INTRODUCTION**

The study reported herein is an investigation of subsurface conditions for the proposed Spindletop Center at 222 Durdin Drive in Silsbee, Texas.

## **AUTHORIZATION**

This investigation was authorized by Mr. Ronald Jones, AIA by signed proposal on January 11, 2022.

# SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION

The subsurface exploration at the site was accomplished by means of two (2) undisturbed sample core borings drilled to depths of approximately twenty-five (25) feet below existing ground surface. Approximate locations of the borings are shown on attached boring plan.

# SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

The subsurface investigation consisted of drilling three-inch nominal diameter core borings. Undisturbed samples of the cohesive soils were obtained from the borings by means of thin-wall, seamless steel Shelby tube samplers, in accordance with the ASTM D-1587 method. Granular soils were sampled with a two-inch split barrel sampler in accordance with the ASTM D-1586 procedure in which the sampler is driven into the soil by repeated blows of a 140-pound hammer dropped 30 inches. The shear strength of the cohesive soil samples was estimated by hand pentrometer in the field.

All undisturbed samples were extracted mechanically from the core barrels in the field, classified, wrapped in aluminum foil, and sealed in airtight plastic bags to prevent moisture loss and disturbance. The samples were transported to our laboratory for testing and further study.

## LABORATORY INVESTIGATIONS

All samples from borings were examined and classified in the laboratory by a soil engineer, according to procedures outlined in ASTM D-2488. Laboratory tests were performed on selected soil samples in order to evaluate the engineering properties of the soil in accordance with the indicated standard procedures.

Laboratory Tests	ASTM Standard
Atterberg Limits [Liquid Limit (LL), Plastic Limit (PL), Plasticity Index (PI)]	D-4318
Soil Moisture Content	D-2216
Unconfined Compressive Strength	D-2166
Soils Classification	D-2487
Passing #200 Sieve	D-1140

Undrained shear strength of selective cohesive soils was determined by unconfined compression tests. Water content and dry unit weight of the foundation soils were determined as routine parts of the unconfined compression tests. Atterberg limits tests were performed on the appropriate cohesive and cohesionless samples. The results of these tests are shown on attached boring logs.

# **SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS**

Specific types and depths of subsurface strata encountered on the site are shown on the attached boring logs. Review of the boring logs indicate that generalized stratography is approximately as follows:

Stratum No.	Average Depth, feet	Soil Description
	0.00 - 0.50	2.5" Concrete and 3.5" Base
П	0.50- 1.00	Tan and Gray SANDY CLAY (CL); Fill
III	1.00 - 5.00	Dark Gray CLAYEY SILT (ML)
IV	5.00 -11.00	Tan and Gray SANDY CLAY (CL) with sand layers
V	11.00 -25.00	Tan and Gray CLAY (CH); slickensides

Boring B-1

Boring B-2

Stratum No.	Average Depth, feet	Soil Description
I	0.00 - 0.42	2.5" Concrete and 2.5" Base
П	0.42 - 1.00	Tan and Gray SANDY CLAY (CL); Fill
	1.00 - 4.00	Dark Gray CLAYEY SILT (ML)

Stratum No.	Average Depth, feet	Soil Description
IV	4.00 -11.00	Gray and Tan CLAYEY SAND (SC)
V	11.00 -25.00	Tan and Gray CLAY (CH); slickensides

The near surface soils are "CL-ML" type soils when classified by the unified soils classification system. This type soil normally exhibits low swell potential during seasonal moisture variations.

Hydrostatic water was encountered at the time of drilling, as shown on attached boring log.

# **CONSTRUCTION VARIATIONS**

The information contained in this report summarizes conditions found on the date that the borings was drilled. The depth to the static water table may be expected to vary with the environmental variations, such as frequency and magnitude of precipitation and the time of year that construction begins.

# **DESIGN ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Information available to this office indicates that the proposed construction at the site will consist of a new Spindletop Center.

### **BELL BOTTOM PIERS**

From analysis of the boring log and laboratory test results, structural loads can be transmitted to the foundation soils by use of drilled and underreamed type footings. Footings should extend to a depth of thirteen (13) feet below existing ground surface to be located in Tan and Gray Clay. Utilizing a minimum factor of safety of three for dead load, or a minimum factor of two for total load, the allowable bearing capacity of the foundation soils for circular type footings is as follows: **2,900** PSF for dead load, plus long-term live loads, and **4,300** PSF for total load. Whichever is critical should be used. The allowable loads given can be increased by thirty (30) percent for wind or temporary lateral loading.

# Note: Due to the presence of clayey sand and water from one to ten (1-10) feet, temporary casing may be considered during installation of the shaft.

There is a potential for upward movement of the plastic clays in contact with the sides of the piers; the pier shafts should be well reinforced throughout their length resist tensional force.

### FLOOR SLABS AND GRADE BEAMS

Review of the Atterberg Limits determinations indicates that the surface soils are "CL-ML" type soils, with low plasticity, which may exhibit expansion during seasonal wetting and drying cycles. We believe that conventional "slab-on-fill" construction may be used for the interior portion of the structures built at the site. Select fill, a minimum of twenty-four (24) inch thickness should be used to bring the structure to grade.

Prior to placement of select fill, strip site sufficiently to remove all concrete, base, topsoil, existing vegetation, and roots larger than  $\frac{1}{2}$ " in diameter to an approximate depth of twenty-four (24) inches. Then scarify the subgrade, add moisture, if necessary, and recompact to 95% of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D-698 (Standard Proctor). The moisture content at the time of compaction of subgrade soils should be within +3% of the proctor optimum value.

Select fill should then be placed, under laboratory control, in no greater than eight-inch (8") loose layers and compacted to a minimum of 95% of the maximum dry unit weight, as obtained in the laboratory by means ASTM D-698 procedure. Moisture content of  $\pm 2\%$  optimum should be maintained during placement of the select fill material. A vapor barrier consisting of six (6) mil Polyethylene shall be placed between the select fill and concrete slab.

The material used as select fill should consist of a non-active sandy clay or clayey sand type substance, having a Liquid Limit of 36 or less and Plasticity Index (P.I.) varying from 10 to 20.

### STRUCTURE FOUNDATION

Each footing excavation should be inspected by the project's Engineer, Architect or Owner's representative prior to placing concrete to insure that (a) the footing has been constructed at the correct depth and the correct formation established by previously mentioned criteria, (b) the footing is concentric with the pier shaft or column, and (c) excessive cuttings, build-up or any soft-compressible material(s) have been removed from the bottom of the excavation.

Placement of concrete should be accomplished as soon as possible to prevent changes in the state of stress and the caving of the foundation soils. No footings should be poured without the prior approval of the projects' Engineer, Architect or Owner's representative.

### **FOUNDATION SETTLEMENT**

A detailed settlement analysis was not within the scope of this study. It is anticipated that the footings designed, using the recommended allowable bearing pressures, will experience small settlements that will be well within the tolerable limit for the proposed structure.

### SITE PREPARATION

In order to remedy construction problems, which may develop if attempts are made to work the surface materials following prolonged periods of rainfall which are common to this area, it is recommended that prior to starting any work at the site that proper construction drainage is to be provided to maintain a relatively dry construction site. (Use a minimum slope of 5% within 10 feet of the foundation).

### **LIMITATIONS**

The conclusions and recommendations given in this report are based on the analysis of the data collected for this project. Additive conclusions or recommendations made from this data by others are their responsibility.

Our study is based on the data obtained from soil borings made at the locations shown on borings plan. The nature and extent of variations between borings may become evident during construction. We should be requested to observe exposed conditions. After making these observations, and noting the engineering significance of variations, we will advise you of any changes in recommendations believed appropriate.

We appreciate this opportunity to provide our services to this project. Please let us know if you require additional information. Thank you.

# Respectfully submitted for the firm, TBPE Registration No. 4060



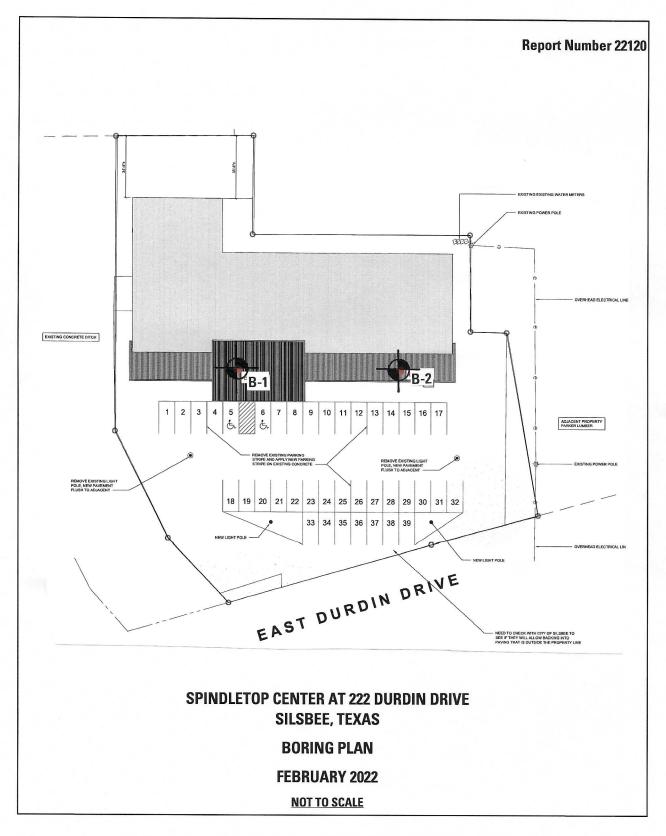
Yousef Rahmani, P.E. President

Encl.: Boring Plan Boring Logs 1 and 2 Geotechnical Chart/Symbols

Copies: 1 – Client 1- Fittz & Shipman, Inc. / Mr. Girish Vadakapurapu 1 – SEL File 22120

YR/mr







Projec	t:	Sni	ndleton	LOG C Center at 222 Durdin Drive			G								
			aumont,				Proie	ct No:	22120						
Boring	Nun			B-1	Project No: 22120 Date of Report: 02/04/2022										
Location: See Boring Plan					Date of Boring: 02/02/2022										
Dry Au	ger:			0 to 10 Feet	Authorization: Mr. Ronald Jones, A.I.A.										
												SHEAR S	TRENGTH		
DEPTH, FEET	SYMBOL	SAMPLE	BLOWS PER FOOT	STRATUM DESCRIPTION		WATER CONTENT (%)	DRY DENSITY (PCF)	τισηιρ Γιμιτ	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)	PERCENT PASSING No. 200 SIEVE	POCKET Penetrometer (TSF)	UNCONFINED Compressive		
				Tan and Gray SANDY CLAY; Fill	CL			41	20	21	49				
	ľ	X	5	Dark Gray CLAYEY SILT											
1	Y	$ \rightarrow $						21	18	3					
7	¥				ML										
_ 5 _				Tan and Gray SANDY CLAY		16	111	36	19	15		0.25	0.22		
			-			19	109	43	21	22		0.75	0.50		
				_ sand layers								0.25			
10					CL										
 				Tan and Gray CLAY with slickensides		21	101	50	21	29		0.89	0.55		
15						26	94	51	22	29		1.50	0.60		
						32	90	64	23	41		1.75	1.10		
20															
					СН	34	90	69	25	44		1.50	1.10		
25				Bottom at 25 feet											
-				<ol> <li>Water was encountered at 10 feet during drilling.</li> </ol>											
-				Note: 2.5" Concrete and 3.5" Base at top.											

P.O.Box 2048 Nederland, Texas 77627 Ph: (409) 982-0686 Fax: (409) 982-0619 Email: yousef@science-engineer.com

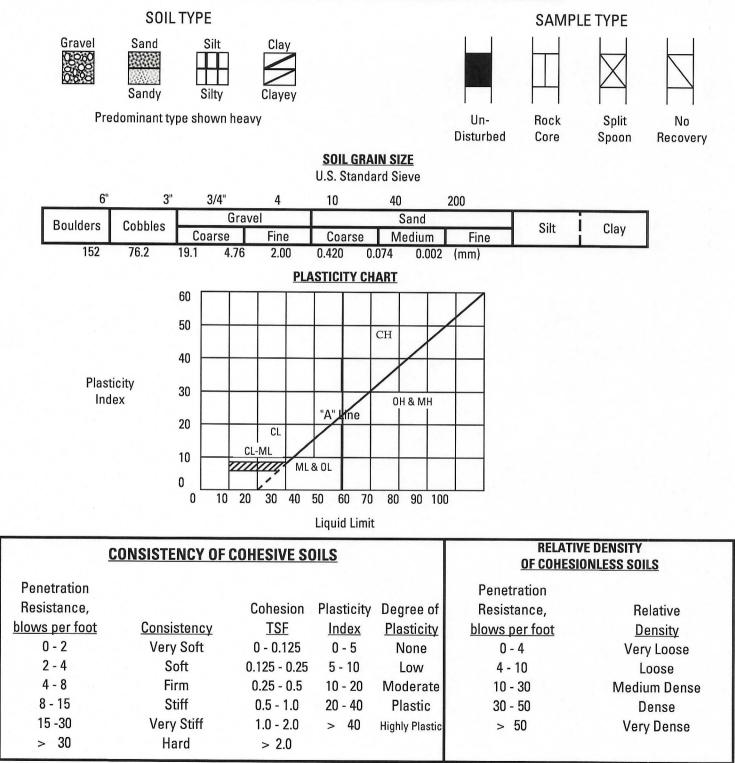


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				See Boring Plan	Date of Boring: 02/02/2022										
Dry Aug	ger:			0 to 10 Feet		A	uthori	zation:	Mr. R	onald Jo	nes, A.I.	A.			
												SHEAR S	TRENGTH		
DEPTH, FEET	SYMBOL	SAMPLE	BLOWS PER FOOT	STRATUM DESCRIPTION		WATER CONTENT (%)	DRY DENSITY (PCF)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)	PERCENT PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE	POCKET PENETROMETER (TSF)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE		
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	Ħ			Dark Gray CLAYEY SILT											
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15															
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	1				СН	34	87	68	24	44		1.50	0.90		
25 _				Bottom at 25 feet											
-				<ol> <li>Water was encountered at 10 feet during drilling.</li> </ol>											
	•		-	Note: 2.5" Concrete and 2.5" Base at top.											

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# **KEY TO SOIL CLASSIFICATION AND SYMBOLS**



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### DOCUMENT 003143 - PERMIT APPLICATION

### 1.1 PERMIT APPLICATION INFORMATION

- A. This Document with its referenced attachments is part of the Procurement and Contracting Requirements for Project. They provide Owner's information for Bidders' convenience and are intended to supplement rather than serve in lieu of the Bidders' own investigations. This Document and its attachments are not part of the Contract Documents.
- B. Permit Application: Complete building permit application and file with authorities having jurisdiction within five days of the Notice of Award .

### DOCUMENT 004113 - BID FORM - STIPULATED SUM (SINGLE-PRIME CONTRACT)

### 1.1 BID INFORMATION

- A. Bidder: \_\_\_\_\_
- B. Project Name: Spindletop Silsbee .
- C. Project Location: 222 Durdin, Silsbee, Texas.
- D. Owner: Spindletop Center .
- E. Architect: Architectural Alliance Incorporated .
- F. Architect Project Number: 21060.

### 1.2 CERTIFICATIONS AND BASE BID

- A. Base Bid, Single-Prime (All Trades) Contract: The undersigned Bidder, having carefully examined the Procurement and Contracting Requirements, Conditions of the Contract, Drawings, Specifications, and all subsequent Addenda, as prepared by Architectural Alliance Incorporated and Architect's consultants, having visited the site, and being familiar with all conditions and requirements of the Work, hereby agrees to furnish all material, labor, equipment and services, including all scheduled allowances, necessary to complete the construction of the above-named project, according to the requirements of the Procurement and Contracting Documents, for the stipulated sum of:
  - Dollars (\$\_\_\_\_\_).
     The above amount may be modified by amounts indicated by the Bidder on the attached Document 004322 "Unit Prices Form" and Document 004323 "Alternates Form."

### 1.3 BID GUARANTEE

- A. The undersigned Bidder agrees to execute a contract for this Work in the above amount and to furnish surety as specified within 10 days after a written Notice of Award, if offered within 60 days after receipt of bids, and on failure to do so agrees to forfeit to Owner the attached cash, cashier's check, certified check, U.S. money order, or bid bond, as liquidated damages for such failure, in the following amount constituting five percent (5%) of the Base Bid amount above:
  - 1. \_\_\_\_\_ Dollars (\$\_\_\_\_\_).
- B. In the event Owner does not offer Notice of Award within the time limits stated above, Owner will return to the undersigned the cash, cashier's check, certified check, U.S. money order, or bid bond.

### 1.4 SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS

- A. The following companies shall execute subcontracts for the portions of the Work indicated:
  - 1. Concrete Work: Masonry Work: \_\_\_\_\_\_. 2. 3. Roofing Work: \_\_\_\_\_\_. Plumbing Work: \_\_\_\_\_\_. 4. 5. HVAC Work: \_\_\_\_\_\_. Electrical Work: 6. 7. Paint Work:\_\_\_\_\_ 8. Stucco Work: Glass and Glazing Work: \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Doors and Hardware: \_\_\_\_\_ 10. 11. Flooring Work:

### 1.5 TIME OF COMPLETION

A. The undersigned Bidder proposes and agrees hereby to commence the Work of the Contract Documents on a date specified in a written Notice to Proceed to be issued by Architect, and shall fully complete the Work within \_\_\_\_\_\_ calendar days.

### 1.6 ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF ADDENDA

- A. The undersigned Bidder acknowledges receipt of and use of the following Addenda in the preparation of this Bid:
  - 1. Addendum No. 1, dated \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 2. Addendum No. 2, dated \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 3. Addendum No. 3, dated \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 4. Addendum No. 4, dated \_\_\_\_\_\_.

### 1.7 BID SUPPLEMENTS

- A. The following supplements are a part of this Bid Form and are attached hereto.
  - 1. Bid Form Supplement Allowances.
  - 2. Bid Form Supplement Bid Bond Form (AIA Document A310-2010).

### 1.8 SUBMISSION OF BID

- A. Respectfully submitted this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2022.
- B. Submitted By:\_\_\_\_\_(Name of bidding firm or corporation).

END OF DOCUMENT 004113

C.	Authorized Signature:	(Handwritten signature).
D.	Signed By:	(Type or print name).
E.	Title:	(Owner/Partner/President/Vice President).
F.	Street Address:	
G.	City, State, Zip:	
H.	Phone:	
I.	Federal ID No.:	(Affix Corporate Seal Here).

004113 - 3

### DOCUMENT 004313 - BID SECURITY FORMS

### 1.1 BID FORM SUPPLEMENT

A. A completed bid bond form is required to be attached to the Bid Form.

### 1.2 BID BOND FORM

- A. AIA Document A312-2010 "Bid Bond" is the recommended form for a bid bond. A bid bond acceptable to Owner, or other bid security as described in the Instructions to Bidders, is required to be attached to the Bid Form as a supplement.
- B. <u>Copies of AIA standard forms may be obtained from The American Institute of Architects; https:</u> //www.aiacontracts.org/; email

### SECTION 011000 - SUMMARY

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Project information.
  - 2. Work covered by Contract Documents.
  - 3. Phased construction.
  - 4. Work under Owner's separate contracts.
  - 5. Owner-furnished/Contractor-installed (OFCI) products.
  - 6. Contractor's use of site and premises.
  - 7. Coordination with occupants.
  - 8. Work restrictions.
  - 9. Specification and Drawing conventions.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for limitations and procedures governing temporary use of Owner's facilities.

#### 1.2 PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. Project Identification: Spindletop Silsbee .
  - 1. Project Location: 222 Durdin, Silsbee, Texas .
- B. Owner: Spindletop Center .
  - 1. Owner's Representative: Wayne Hill .
- C. Architect: Architectural Alliance Incorporated .
  - 1. Architect's Representative: Ronald M. Jones, AIA 409 866-7196 rjones@architect-aia.com
- D. Architect's Consultants: Architect has retained the following design professionals, who have prepared designated portions of the Contract Documents:
  - Structural Engineer : Fittz & Shipman Consulting Engineers, Inc. .
     a. MEP Engineer: M&E Consulting

### 1.3 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

A. The Work of Project is defined by the Contract Documents and consists of the following:

- 1. Renovation of existing structure, with new addition on front. All wood framed construction. New addition has metal standing seam roof, stucco exterior walls with cultured store wainscot, aluminum insulated windows, VRF HVAC System, new electrical service, parking lot lighting and pavement patching, and other Work indicated in the Contract Documents.
- B. Type of Contract:
  - 1. Project will be constructed under a single prime contract.

### 1.4 CONTRACTOR'S USE OF SITE AND PREMISES

- A. Unrestricted Use of Site: Contractor shall have full use of Project site for construction operations during construction period. Contractor's use of Project site is limited only by Owner's right to perform work or to retain other contractors on portions of Project.
- B. Condition of Existing Building: Maintain portions of existing building affected by construction operations in a weathertight condition throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations.
- C. Condition of Existing Grounds: Maintain portions of existing grounds, landscaping, and hardscaping affected by construction operations throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations.

### 1.5 WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Comply with restrictions on construction operations.
  - 1. Comply with limitations on use of public streets, work on public streets, rights of way, and other requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

### 1.6 SPECIFICATION AND DRAWING CONVENTIONS

- A. Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:
  - 1. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. The words "shall," "shall be," or "shall comply with," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.
  - 2. Text Color: Text used in the Specifications, including units of measure, manufacturer and product names, and other text may appear in multiple colors or underlined as part of a hyperlink; no emphasis is implied by text with these characteristics.
  - 3. Hypertext: Text used in the Specifications may contain hyperlinks. Hyperlinks may allow for access to linked information that is not residing in the Specifications. Unless otherwise indicated, linked information is not part of the Contract Documents.
  - 4. Specification requirements are to be performed by Contractor unless specifically stated otherwise.

- B. Division 00 Contracting Requirements: General provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, apply to all Sections of the Specifications.
- C. Division 01 General Requirements: Requirements of Sections in Division 01 apply to the Work of all Sections in the Specifications.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 011000

### SECTION 012100 - ALLOWANCES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing allowances.
- B. Types of allowances include the following:
  - 1. Lump-sum allowances.
  - 2. Unit-cost allowances.
  - 3. Contingency allowances.

### 1.2 SELECTION AND PURCHASE

- A. At the earliest practical date after award of the Contract, advise Architect of the date when final selection, or purchase and delivery, of each product or system described by an allowance must be completed by the Owner to avoid delaying the Work.
- B. At Architect's request, obtain proposals for each allowance for use in making final selections. Include recommendations that are relevant to performing the Work.
- C. Purchase products and systems selected by Architect from the designated supplier.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Submit proposals for purchase of products or systems included in allowances in the form specified for Change Orders.

### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit invoices or delivery slips to show actual quantities of materials delivered to the site for use in fulfillment of each allowance.
- B. Submit time sheets and other documentation to show labor time and cost for installation of allowance items that include installation as part of the allowance.
- C. Coordinate and process submittals for allowance items in same manner as for other portions of the Work.

### 1.5 LUMP-SUM ALLOWANCES

A. Allowance shall include cost to Contractor of specific products and materials ordered by Owner or selected by Architect under allowance and shall include freight [,] and delivery to Project site.

B. Unless otherwise indicated, Contractor's costs for receiving and handling at Project site, labor, installation, overhead and profit, and similar costs related to products and materials ordered by Owner or selected by Architect under allowance shall be included as part of the Contract Sum and not part of the allowance.

## 1.6 UNIT-COST ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowance shall include cost to Contractor of specific products and materials ordered by Owner or selected by Architect under allowance and shall include freight [,] and delivery to Project site.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated, Contractor's costs for receiving and handling at Project site, labor, installation, overhead and profit, and similar costs related to products and materials ordered by Owner or selected by Architect under allowance shall be included as part of the Contract Sum and not part of the allowance.

# 1.7 QUANTITY ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowance shall include cost to Contractor of specific products and materials ordered by Owner or selected by Architect under allowance and shall include freight [,] and delivery to Project site.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated, Contractor's costs for receiving and handling at Project site, labor, installation, overhead and profit, and similar costs related to products and materials ordered by Owner or selected by Architect under allowance shall be included as part of the Contract Sum and not part of the allowance.

## 1.8 CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCES

- A. Use the contingency allowance only as directed by Architect for Owner's purposes and only by Change Orders that indicate amounts to be charged to the allowance.
- B. Contractor's overhead, profit, andrelated costs for products and equipment ordered by Owner under the contingency allowance are **NOT** included in the allowance and are part of the Contract Sum. These costs include delivery, installation, insurance, equipment rental, and similar costs.
- C. Change Orders authorizing use of funds from the contingency allowance will **NOT** include Contractor's related costs and reasonable overhead and profit.
- D. Contractor shall add overhead, profit and related costs associated with all allowances in the Base contract price. Allowance is the Net Price received from a material supplier or subcontractor.
- E. At Project closeout, credit unused amounts remaining in the contingency allowance to Owner by Change Order.

## 1.9 ADJUSTMENT OF ALLOWANCES

A. Allowance Adjustment: To adjust allowance amounts, prepare a Change Order proposal based on the difference between purchase amount and the allowance, multiplied by final measurement of

work-in-place where applicable. If applicable, include reasonable allowances for cutting losses, tolerances, mixing wastes, normal product imperfections, and similar margins.

- 1. Include installation costs in purchase amount only where indicated as part of the allowance.
- 2. If requested, prepare explanation and documentation to substantiate distribution of overhead costs and other markups.
- 3. Submit substantiation of a change in scope of Work, if any, claimed in Change Orders related to unit-cost allowances.
- 4. Owner reserves the right to establish the quantity of work-in-place by independent quantity survey, measure, or count.
- B. Submit claims for increased costs because of a change in scope or nature of the allowance described in the Contract Documents, whether for the purchase order amount or Contractor's handling, labor, installation, overhead, and profit.
  - 1. Do not include Contractor's or subcontractor's indirect expense in the Change Order cost amount unless it is clearly shown that the nature or extent of Work has changed from what could have been foreseen from information in the Contract Documents.
  - 2. No change to Contractor's indirect expense is permitted for selection of higher- or lowerpriced materials or systems of the same scope and nature as originally indicated.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine products covered by an allowance promptly on delivery for damage or defects. Return damaged or defective products to manufacturer for replacement.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Coordinate materials and their installation for each allowance with related materials and installations to ensure that each allowance item is completely integrated and interfaced with related work.

#### 3.3 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowance No. 1: Contingency Allowance: Include a contingency allowance of \$75,000.00 for use according to Owner's written instructions.
- B. Allowance No. 2: Materials Cost Allowance: Include \$33/sy FOB jobsite for wallcovering / mural in Reception 101 as indicated on drawings. Include installation labor, wall sealer, adhesives, or any other items required for a complete installation in the Base Bid.

- C. Allowance No. 3 : Lump-Sum Allowance: Include the sum of \$25,000.00 for landscaping .,as specified in Section ".
  - 1. This allowance includes material cost receiving, handling, and installation .

## SECTION 012500 - SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for substitutions.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Document 002600 "Procurement Substitution Procedures" for requirements for substitution requests prior to award of Contract.
  - 2. Section 016000 "Product Requirements" for requirements for submitting comparable product submittals for products by listed manufacturers.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Substitutions: Changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction from those required by the Contract Documents and proposed by Contractor.
  - 1. Substitutions for Cause: Changes proposed by Contractor that are required due to changed Project conditions, such as unavailability of product, regulatory changes, or unavailability of required warranty terms.
  - 2. Substitutions for Convenience: Changes proposed by Contractor or Owner that are not required in order to meet other Project requirements but may offer advantage to Contractor or Owner.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Substitution Requests: Submit three copies of each request for consideration. Identify product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.
  - 1. Substitution Request Form: Use form acceptable to Architect.
  - 2. Documentation: Show compliance with requirements for substitutions and the following, as applicable:
    - a. Statement indicating why specified product or fabrication or installation method cannot be provided, if applicable.
    - b. Coordination of information, including a list of changes or revisions needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by Owner and separate contractors that will be necessary to accommodate proposed substitution.
    - c. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed substitutions with those of the Work specified. Include annotated copy of applicable Specification Section. Significant qualities may include attributes, such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, sustainable design characteristics, warranties, and specific

features and requirements indicated. Indicate deviations, if any, from the Work specified.

- d. Product Data, including drawings and descriptions of products and fabrication and installation procedures.
- e. Samples, where applicable or requested.
- f. Certificates and qualification data, where applicable or requested.
- g. List of similar installations for completed projects, with project names and addresses as well as names and addresses of architects and owners.
- h. Material test reports from a qualified testing agency, indicating and interpreting test results for compliance with requirements indicated.
- i. Research reports evidencing compliance with building code in effect for Project, from ICC-ES .
- j. Detailed comparison of Contractor's construction schedule using proposed substitutions with products specified for the Work, including effect on the overall Contract Time. If specified product or method of construction cannot be provided within the Contract Time, include letter from manufacturer, on manufacturer's letterhead, stating date of receipt of purchase order, lack of availability, or delays in delivery.
- k. Cost information, including a proposal of change, if any, in the Contract Sum.
- 1. Contractor's certification that proposed substitution complies with requirements in the Contract Documents, except as indicated in substitution request, is compatible with related materials and is appropriate for applications indicated.
- m. Contractor's waiver of rights to additional payment or time that may subsequently become necessary because of failure of proposed substitution to produce indicated results.
- 3. Architect's Action: If necessary, Architect will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within seven days of receipt of a request for substitution. Architect will notify Contractor of acceptance or rejection of proposed substitution within 15 days of receipt of request, or seven days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.
  - a. Forms of Acceptance: Change Order, Construction Change Directive, or Architect's Supplemental Instructions for minor changes in the Work.
  - b. Use product specified if Architect does not issue a decision on use of a proposed substitution within time allocated.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Compatibility of Substitutions: Investigate and document compatibility of proposed substitution with related products and materials. Engage a qualified testing agency to perform compatibility tests recommended by manufacturers.

## 1.5 PROCEDURES

A. Coordination: Revise or adjust affected work as necessary to integrate work of the approved substitutions.

## 1.6 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Substitutions for Cause: Submit requests for substitution immediately on discovery of need for change, but not later than 15 days prior to time required for preparation and review of related submittals.
  - 1. Conditions: Architect will consider Contractor's request for substitution when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied, Architect will return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:
    - a. Requested substitution is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce indicated results.
    - b. Substitution request is fully documented and properly submitted.
    - c. Requested substitution will not adversely affect Contractor's construction schedule.
    - d. Requested substitution has received necessary approvals of authorities having jurisdiction.
    - e. Requested substitution is compatible with other portions of the Work.
    - f. Requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work.
    - g. Requested substitution provides specified warranty.
    - h. If requested substitution involves more than one contractor, requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work, is uniform and consistent, is compatible with other products, and is acceptable to all contractors involved.
- B. Substitutions for Convenience: Architect will consider requests for substitution if received within 30 days after the Notice to Proceed . Requests received after that time may be considered or rejected at discretion of Architect.
  - 1. Conditions: Architect will consider Contractor's request for substitution when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied, Architect will return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:
    - a. Requested substitution offers Owner a substantial advantage in cost, time, energy conservation, or other considerations, after deducting additional responsibilities Owner must assume. Owner's additional responsibilities may include compensation to Architect for redesign and evaluation services, increased cost of other construction by Owner, and similar considerations.
    - b. Requested substitution does not require extensive revisions to the Contract Documents.
    - c. Requested substitution is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce indicated results.
    - d. Substitution request is fully documented and properly submitted.
    - e. Requested substitution will not adversely affect Contractor's construction schedule.
    - f. Requested substitution has received necessary approvals of authorities having jurisdiction.
    - g. Requested substitution is compatible with other portions of the Work.
    - h. Requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work.
    - i. Requested substitution provides specified warranty.
    - j. If requested substitution involves more than one contractor, requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work, is uniform and consistent, is compatible with other products, and is acceptable to all contractors involved.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

## SECTION 012900 - PAYMENT PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements necessary to prepare and process Applications for Payment.

#### 1.2 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate preparation of the schedule of values with preparation of Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 1. Coordinate line items in the schedule of values with items required to be indicated as separate activities in Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 2. Submit the schedule of values to Architect at earliest possible date, but no later than seven days before the date scheduled for submittal of initial Applications for Payment.
- B. Format and Content: Use Project Manual table of contents as a guide to establish line items for the schedule of values. Provide at least one line item for each Specification Section.
  - 1. Arrange schedule of values consistent with format of AIA Document G703.
  - 2. Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum in enough detail to facilitate continued evaluation of Applications for Payment and progress reports. Provide multiple line items for principal subcontract amounts in excess of five percent of the Contract Sum.
  - 3. Provide a separate line item in the schedule of values for each part of the Work where Applications for Payment may include materials or equipment purchased or fabricated and stored, but not yet installed.
    - a. Differentiate between items stored on-site and items stored off-site.
  - 4. Allowances: Provide a separate line item in the schedule of values for each allowance. Show line-item value of unit-cost allowances, as a product of the unit cost, multiplied by measured quantity. Use information indicated in the Contract Documents to determine quantities.
  - 5. Overhead Costs: Include total cost and proportionate share of general overhead and profit for each line item.
  - 6. Overhead Costs: Show cost of temporary facilities and other major cost items that are not direct cost of actual work-in-place as separate line items.
  - 7. Closeout Costs. Include separate line items under Contractor and principal subcontracts for Project closeout requirements in an amount totaling five percent of the Contract Sum and subcontract amount.
  - 8. Schedule of Values Revisions: Revise the schedule of values when Change Orders or Construction Change Directives result in a change in the Contract Sum. Include at least one separate line item for each Change Order and Construction Change Directive.

## 1.3 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

- A. Each Application for Payment following the initial Application for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications and payments as certified by Architect and paid for by Owner.
- B. Payment Application Times: The date for each progress payment is indicated in the Agreement between Owner and Contractor. The period of construction work covered by each Application for Payment is the period indicated in the Agreement.
- C. Payment Application Times: Submit Application for Payment to Architect by the seventh day of the month. The period covered by each Application for Payment is one month, ending on the last day of the month .
- D. Application for Payment Forms: Use AIA Document G702 and AIA Document G703 [EJCDC Document C-620] as form for Applications for Payment.
- E. Application Preparation: Complete every entry on form. Notarize and execute by a person authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of Contractor. Architect will return incomplete applications without action.
  - 1. Entries shall match data on the schedule of values and Contractor's construction schedule. Use updated schedules if revisions were made.
  - 2. Include amounts for work completed following previous Application for Payment, whether or not payment has been received. Include only amounts for work completed at time of Application for Payment.
  - 3. Include amounts of Change Orders and Construction Change Directives issued before last day of construction period covered by application.
- F. Transmittal: Submit one signed and notarized electronic PDF copy of each Application for Payment to Architect by a method ensuring receipt within 24 hours. Each application shall include waivers of lien and similar attachments.
  - 1. Transmit each copy with a transmittal form listing attachments and recording appropriate information about application.
- G. Waivers of Mechanic's Lien: With each Application for Payment, submit waivers of mechanic's lien from subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, and suppliers for construction period covered by the previous application.
  - 1. Submit partial waivers on each item for amount requested in previous application, after deduction for retainage, on each item.
  - 2. When an application shows completion of an item, submit conditional final or full waivers.
  - 3. Owner reserves the right to designate which entities involved in the Work must submit waivers.
  - 4. Submit final Application for Payment with or preceded by conditional final waivers from every entity involved with performance of the Work covered by the application who is lawfully entitled to a lien.
  - 5. Waiver Forms: Submit executed waivers of lien on forms acceptable to Owner.
- H. Initial Application for Payment: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of first Application for Payment include the following:

- 1. List of subcontractors.
- 2. Schedule of values.
- 3. Contractor's construction schedule (preliminary if not final).
- 4. Products list (preliminary if not final).
- 5. Schedule of unit prices.
- 6. Submittal schedule (preliminary if not final).
- 7. List of Contractor's staff assignments.
- 8. List of Contractor's principal consultants.
- 9. Copies of building permits.
- 10. Copies of authorizations and licenses from authorities having jurisdiction for performance of the Work.
- 11. Initial progress report.
- 12. Report of preconstruction conference.
- I. Application for Payment at Substantial Completion: After Architect issues the Certificate of Substantial Completion, submit an Application for Payment showing 100 percent completion for portion of the Work claimed as substantially complete.
  - 1. Include documentation supporting claim that the Work is substantially complete and a statement showing an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
  - 2. This application shall reflect Certificate(s) of Substantial Completion issued previously for Owner occupancy of designated portions of the Work.
- J. Final Payment Application: After completing Project closeout requirements, submit final Application for Payment with releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted, including, but not limited, to the following:
  - 1. Evidence of completion of Project closeout requirements.
  - 2. Insurance certificates for products and completed operations where required and proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations were paid.
  - 3. Updated final statement, accounting for final changes to the Contract Sum.
  - 4. AIA Document G706.
  - 5. AIA Document G706A.
  - 6. AIA Document G707.
  - 7. Evidence that claims have been settled.
  - 8. Final meter readings for utilities, a measured record of stored fuel, and similar data as of date of Substantial Completion or when Owner took possession of and assumed responsibility for corresponding elements of the Work.
  - 9. Final liquidated damages settlement statement.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

## PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

# SECTION 013200 - CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS DOCUMENTATION

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for documenting the progress of construction during performance of the Work, including the following:
  - 1. Contractor's Construction Schedule.
  - 2. Construction schedule updating reports.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Activity: A discrete part of a project that can be identified for planning, scheduling, monitoring, and controlling the construction Project. Activities included in a construction schedule consume time and resources.
  - 1. Critical Activity: An activity on the critical path that must start and finish on the planned early start and finish times.
  - 2. Predecessor Activity: An activity that precedes another activity in the network.
  - 3. Successor Activity: An activity that follows another activity in the network.
- B. CPM: Critical path method, which is a method of planning and scheduling a construction project where activities are arranged based on activity relationships. Network calculations determine when activities can be performed and the critical path of Project.
- C. Critical Path: The longest connected chain of interdependent activities through the network schedule that establishes the minimum overall Project duration and contains no float.
- D. Event: The starting or ending point of an activity.
- E. Float: The measure of leeway in starting and completing an activity.
  - 1. Float time is not for the exclusive use or benefit of either Owner or Contractor, but is a jointly owned, expiring Project resource available to both parties as needed to meet schedule milestones and Contract completion date.
  - 2. Free float is the amount of time an activity can be delayed without adversely affecting the early start of the successor activity.
  - 3. Total float is the measure of leeway in starting or completing an activity without adversely affecting the planned Project completion date.

# 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Format for Submittals: Submit required submittals in the following format:

- 1. Working electronic copy of schedule file.
- 2. PDF file.
- B. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Initial schedule, of size required to display entire schedule for entire construction period.
  - 1. Submit a working digital copy of schedule, using software indicated, and labeled to comply with requirements for submittals.
- C. CPM Reports: Concurrent with CPM schedule, submit each of the following reports. Format for each activity in reports shall contain activity number, activity description, original duration, remaining duration, early start date, early finish date, late start date, late finish date, and total float in calendar days.
  - 1. Activity Report: List of activities sorted by activity number and then early start date, or actual start date if known.
  - 2. Logic Report: List of preceding and succeeding activities for each activity, sorted in ascending order by activity number and then by early start date, or actual start date if known.
  - 3. Total Float Report: List of activities sorted in ascending order of total float.
- D. Construction Schedule Updating Reports: Submit with Applications for Payment.

## 1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate Contractor's Construction Schedule with the schedule of values, list of subcontracts, submittal schedule, progress reports, payment requests, and other required schedules and reports.
  - 1. Secure time commitments for performing critical elements of the Work from entities involved.
  - 2. Coordinate each construction activity in the network with other activities and schedule them in proper sequence.

## 1.5 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

- A. Computer Scheduling Software: Prepare schedules using current version of a program that has been developed specifically to manage construction schedules.
- B. Time Frame: Extend schedule from date established for the Notice to Proceed to date of final completion.
  - 1. Contract completion date shall not be changed by submission of a schedule that shows an early completion date, unless specifically authorized by Change Order.
- C. Constraints: Include constraints and work restrictions indicated in the Contract Documents and as follows in schedule, and show how the sequence of the Work is affected.
  - 1. Phasing: Arrange list of activities on schedule by phase.

- 2. Owner-Furnished Products: Include a separate activity for each product. Include delivery date indicated in Section 011000 "Summary." Delivery dates indicated stipulate the earliest possible delivery date.
- 3. Work Restrictions: Show the effect of the following items on the schedule:
  - a. Coordination with existing construction.
  - b. Provisions for future construction.
  - c. Seasonal variations.
  - d. Environmental control.
- D. Milestones: Include milestones indicated in the Contract Documents in schedule, including, but not limited to, the Notice to Proceed, Substantial Completion, and final completion [.]
  - 1. Temporary enclosure and space conditioning.
- E. Upcoming Work Summary: Prepare summary report indicating activities scheduled to occur or commence prior to submittal of next schedule update. Summarize the following issues:
  - 1. Unresolved issues.
  - 2. Unanswered Requests for Information.
  - 3. Rejected or unreturned submittals.
  - 4. Notations on returned submittals.
  - 5. Pending modifications affecting the Work and the Contract Time.
- F. Contractor's Construction Schedule Updating: At monthly intervals, update schedule to reflect actual construction progress and activities. Issue schedule one week before each regularly scheduled progress meeting.
  - 1. Revise schedule immediately after each meeting or other activity where revisions have been recognized or made. Issue updated schedule concurrently with the report of each such meeting.
  - 2. Include a report with updated schedule that indicates every change, including, but not limited to, changes in logic, durations, actual starts and finishes, and activity durations.
  - 3. As the Work progresses, indicate final completion percentage for each activity.
- G. Recovery Schedule: When periodic update indicates the Work is 14 or more calendar days behind the current approved schedule, submit a separate recovery schedule indicating means by which Contractor intends to regain compliance with the schedule. Indicate changes to working hours, working days, crew sizes, equipment required to achieve compliance, and date by which recovery will be accomplished.
- H. Distribution: Distribute copies of approved schedule to Architect Owner, separate contractors, testing and inspecting agencies, and other parties identified by Contractor with a need-to-know schedule responsibility.
  - 1. Post copies in Project meeting rooms and temporary field offices.
  - 2. When revisions are made, distribute updated schedules to the same parties and post in the same locations. Delete parties from distribution when they have completed their assigned portion of the Work and are no longer involved in performance of construction activities.

## 1.6 GANTT-CHART SCHEDULE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Gantt-Chart Schedule: Submit a comprehensive, fully developed, horizontal, Gantt-chart-type, Contractor's Construction Schedule within 30 days of date established for the Notice to Proceed
- B. Preparation: Indicate each significant construction activity separately. Identify first workday of each week with a continuous vertical line.
  - 1. For construction activities that require three months or longer to complete, indicate an estimated completion percentage in 10 percent increments within time bar.

# 1.7 REPORTS

- A. Daily Construction Reports: Prepare a daily construction report recording the following information concerning events at Project site:
  - 1. List of subcontractors at Project site.
  - 2. List of separate contractors at Project site.
  - 3. Approximate count of personnel at Project site.
  - 4. Equipment at Project site.
  - 5. Material deliveries.
  - 6. High and low temperatures and general weather conditions, including presence of rain or snow.
  - 7. Testing and inspection.
  - 8. Accidents.
  - 9. Meetings and significant decisions.
  - 10. Stoppages, delays, shortages, and losses.
  - 11. Meter readings and similar recordings.
  - 12. Emergency procedures.
  - 13. Orders and requests of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 14. Change Orders received and implemented.
  - 15. Construction Change Directives received and implemented.
  - 16. Services connected and disconnected.
  - 17. Equipment or system tests and startups.
  - 18. Partial completions and occupancies.
  - 19. Substantial Completions authorized.
- B. Site Condition Reports: Immediately on discovery of a difference between site conditions and the Contract Documents, prepare and submit a detailed report. Submit with a Request for Information. Include a detailed description of the differing conditions, together with recommendations for changing the Contract Documents.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

## SECTION 013300 - SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Submittal schedule requirements.
  - 2. Administrative and procedural requirements for submittals.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Action Submittals: Written and graphic information and physical samples that require Architect's responsive action. Action submittals are those submittals indicated in individual Specification Sections as "action submittals."
- B. Informational Submittals: Written and graphic information and physical samples that do not require Architect's responsive action. Submittals may be rejected for not complying with requirements. Informational submittals are those submittals indicated in individual Specification Sections as "informational submittals."

## 1.3 SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE

A. Submittal Schedule: Submit, as an action submittal, a list of submittals, arranged in chronological order by dates required by construction schedule. Include time required for review, ordering, manufacturing, fabrication, and delivery when establishing dates. Include additional time required for making corrections or revisions to submittals noted by Architect and additional time for handling and reviewing submittals required by those corrections.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTAL FORMATS

- A. Submittal Information: Include the following information in each submittal:
  - 1. Project name.
  - 2. Date.
  - 3. Name of Architect.
  - 4. Name of Contractor.
  - 5. Name of firm or entity that prepared submittal.
  - 6. Names of subcontractor, manufacturer, and supplier.
  - 7. Unique submittal number, including revision identifier. Include Specification Section number with sequential alphanumeric identifier; and alphanumeric suffix for resubmittals.
  - 8. Category and type of submittal.
  - 9. Submittal purpose and description.

- 10. Number and title of Specification Section, with paragraph number and generic name for each of multiple items.
- 11. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
- 12. Indication of full or partial submittal.
- 13. Location(s) where product is to be installed, as appropriate.
- 14. Other necessary identification.
- 15. Remarks.
- 16. Signature of transmitter.
- B. Options: Identify options requiring selection by Architect.
- C. Deviations and Additional Information: On each submittal, clearly indicate deviations from requirements in the Contract Documents, including minor variations and limitations; include relevant additional information and revisions, other than those requested by Architect on previous submittals. Indicate by highlighting on each submittal or noting on attached separate sheet.
- D. Paper Submittals:
  - 1. Place a permanent label or title block on each submittal item for identification; include name of firm or entity that prepared submittal.
  - 2. Provide a space approximately 6 by 8 inches on label or beside title block to record Contractor's review and approval markings and action taken by Architect.
  - 3. Action Submittals: Submit three paper copies of each submittal unless otherwise indicated. Architect will return two copies.
  - 4. Informational Submittals: Submit paper copies of each submittal unless otherwise indicated. Architect will not return copies.
  - 5. Transmittal for Submittals: Assemble each submittal individually and appropriately for transmittal and handling.
- E. Electronic Submittals: Prepare submittals as PDF package, incorporating complete information into each PDF file. Name PDF file with submittal number.

## 1.5 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. Prepare and submit submittals required by individual Specification Sections. Types of submittals are indicated in individual Specification Sections.
  - 1. Email: Prepare submittals as PDF package, and transmit to Architect by sending via email. Include PDF transmittal form. Include information in email subject line as requested by Architect.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities.
  - 1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
  - 2. Submit all submittal items required for each Specification Section concurrently unless partial submittals for portions of the Work are indicated on approved submittal schedule.
  - 3. Submit action submittals and informational submittals required by the same Specification Section as separate packages under separate transmittals.

- C. Processing Time: Allow time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals, as follows. Time for review shall commence on Architect's receipt of submittal. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including resubmittals.
  - 1. Initial Review: Allow seven days for initial review of each submittal. Allow additional time if coordination with subsequent submittals is required. Architect will advise Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination.
  - 2. Resubmittal Review: Allow seven days for review of each resubmittal.
- D. Resubmittals: Make resubmittals in same form and number of copies as initial submittal.
- E. Distribution: Furnish copies of final submittals to manufacturers, subcontractors, suppliers, fabricators, installers, authorities having jurisdiction, and others as necessary for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
- F. Use for Construction: Retain complete copies of submittals on Project site. Use only final action submittals that are marked with approval notation from Architect's action stamp.

# 1.6 SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Product Data: Collect information into a single submittal for each element of construction and type of product or equipment.
  - 1. If information must be specially prepared for submittal because standard published data are unsuitable for use, submit as Shop Drawings, not as Product Data.
  - 2. Mark each copy of each submittal to show which products and options are applicable.
  - 3. Include the following information, as applicable:
    - a. Manufacturer's catalog cuts.
    - b. Manufacturer's product specifications.
    - c. Standard color charts.
    - d. Statement of compliance with specified referenced standards.
    - e. Testing by recognized testing agency.
    - f. Application of testing agency labels and seals.
    - g. Notation of coordination requirements.
    - h. Availability and delivery time information.
  - 4. For equipment, include the following in addition to the above, as applicable:
    - a. Wiring diagrams that show factory-installed wiring.
      - b. Printed performance curves.
      - c. Operational range diagrams.
      - d. Clearances required to other construction, if not indicated on accompanying Shop Drawings.
  - 5. Submit Product Data before Shop Drawings, and before or concurrent with Samples.
- B. Shop Drawings: Prepare Project-specific information, drawn accurately to scale. Do not base Shop Drawings on reproductions of the Contract Documents or standard printed data.
  - 1. Preparation: Fully illustrate requirements in the Contract Documents. Include the following information, as applicable:
    - a. Identification of products.

- b. Schedules.
- c. Compliance with specified standards.
- d. Notation of coordination requirements.
- e. Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
- f. Relationship and attachment to adjoining construction clearly indicated.
- g. Seal and signature of professional engineer if specified.
- 2. Paper Sheet Size: Except for templates, patterns, and similar full-size Drawings, submit Shop Drawings on sheets at least 8-1/2 by 11 inches, but no larger than 30 by 42 inches.
  - a. Two opaque (bond) copies of each submittal. Architect will return one copy.
- C. Samples: Submit Samples for review of kind, color, pattern, and texture for a check of these characteristics with other materials.
  - 1. Transmit Samples that contain multiple, related components such as accessories together in one submittal package.
  - 2. Identification: Permanently attach label on unexposed side of Samples that includes the following:
    - a. Project name and submittal number.
    - b. Generic description of Sample.
    - c. Product name and name of manufacturer.
    - d. Sample source.
    - e. Number and title of applicable Specification Section.
    - f. Specification paragraph number and generic name of each item.
  - 3. Email Transmittal: Provide PDF transmittal. Include digital image file illustrating Sample characteristics, and identification information for record.
  - 4. Samples for Initial Selection: Submit manufacturer's color charts consisting of units or sections of units showing the full range of colors, textures, and patterns available.
    - a. Number of Samples: Submit one full set(s) of available choices where color, pattern, texture, or similar characteristics are required to be selected from manufacturer's product line. Architect will return submittal with options selected.
  - 5. Samples for Verification: Submit full-size units or Samples of size indicated, prepared from same material to be used for the Work, cured and finished in manner specified, and physically identical with material or product proposed for use, and that show full range of color and texture variations expected. Samples include, but are not limited to, the following: partial sections of manufactured or fabricated components; small cuts or containers of materials; complete units of repetitively used materials; swatches showing color, texture, and pattern; color range sets; and components used for independent testing and inspection.
    - a. Number of Samples: Submit three sets of Samples. Architect will retain two Sample sets; remainder will be returned. Mark up and retain one returned Sample set as a project record Sample.
      - 1) Submit a single Sample where assembly details, workmanship, fabrication techniques, connections, operation, and other similar characteristics are to be demonstrated.
      - 2) If variation in color, pattern, texture, or other characteristic is inherent in material or product represented by a Sample, submit at least three sets of paired units that show approximate limits of variations.
- D. Product Schedule: As required in individual Specification Sections, prepare a written summary indicating types of products required for the Work and their intended location. Include the following information in tabular form:

- E. Qualification Data: Prepare written information that demonstrates capabilities and experience of firm or person. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, contact information of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- F. Design Data: Prepare and submit written and graphic information indicating compliance with indicated performance and design criteria in individual Specification Sections. Include list of assumptions and summary of loads. Include load diagrams if applicable. Provide name and version of software, if any, used for calculations. Number each page of submittal.
- G. Certificates:
  - 1. Certificates and Certifications Submittals: Submit a statement that includes signature of entity responsible for preparing certification. Certificates and certifications shall be signed by an officer or other individual authorized to sign documents on behalf of that entity. Provide a notarized signature where indicated.
  - 2. Installer Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that Installer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents and, where required, is authorized by manufacturer for this specific Project.
  - 3. Manufacturer Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Include evidence of manufacturing experience where required.
  - 4. Material Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that material complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.
  - 5. Product Certificates: Submit written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that product complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.
  - 6. Welding Certificates: Prepare written certification that welding procedures and personnel comply with requirements in the Contract Documents. Submit record of Welding Procedure Specification and Procedure Qualification Record on AWS forms. Include names of firms and personnel certified.
- H. Test and Research Reports:
  - 1. Compatibility Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of compatibility tests performed before installation of product. Include written recommendations for substrate preparation and primers required.
  - 2. Field Test Reports: Submit written reports indicating and interpreting results of field tests performed either during installation of product or after product is installed in its final location, for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.
  - 3. Material Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting test results of material for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.
  - 4. Preconstruction Test Reports: Submit reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of tests performed before installation of product, for compliance with performance requirements in the Contract Documents.
  - 5. Product Test Reports: Submit written reports indicating that current product produced by manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Base reports on evaluation of tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, or on comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

- 6. Research Reports: Submit written evidence, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, that product complies with building code in effect for Project. Include the following information:
  - a. Name of evaluation organization.
  - b. Date of evaluation.
  - c. Time period when report is in effect.
  - d. Product and manufacturers' names.
  - e. Description of product.
  - f. Test procedures and results.
  - g. Limitations of use.

## 1.7 DELEGATED-DESIGN SERVICES

- A. Performance and Design Criteria: Where professional design services or certifications by a design professional are specifically required of Contractor by the Contract Documents, provide products and systems complying with specific performance and design criteria indicated.
  - 1. If criteria indicated are insufficient to perform services or certification required, submit a written request for additional information to Architect.
- B. Delegated-Design Services Certification: In addition to Shop Drawings, Product Data, and other required submittals, submit digitally signed PDF file paper copies of certificate, signed and sealed by the responsible design professional, for each product and system specifically assigned to Contractor to be designed or certified by a design professional.
  - 1. Indicate that products and systems comply with performance and design criteria in the Contract Documents. Include list of codes, loads, and other factors used in performing these services.

## 1.8 CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW

- A. Action Submittals and Informational Submittals: Review each submittal and check for coordination with other Work of the Contract and for compliance with the Contract Documents. Note corrections and field dimensions. Mark with approval stamp before submitting to Architect.
- B. Contractor's Approval: Indicate Contractor's approval for each submittal with a uniform approval stamp . Include name of reviewer, date of Contractor's approval, and statement certifying that submittal has been reviewed, checked, and approved for compliance with the Contract Documents.
  - 1. Architect will not review submittals received from Contractor that do not have Contractor's review and approval.

## 1.9 ARCHITECT'S REVIEW

A. Action Submittals: Architect will review each submittal, indicate corrections or revisions required , and return it.

- 1. PDF Submittals: Architect will indicate, via markup on each submittal, the appropriate action [.]
- 2. Paper Submittals: Architect will stamp each submittal with an action stamp and will mark stamp appropriately to indicate action [.]
- B. Informational Submittals: Architect will review each submittal and will not return it, or will return it if it does not comply with requirements. Architect will forward each submittal to appropriate party.
- C. Partial submittals prepared for a portion of the Work will be reviewed when use of partial submittals has received prior approval from Architect.
- D. Incomplete submittals are unacceptable, will be considered nonresponsive, and will be returned for resubmittal without review.
- E. Architect will discard submittals received from sources other than Contractor.
- F. Submittals not required by the Contract Documents will be returned by Architect without action.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

## SECTION 014339 - MOCKUPS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Integrated exterior mockups.
  - 2. Room mockups.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Integrated Exterior Mockups: Mockups of the exterior envelope constructed on-site as part of permanent construction, consisting of multiple products, assemblies, and subassemblies.
- B. Room Mockups: Mockups of typical interior spaces complete with wall, floor, and ceiling finishes; doors; windows; millwork; casework; specialties; furnishings and equipment; and lighting as indicated.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Build mockups to do the following:
  - 1. Verify selections made under Sample submittals.
  - 2. Demonstrate aesthetic effects.
  - 3. Demonstrate the qualities of products and workmanship.
  - 4. Demonstrate acceptable coordination between components and systems.
  - 5. Perform preconstruction testing, such as window air- and water-infiltration testing.
- B. Fabrication: Before fabricating or installing portions of the Work requiring mockups, build mockups for each form of construction and finish required. Use materials and installation methods as required for the Work.
  - 1. Build mockups of size indicated.
  - 2. Build mockups in location indicated or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.
  - 3. Employ supervisory personnel who will oversee mockup construction. Employ workers who will be employed to perform same tasks during the construction at Project.
  - 4. Demonstrate the proposed range of aesthetic effects and workmanship.
  - 5. Maintain mockups during construction in an undisturbed condition as a standard for judging the completed Work.
  - 6. Demolish and remove mockups when directed unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Notifications:
  - 1. Notify Architect seven days in advance of the dates and times when mockups will be constructed.

- 2. Notify Architect 14 days in advance of the dates and times when mockups will be tested.
- 3. Allow seven days for initial review and each re-review of each mockup.
- D. Approval: Obtain Architect's approval of mockups before starting fabrication or construction of corresponding Work.
  - 1. Unless otherwise indicated, approved mockups establish the standard by which the Work will be judged.
  - 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

## 1.4 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate schedule for construction of mockups, so construction, testing, and review of mockups do not impact Project schedule.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design support structure for free-standing mockups.
- B. Structural Performance:
  - 1. Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
- C. Mockup Testing Performance Requirements: Perform tests using design pressures and performance criteria indicated for assemblies and products that are specified in other Sections and incorporated into integrated exterior mockups.

# 2.2 INTEGRATED EXTERIOR MOCKUPS

- A. Construct integrated exterior mockups . Construct mockups to demonstrate constructability, coordination of trades, and sequencing of Work; and to ensure materials, components, subassemblies, assemblies, and interfaces integrate into a system complying with indicated performance and aesthetic requirements.
- B. Design and construct foundation and superstructure to support free-standing integrated exterior mockups.
- C. Build integrated exterior mockups using installers and construction methods that will be used in completed construction.

- D. Use specified products that have been approved by the Architect. Coordinate installation of materials and products specified in individual Specification Sections that include Work included in integrated exterior mockups.
- E. The Work of integrated exterior mockups includes, but is not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Masonry veneer.
  - 2. Stone cladding.
  - 3. Cold-formed metal framing and sheathing.
  - 4. Air and weather barriers.
  - 5. Thermal insulation.
  - 6. Through-wall flashing.
  - 7. Flashing and sheet metal trim.
  - 8. Joint sealants.
  - 9. Metal wall panels.
  - 10. Aluminum-framed entrances and storefront.
  - 11. Glazed curtain walls.
  - 12. Aluminum windows.
  - 13. Glazing.
- F. Photographic Documentation: Document construction of integrated exterior mockups with photographs in accordance with Section 013233 "Photographic Documentation." Provide photographs showing details of interface of different materials and assemblies.
  - 1. Document testing procedures, including water leakage and other deficiencies. Photograph modifications to component interfaces intended to correct deficiencies.
- G. Provide and document modifications to construction details and interfaces between components and systems required to properly sequence the Work, or to pass performance testing requirements. Obtain Architect's approval for modifications.
- H. Retain approved mockups constructed in place. Incorporate fully into the Work.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 TESTING OF INTEGRATED EXTERIOR MOCKUPS

- A. Integrated Exterior Mockup Testing Services: Perform the following tests in the following order:
  - Water-Spray Test: Before installation of interior finishes has begun, test areas designated by Architect in accordance with AAMA 501.2 for evidence of water penetration.
     a. Perform a minimum of two tests in areas as directed by Architect.
  - 2. Air Leakage: Test in accordance with ASTM E783 at 1.5 times the rate specified in "Mockup Testing Performance Requirements" Paragraph in "Performance Requirements" Article, but not more than 0.09 cfm/sq. ft. at a static-air-pressure differential of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft..
    - a. Perform a minimum of two tests in areas as directed by Architect.
  - 3. Water Penetration: Test in accordance with ASTM E1105 at a minimum uniform and cyclic static-air-pressure differential of 0.67 times the static-air-pressure differential

specified for laboratory testing in "Mockup Testing Performance Requirements" Paragraph in "Performance Requirements" Article, but not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft., and verify no evidence of water penetration.

- B. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and installations, including connections, and also to observe testing for the following systems and assemblies.
  - 1. Curtain wall specified in Section 084413 "Glazed Aluminum Curtain Walls."
- C. Integrated exterior mockup will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

# SECTION 015000 - TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes requirements for temporary utilities, support facilities, and security and protection facilities.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 011000 "Summary" for work restrictions and limitations on utility interruptions.

#### 1.2 USE CHARGES

- A. Installation, removal, and use charges for temporary facilities shall be included in the Contract Sum unless otherwise indicated. Allow other entities engaged in the Project to use temporary services and facilities without cost, including, but not limited to, Owner's construction forces, Architect, testing agencies, and authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Water and Sewer Service from Existing System: Water from Owner's existing water system is available for use with metering. Provide connections and extensions of services and metering as required for construction operations.
- C. Electric Power Service from Existing System: Electric power from Owner's existing system is available for use with metering. Provide connections and extensions of services and metering as required for construction operations.

# 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Site Utilization Plan: Show temporary facilities, temporary utility lines and connections, staging areas, construction site entrances, vehicle circulation, and parking areas for construction personnel.
- B. Project Identification and Temporary Signs: Show fabrication and installation details, including plans, elevations, details, layouts, typestyles, graphic elements, and message content.
- C. Fire-Safety Program: Show compliance with requirements of NFPA 241 and authorities having jurisdiction. Indicate Contractor personnel responsible for management of fire-prevention program.
- D. Moisture- and Mold-Protection Plan: Describe procedures and controls for protecting materials and construction from water absorption and damage and mold. Describe delivery, handling, storage, installation, and protection provisions for materials subject to water absorption or water damage.

- 1. Indicate procedures for discarding water-damaged materials, protocols for mitigating water intrusion into completed Work, and requirements for replacing water-damaged Work.
- 2. Indicate sequencing of work that requires water, such as sprayed fire-resistive materials, plastering, and terrazzo grinding, and describe plans for dealing with water from these operations. Show procedures for verifying that wet construction has dried sufficiently to permit installation of finish materials.
- 3. Indicate methods to be used to avoid trapping water in finished work.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electric Service: Comply with NECA, NEMA, and UL standards and regulations for temporary electric service. Install service to comply with NFPA 70.
- B. Tests and Inspections: Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to test and inspect each temporary utility before use. Obtain required certifications and permits.

## 1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Temporary Use of Permanent Facilities: Engage Installer of each permanent service to assume responsibility for operation, maintenance, and protection of each permanent service during its use as a construction facility before Owner's acceptance, regardless of previously assigned responsibilities.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 TEMPORARY FACILITIES

- A. Field Offices: Prefabricated or mobile units with serviceable finishes, temperature controls, and foundations adequate for normal loading.
- B. Common-Use Field Office: Of sufficient size to accommodate needs of Owner, Architect, and construction personnel office activities and to accommodate Project meetings specified in other Division 01 Sections. Keep office clean and orderly. Furnish and equip offices as follows:
  - 1. Furniture required for Project-site documents including file cabinets, plan tables, plan racks, and bookcases.
  - 2. Conference room of sufficient size to accommodate meetings of 10 individuals. Provide electrical power service and 120-V ac duplex receptacles, with no fewer than one receptacle on each wall. Furnish room with conference table, chairs, and 4-foot- square tack and marker boards.
  - 3. Drinking water and private toilet.
  - 4. Heating and cooling equipment necessary to maintain a uniform indoor temperature of 68 to 72 deg F.
  - 5. Lighting fixtures capable of maintaining average illumination of 20 fc at desk height.

# 2.2 EQUIPMENT

- A. Fire Extinguishers: Portable, UL rated; with class and extinguishing agent as required by locations and classes of fire exposures.
- B. HVAC Equipment: Unless Owner authorizes use of permanent HVAC system, provide vented, self-contained, liquid-propane-gas or fuel-oil heaters with individual space thermostatic control.
  - 1. Use of gasoline-burning space heaters, open-flame heaters, or salamander-type heating units is prohibited.
  - 2. Heating, Cooling, and Dehumidifying Units: Listed and labeled for type of fuel being consumed, by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended location and application.
  - 3. Permanent HVAC System: If Owner authorizes use of permanent HVAC system for temporary use during construction, provide filter with MERV of 8 at each return-air grille in system and remove at end of construction [.] and clean HVAC system as required in Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures."
- C. Air-Filtration Units: Primary and secondary HEPA-filter-equipped portable units with four-stage filtration. Provide single switch for emergency shutoff. Configure to run continuously.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 TEMPORARY FACILITIES, GENERAL

- A. Conservation: Coordinate construction and use of temporary facilities with consideration given to conservation of energy, water, and materials. Coordinate use of temporary utilities to minimize waste.
  - 1. Salvage materials and equipment involved in performance of, but not actually incorporated into, the Work. See other Sections for disposition of salvaged materials that are designated as Owner's property.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Locate facilities where they will serve Project adequately and result in minimum interference with performance of the Work. Relocate and modify facilities as required by progress of the Work.
- B. Provide each facility ready for use when needed to avoid delay. Do not remove until facilities are no longer needed or are replaced by authorized use of completed permanent facilities.
- C. Isolation of Work Areas in Occupied Facilities: Prevent dust, fumes, and odors from entering occupied areas.

#### 3.3 TEMPORARY UTILITY INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install temporary service or connect to existing service.
  - 1. Arrange with utility company, Owner, and existing users for time when service can be interrupted, if necessary, to make connections for temporary services.
- B. Sewers and Drainage: Provide temporary utilities to remove effluent lawfully.
  - 1. Connect temporary sewers to municipal system as directed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Water Service: Install water service and distribution piping in sizes and pressures adequate for construction.
- D. Sanitary Facilities: Provide temporary toilets, wash facilities, safety shower and eyewash facilities, and drinking water for use of construction personnel. Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for type, number, location, operation, and maintenance of fixtures and facilities.
- E. Temporary Heating and Cooling: Provide temporary heating and cooling required by construction activities for curing or drying of completed installations or for protecting installed construction from adverse effects of low temperatures or high humidity. Select equipment that will not have a harmful effect on completed installations or elements being installed.
  - 1. Provide temporary dehumidification systems when required to reduce ambient and substrate moisture levels to level required to allow installation or application of finishes and their proper curing or drying.
- F. Electric Power Service: Provide electric power service and distribution system of sufficient size, capacity, and power characteristics required for construction operations.
  - 1. Install electric power service overhead unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Lighting: Provide temporary lighting with local switching that provides adequate illumination for construction operations, observations, inspections, and traffic conditions.
  - 1. Install and operate temporary lighting that fulfills security and protection requirements without operating entire system.

## 3.4 SUPPORT FACILITIES INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with the following:
  - 1. Provide construction for temporary field offices, shops, and sheds located within construction area or within 30 feet of building lines that is noncombustible according to ASTM E136. Comply with NFPA 241.
  - 2. Utilize designated area within existing building for temporary field offices.

- 3. Maintain support facilities until Architect schedules Substantial Completion inspection. Remove before Substantial Completion. Personnel remaining after Substantial Completion will be permitted to use permanent facilities, under conditions acceptable to Owner.
- B. Traffic Controls: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Protect existing site improvements to remain including curbs, pavement, and utilities.
  - 2. Maintain access for fire-fighting equipment and access to fire hydrants.
- C. Parking: Use designated areas of Owner's existing parking areas for construction personnel.
- D. Storage and Staging: Use designated areas of Project site for storage and staging needs.
- E. Dewatering Facilities and Drains: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Maintain Project site, excavations, and construction free of water.
  - 1. Dispose of rainwater in a lawful manner that will not result in flooding Project or adjoining properties or endanger permanent Work or temporary facilities.
  - 2. Remove snow and ice as required to minimize accumulations.
- F. Project Signs: Provide Project signs as indicated. Unauthorized signs are not permitted.
  - 1. Identification Signs: Provide Project identification signs as indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Temporary Signs: Provide other signs as indicated and as required to inform public and individuals seeking entrance to Project.
    - a. Provide temporary, directional signs for construction personnel and visitors.
  - 3. Maintain and touch up signs so they are legible at all times.
- G. Waste Disposal Facilities: Comply with requirements specified in Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- H. Waste Disposal Facilities: Provide waste-collection containers in sizes adequate to handle waste from construction operations. Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Comply with progress cleaning requirements in Section 017300 "Execution."
- I. Lifts and Hoists: Provide facilities necessary for hoisting materials and personnel.
  - 1. Truck cranes and similar devices used for hoisting materials are considered "tools and equipment" and not temporary facilities.

## 3.5 SECURITY AND PROTECTION FACILITIES INSTALLATION

- A. Protection of Existing Facilities: Protect existing vegetation, equipment, structures, utilities, and other improvements at Project site and on adjacent properties, except those indicated to be removed or altered. Repair damage to existing facilities.
  - 1. Where access to adjacent properties is required in order to affect protection of existing facilities, obtain written permission from adjacent property owner to access property for that purpose.

- B. Environmental Protection: Provide protection, operate temporary facilities, and conduct construction as required to comply with environmental regulations and that minimize possible air, waterway, and subsoil contamination or pollution or other undesirable effects.
- C. Temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Control: Comply with requirements of EPA Construction General Permit or authorities having jurisdiction, whichever is more stringent and requirements specified in Section 311000 "Site Clearing."
- D. Temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Control: Provide measures to prevent soil erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff and airborne dust to undisturbed areas and to adjacent properties and walkways, according to requirements of EPA Construction General Permit or authorities having jurisdiction, whichever is more stringent.
  - 1. Verify that flows of water redirected from construction areas or generated by construction activity do not enter or cross tree- or plant-protection zones.
  - 2. Inspect, repair, and maintain erosion- and sedimentation-control measures during construction until permanent vegetation has been established.
  - 3. Clean, repair, and restore adjoining properties and roads affected by erosion and sedimentation from Project site during the course of Project.
  - 4. Remove erosion and sedimentation controls and restore and stabilize areas disturbed during removal.
- E. Stormwater Control: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Provide barriers in and around excavations and subgrade construction to prevent flooding by runoff of stormwater from heavy rains.
- F. Pest Control: Engage pest-control service to recommend practices to minimize attraction and harboring of rodents, roaches, and other pests and to perform extermination and control procedures at regular intervals so Project will be free of pests and their residues at Substantial Completion. Perform control operations lawfully, using materials approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
- G. Site Enclosure Fence: Before construction operations begin, furnish and install site enclosure fence in a manner that will prevent people from easily entering site except by entrance gates.
  - 1. Extent of Fence: As required to enclose entire Project site or portion determined sufficient to accommodate construction operations .
  - 2. Maintain security by limiting number of keys and restricting distribution to authorized personnel. Furnish one set of keys to Owner.
- H. Security Enclosure and Lockup: Install temporary enclosure around partially completed areas of construction. Provide lockable entrances to prevent unauthorized entrance, vandalism, theft, and similar violations of security. Lock entrances at end of each workday.
- I. Barricades, Warning Signs, and Lights: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for erecting structurally adequate barricades, including warning signs and lighting.
- J. Temporary Egress: Provide temporary egress from existing occupied facilities as indicated and as required by authorities having jurisdiction. Provide signage directing occupants to temporary egress.

- K. Temporary Enclosures: Provide temporary enclosures for protection of construction, in progress and completed, from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations, and similar activities. Provide temporary weathertight enclosure for building exterior.
  - 1. Where heating or cooling is needed and permanent enclosure is incomplete, insulate temporary enclosures.
- L. Temporary Partitions: Provide floor-to-ceiling dustproof partitions to limit dust and dirt migration and to separate areas occupied by tenants from fumes and noise.
  - 1. Construct dustproof partitions with gypsum wallboard with joints taped on occupied side, and fire-retardant-treated plywood on construction operations side.
  - 2. Where fire-resistance-rated temporary partitions are indicated or are required by authorities having jurisdiction, construct partitions according to the rated assemblies.
- M. Temporary Fire Protection: Install and maintain temporary fire-protection facilities of types needed to protect against reasonably predictable and controllable fire losses. Comply with NFPA 241; manage fire-prevention program.
  - 1. Prohibit smoking in construction areas. Comply with additional limits on smoking specified in other Sections.
  - 2. Supervise welding operations, combustion-type temporary heating units, and similar sources of fire ignition according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 3. Develop and supervise an overall fire-prevention and -protection program for personnel at Project site. Review needs with local fire department and establish procedures to be followed. Instruct personnel in methods and procedures. Post warnings and information.
  - 4. Provide temporary standpipes and hoses for fire protection. Hang hoses with a warning sign stating that hoses are for fire-protection purposes only and are not to be removed. Match hose size with outlet size and equip with suitable nozzles.

## 3.6 MOISTURE AND MOLD CONTROL

- A. Moisture and Mold Protection: Protect stored materials and installed Work in accordance with Moisture and Mold Protection Plan.
- B. Exposed Construction Period: Before installation of weather barriers, when materials are subject to wetting and exposure and to airborne mold spores, protect as follows:
  - 1. Protect porous materials from water damage.
  - 2. Protect stored and installed material from flowing or standing water.
  - 3. Keep porous and organic materials from coming into prolonged contact with concrete.
  - 4. Remove standing water from decks.
  - 5. Keep deck openings covered or dammed.
- C. Partially Enclosed Construction Period: After installation of weather barriers but before full enclosure and conditioning of building, when installed materials are still subject to infiltration of moisture and ambient mold spores, protect as follows:

- 1. Do not load or install drywall or other porous materials or components, or items with high organic content, into partially enclosed building.
- 2. Keep interior spaces reasonably clean and protected from water damage.
- 3. Periodically collect and remove waste containing cellulose or other organic matter.
- 4. Discard or replace water-damaged material.
- 5. Do not install material that is wet.
- 6. Discard and replace stored or installed material that begins to grow mold.
- 7. Perform work in a sequence that allows wet materials adequate time to dry before enclosing the material in gypsum board or other interior finishes.
- D. Controlled Construction Period: After completing and sealing of the building enclosure but prior to the full operation of permanent HVAC systems, maintain as follows:
  - 1. Control moisture and humidity inside building by maintaining effective dry-in conditions.
  - 2. Use temporary or permanent HVAC system to control humidity within ranges specified for installed and stored materials.
  - 3. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature, relative humidity, and exposure to water limits.

# 3.7 OPERATION, TERMINATION, AND REMOVAL

- A. Supervision: Enforce strict discipline in use of temporary facilities. To minimize waste and abuse, limit availability of temporary facilities to essential and intended uses.
- B. Maintenance: Maintain facilities in good operating condition until removal.
  - 1. Maintain operation of temporary enclosures, heating, cooling, humidity control, ventilation, and similar facilities on a 24-hour basis where required to achieve indicated results and to avoid possibility of damage.
- C. Temporary Facility Changeover: Do not change over from using temporary security and protection facilities to permanent facilities until Substantial Completion.
- D. Termination and Removal: Remove each temporary facility when need for its service has ended, when it has been replaced by authorized use of a permanent facility, or no later than Substantial Completion. Complete or, if necessary, restore permanent construction that may have been delayed because of interference with temporary facility. Repair damaged Work, clean exposed surfaces, and replace construction that cannot be satisfactorily repaired.
  - 1. Materials and facilities that constitute temporary facilities are property of Contractor. Owner reserves right to take possession of Project identification signs.
  - 2. At Substantial Completion, repair, renovate, and clean permanent facilities used during construction period. Comply with final cleaning requirements specified in Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures."

# SECTION 015723 - TEMPORARY STORM WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Temporary stormwater pollution controls.

## 1.2 STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

- A. The Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) is part of the Contract Documents and is bound into this Project Manual.
- B. Contractor is responsible for creating and implementing a SWPP as required by the authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPP): Within 15 days of date established for commencement of the Work, submit completed SWPPP.
- B. EPA authorization under the EPA's "2017 Construction General Permit (CGP)."
- C. Stormwater Pollution Prevention (SWPP) Training Log: For each individual performing Work under the SWPPP.
- D. Inspection reports.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Coordinator: Experienced individual or firm with a record of successful water pollution control management coordination of projects with similar requirements.
  - 1. SWPPP Coordinator shall complete and finalize the SWPPP form.
  - 2. SWPPP Coordinator shall be responsible for inspections and maintaining of all requirements of the SWPPP.
- B. Installers: Trained as indicated in the SWPPP.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 TEMPORARY STORMWATER POLLUTION CONTROLS

A. Provide temporary stormwater pollution controls as required by the SWPPP.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with all best management practices, general requirements, performance requirements, reporting requirements, and all other requirements included in the SWPPP.
- B. Locate stormwater pollution controls in accordance with the SWPPP.
- C. Conduct construction as required to comply with the SWPPP and that minimize possible contamination or pollution or other undesirable effects.
  - 1. Inspect, repair, and maintain SWPPP controls during construction.
    - a. Inspect all SWPPP controls not less than every seven days, and after each occurrence of a storm event, as outlined in the SWPPP.
- D. Remove SWPPP controls at completion of construction and restore and stabilize areas disturbed during construction.

# SECTION 017700 - CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for Contract closeout, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Substantial Completion procedures.
  - 2. Final completion procedures.
  - 3. Warranties.
  - 4. Final cleaning.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data" for additional operation and maintenance manual requirements.
  - 2. Section 017839 "Project Record Documents" for submitting Record Drawings, Record Specifications, and Record Product Data.
  - 3. Section 017900 "Demonstration and Training" for requirements to train the Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain products, equipment, and systems.

# 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of cleaning agent.
- B. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Initial submittal at Substantial Completion.
- C. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Final submittal at Final Completion.

#### 1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Certificates of Release: From authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Certificate of Insurance: For continuing coverage.
- C. Field Report: For pest-control inspection.

#### 1.4 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

A. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Prepare and submit a list of items to be completed and corrected (Contractor's "punch list"), indicating the value of each item on the list and reasons why the Work is incomplete.

- B. Submittals Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following a minimum of 10 days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.
  - 1. Certificates of Release: Obtain and submit releases from authorities having jurisdiction, permitting Owner unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, operating certificates, and similar releases.
  - 2. Submit closeout submittals specified in other Division 01 Sections, including Project Record Documents, operation and maintenance manuals, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information.
  - 3. Submit closeout submittals specified in individual Sections, including specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance service agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.
  - 4. Submit maintenance material submittals specified in individual Sections, including tools, spare parts, extra materials, and similar items, and deliver to location designated by Architect . Label with manufacturer's name and model number.
  - 5. Submit testing, adjusting, and balancing records.
  - 6. Submit changeover information related to Owner's occupancy, use, operation, and maintenance.
- C. Procedures Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following a minimum of 10 days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.
  - 1. Advise Owner of pending insurance changeover requirements.
  - 2. Make final changeover of permanent locks and deliver keys to Owner. Advise Owner's personnel of changeover in security provisions.
  - 3. Complete startup and testing of systems and equipment.
  - 4. Perform preventive maintenance on equipment used prior to Substantial Completion.
  - 5. Instruct Owner's personnel in operation, adjustment, and maintenance of products, equipment, and systems. Submit demonstration and training video recordings specified in Section 017900 "Demonstration and Training."
  - 6. Advise Owner of changeover in utility services.
  - 7. Participate with Owner in conducting inspection and walkthrough with local emergency responders.
  - 8. Terminate and remove temporary facilities from Project site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
  - 9. Complete final cleaning requirements.
  - 10. Touch up paint and otherwise repair and restore marred exposed finishes to eliminate visual defects.
- D. Inspection: Submit a written request for inspection to determine Substantial Completion a minimum of 10 days prior to date the Work will be completed and ready for final inspection and tests. On receipt of request, Architect will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Architect will prepare the Certificate of Substantial Completion after inspection or will notify Contractor of items, either on Contractor's list or additional items identified by Architect, that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.

# 1.5 FINAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

- A. Submittals Prior to Final Completion: Before requesting final inspection for determining Final Completion, complete the following:
  - 1. Submit a final Application for Payment in accordance with Section 012900 "Payment Procedures."
  - 2. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Submit certified copy of Architect's Substantial Completion inspection list of items to be completed or corrected (punch list), endorsed and dated by Architect. Certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance.
  - 3. Certificate of Insurance: Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
  - 4. Submit pest-control final inspection report.
- B. Inspection: Submit a written request for final inspection to determine acceptance a minimum of 10 days prior to date the Work will be completed and ready for final inspection and tests. On receipt of request, Architect will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Architect will prepare a final Certificate for Payment after inspection or will notify Contractor of construction that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.

# 1.6 LIST OF INCOMPLETE ITEMS

- A. Organization of List: Include name and identification of each space and area affected by construction operations for incomplete items and items needing correction including, if necessary, areas disturbed by Contractor that are outside the limits of construction.
  - 1. Organize list of spaces in sequential order, starting with exterior areas first and , listed by room or space number.
  - 2. Organize items applying to each space by major element, including categories for ceilings, individual walls, floors, equipment, and building systems.
  - 3. Include the following information at the top of each page:
    - a. Project name.
    - b. Date.

4.

- c. Name of Architect.
- d. Name of Contractor.
- e. Page number.
- Submit list of incomplete items in the following format:
  - a. MS Excel Electronic File: Architect will return annotated file.

# 1.7 SUBMITTAL OF PROJECT WARRANTIES

- A. Time of Submittal: Submit written warranties on request of Architect for designated portions of the Work where warranties are indicated to commence on dates other than date of Substantial Completion, or when delay in submittal of warranties might limit Owner's rights under warranty.
- B. Organize warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of Project Manual.

- C. Warranty Electronic File: Provide warranties and bonds in PDF format. Assemble complete warranty and bond submittal package into a single electronic PDF file with bookmarks enabling navigation to each item. Provide bookmarked table of contents at beginning of document.
  - 1. Submit on digital media acceptable to Architect .
- D. Warranties in Paper Form:
  - 1. Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, three-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive 8-1/2-by-11-inch paper.
- E. Provide additional copies of each warranty to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

A. Cleaning Agents: Use cleaning materials and agents recommended by manufacturer or fabricator of the surface to be cleaned. Do not use cleaning agents that are potentially hazardous to health or property or that might damage finished surfaces.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 FINAL CLEANING

- A. Perform final cleaning. Conduct cleaning and waste-removal operations to comply with local laws and ordinances and Federal and local environmental and antipollution regulations.
- B. Cleaning: Employ experienced workers or professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit to condition expected in an average commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Complete the following cleaning operations before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion for entire Project or for a designated portion of Project:
    - a. Clean Project site of rubbish, waste material, litter, and other foreign substances.
    - b. Clean exposed exterior and interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dirt-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances. Avoid disturbing natural weathering of exterior surfaces. Restore reflective surfaces to their original condition.
    - c. Remove debris and surface dust from limited-access spaces, including roofs, plenums, shafts, trenches, equipment vaults, manholes, attics, and similar spaces.
    - d. Clean flooring, removing debris, dirt, and staining; clean according to manufacturer's recommendations.
    - e. Vacuum and mop concrete.
    - f. Vacuum carpet and similar soft surfaces, removing debris and excess nap; clean according to manufacturer's recommendations if visible soil or stains remain.

- g. Clean transparent materials, including mirrors and glass in doors and windows. Remove glazing compounds and other noticeable, vision-obscuring materials. Polish mirrors and glass, taking care not to scratch surfaces.
- h. Remove labels that are not permanent.
- i. Wipe surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment and similar equipment. Remove excess lubrication, paint and mortar droppings, and other foreign substances.
- j. Clean plumbing fixtures to a sanitary condition, free of stains, including stains resulting from water exposure.
- k. Replace disposable air filters and clean permanent air filters. Clean exposed surfaces of diffusers, registers, and grills.
- 1. Clean ducts, blowers, and coils if units were operated without filters during construction or that display contamination with particulate matter on inspection.
- m. Clean luminaires, lamps, globes, and reflectors to function with full efficiency.
- n. Clean strainers.
- o. Leave Project clean and ready for occupancy.
- C. Pest Control: Comply with pest control requirements in Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls." Prepare written report.
- D. Construction Waste Disposal: Comply with waste-disposal requirements in Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."

# 3.2 REPAIR OF THE WORK

A. Complete repair and restoration operations required by Section 017300 "Execution" before requesting inspection for determination of Substantial Completion.

# SECTION 017823 - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for preparing operation and maintenance manuals, including the following:
  - 1. Operation and maintenance documentation directory manuals.
  - 2. Emergency manuals.
  - 3. Systems and equipment operation manuals.
  - 4. Systems and equipment maintenance manuals.
  - 5. Product maintenance manuals.

### 1.2 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit operation and maintenance manuals indicated. Provide content for each manual as specified in individual Specification Sections, and as reviewed and approved at the time of Section submittals. Submit reviewed manual content formatted and organized as required by this Section.
  - 1. Architect will comment on whether content of operation and maintenance submittals is acceptable.
  - 2. Where applicable, clarify and update reviewed manual content to correspond to revisions and field conditions.
- B. Format: Submit operation and maintenance manuals in the following format:
  - 1. Submit on digital media acceptable to Architect . Enable reviewer comments on draft submittals.
- C. Final Manual Submittal: Submit each manual in final form prior to requesting inspection for Substantial Completion and at least 15 days before commencing demonstration and training. Architect will return copy with comments.
  - 1. Correct or revise each manual to comply with Architect's comments. Submit copies of each corrected manual within 15 days of receipt of Architect's comments and prior to commencing demonstration and training.
- D. Comply with Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures" for schedule for submitting operation and maintenance documentation.

# 1.3 FORMAT OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Manuals, Electronic Files: Submit manuals in the form of a multiple file composite electronic PDF file for each manual type required.
  - 1. Electronic Files: Use electronic files prepared by manufacturer where available. Where scanning of paper documents is required, configure scanned file for minimum readable file size.
  - 2. File Names and Bookmarks: Bookmark individual documents based on file names. Name document files to correspond to system, subsystem, and equipment names used in manual directory and table of contents. Group documents for each system and subsystem into individual composite bookmarked files, then create composite manual, so that resulting bookmarks reflect the system, subsystem, and equipment names in a readily navigated file tree. Configure electronic manual to display bookmark panel on opening file.
- B. Manuals, Paper Copy: Submit manuals in the form of hard-copy, bound and labeled volumes.
  - 1. Binders: Heavy-duty, three-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, in thickness necessary to accommodate contents, sized to hold 8-1/2-by-11-inch paper; with clear plastic sleeve on spine to hold label describing contents and with pockets inside covers to hold folded oversize sheets.
  - 2. Drawings: Attach reinforced, punched binder tabs on drawings and bind with text.
    - a. If oversize drawings are necessary, fold drawings to same size as text pages and use as foldouts.
    - b. If drawings are too large to be used as foldouts, fold and place drawings in labeled envelopes and bind envelopes in rear of manual. At appropriate locations in manual, insert typewritten pages indicating drawing titles, descriptions of contents, and drawing locations.

# 1.4 REQUIREMENTS FOR EMERGENCY, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Organization of Manuals: Unless otherwise indicated, organize each manual into a separate section for each system and subsystem, and a separate section for each piece of equipment not part of a system. Each manual shall contain the following materials, in the order listed:
  - 1. Title page.
  - 2. Table of contents.
  - 3. Manual contents.
- B. Title Page: Include the following information:
  - 1. Subject matter included in manual.
  - 2. Name and address of Project.
  - 3. Name and address of Owner.
  - 4. Date of submittal.
  - 5. Name and contact information for Contractor.
  - 6. Name and contact information for Architect.
  - 7. Name and contact information for Commissioning Authority.

- 8. Names and contact information for major consultants to the Architect that designed the systems contained in the manuals.
- 9. Cross-reference to related systems in other operation and maintenance manuals.
- C. Table of Contents: List each product included in manual, identified by product name, indexed to the content of the volume, and cross-referenced to Specification Section number in Project Manual.
- D. Manual Contents: Organize into sets of manageable size. Arrange contents alphabetically by system, subsystem, and equipment. If possible, assemble instructions for subsystems, equipment, and components of one system into a single binder.
- E. Identification: In the documentation directory and in each operation and maintenance manual, identify each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment with same designation used in the Contract Documents. If no designation exists, assign a designation according to ASHRAE Guideline 4, "Preparation of Operating and Maintenance Documentation for Building Systems."

# 1.5 EMERGENCY MANUALS

- A. Emergency Manual: Assemble a complete set of emergency information indicating procedures for use by emergency personnel and by Owner's operating personnel for types of emergencies indicated.
- B. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each of the following:
  - 1. Type of emergency.
  - 2. Emergency instructions.
  - 3. Emergency procedures.
- C. Type of Emergency: Where applicable for each type of emergency indicated below, include instructions and procedures for each system, subsystem, piece of equipment, and component:
  - 1. Fire.
  - 2. Flood.
  - 3. Gas leak.
  - 4. Water leak.
  - 5. Power failure.
  - 6. Water outage.
  - 7. System, subsystem, or equipment failure.
  - 8. Chemical release or spill.
- D. Emergency Instructions: Describe and explain warnings, trouble indications, error messages, and similar codes and signals. Include responsibilities of Owner's operating personnel for notification of Installer, supplier, and manufacturer to maintain warranties.
- E. Emergency Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:
  - 1. Instructions on stopping.

- 2. Shutdown instructions for each type of emergency.
- 3. Operating instructions for conditions outside normal operating limits.
- 4. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
- 5. Special operating instructions and procedures.

### 1.6 SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT OPERATION MANUALS

- A. Systems and Equipment Operation Manual: Assemble a complete set of data indicating operation of each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system. Include information required for daily operation and management, operating standards, and routine and special operating procedures.
- B. Content: In addition to requirements in this Section, include operation data required in individual Specification Sections and the following information:
  - 1. System, subsystem, and equipment descriptions. Use designations for systems and equipment indicated on Contract Documents.
  - 2. Performance and design criteria if Contractor has delegated design responsibility.
  - 3. Operating standards.
  - 4. Operating procedures.
  - 5. Operating logs.
  - 6. Wiring diagrams.
  - 7. Control diagrams.
  - 8. Piped system diagrams.
  - 9. Precautions against improper use.
  - 10. License requirements including inspection and renewal dates.
- C. Descriptions: Include the following:
  - 1. Product name and model number. Use designations for products indicated on Contract Documents.
  - 2. Manufacturer's name.
  - 3. Equipment identification with serial number of each component.
  - 4. Equipment function.
  - 5. Operating characteristics.
  - 6. Limiting conditions.
  - 7. Performance curves.
  - 8. Engineering data and tests.
  - 9. Complete nomenclature and number of replacement parts.
- D. Operating Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:
  - 1. Startup procedures.
  - 2. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
  - 3. Routine and normal operating instructions.
  - 4. Regulation and control procedures.
  - 5. Instructions on stopping.
  - 6. Normal shutdown instructions.
  - 7. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.

- 8. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
- 9. Special operating instructions and procedures.
- E. Systems and Equipment Controls: Describe the sequence of operation, and diagram controls as installed.
- F. Piped Systems: Diagram piping as installed, and identify color coding where required for identification.

# 1.7 SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Systems and Equipment Maintenance Manuals: Assemble a complete set of data indicating maintenance of each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system. Include manufacturers' maintenance documentation, preventive maintenance procedures and frequency, repair procedures, wiring and systems diagrams, lists of spare parts, and warranty information.
- B. Content: For each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system, include source information, manufacturers' maintenance documentation, maintenance procedures, maintenance and service schedules, spare parts list and source information, maintenance service contracts, and warranties and bonds, as described below.
- C. Manufacturers' Maintenance Documentation: Include the following information for each component part or piece of equipment:
  - 1. Standard maintenance instructions and bulletins; include only sheets pertinent to product or component installed. Mark each sheet to identify each product or component incorporated into the Work. If data include more than one item in a tabular format, identify each item using appropriate references from the Contract Documents. Identify data applicable to the Work and delete references to information not applicable.
    - a. Prepare supplementary text if manufacturers' standard printed data are not available and where the information is necessary for proper operation and maintenance of equipment or systems.
  - 2. Drawings, diagrams, and instructions required for maintenance, including disassembly and component removal, replacement, and assembly.
  - 3. Identification and nomenclature of parts and components.
  - 4. List of items recommended to be stocked as spare parts.
- D. Maintenance Procedures: Include the following information and items that detail essential maintenance procedures:
  - 1. Test and inspection instructions.
  - 2. Troubleshooting guide.
  - 3. Precautions against improper maintenance.
  - 4. Disassembly; component removal, repair, and replacement; and reassembly instructions.
  - 5. Aligning, adjusting, and checking instructions.
  - 6. Demonstration and training video recording, if available.

- E. Maintenance and Service Schedules: Include service and lubrication requirements, list of required lubricants for equipment, and separate schedules for preventive and routine maintenance and service with standard time allotment.
- F. Spare Parts List and Source Information: Include lists of replacement and repair parts, with parts identified and cross-referenced to manufacturers' maintenance documentation and local sources of maintenance materials and related services.
- G. Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.
  - 1. Include procedures to follow and required notifications for warranty claims.
- H. Drawings: Prepare drawings supplementing manufacturers' printed data to illustrate the relationship of component parts of equipment and systems and to illustrate control sequence and flow diagrams. Coordinate these drawings with information contained in record Drawings to ensure correct illustration of completed installation.

# 1.8 PRODUCT MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Product Maintenance Manual: Assemble a complete set of maintenance data indicating care and maintenance of each product, material, and finish incorporated into the Work.
- B. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each product, material, and finish. Include source information, product information, maintenance procedures, repair materials and sources, and warranties and bonds, as described below.
- C. Product Information: Include the following, as applicable:
  - 1. Product name and model number.
  - 2. Manufacturer's name.
  - 3. Color, pattern, and texture.
  - 4. Material and chemical composition.
  - 5. Reordering information for specially manufactured products.
- D. Maintenance Procedures: Include manufacturer's written recommendations and the following:
  - 1. Inspection procedures.
  - 2. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
  - 3. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
  - 4. Schedule for routine cleaning and maintenance.
  - 5. Repair instructions.
- E. Repair Materials and Sources: Include lists of materials and local sources of materials and related services.
- F. Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.

1. Include procedures to follow and required notifications for warranty claims.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

# SECTION 017839 - PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for Project Record Documents, including the following:
  - 1. Record Drawings.
  - 2. Record specifications.
  - 3. Record Product Data.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data" for operation and maintenance manual requirements.

### 1.2 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Record Drawings: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Number of Copies: Submit one set(s) of marked-up record prints.
  - 2. Number of Copies: Submit copies of Record Drawings as follows:
    - a. Initial Submittal:
      - 1) Submit PDF electronic files of scanned record prints and one set(s) of file prints.
    - b. Final Submittal:
      - 1) Submit PDF electronic files of scanned Record Prints and one set(s) of file prints.
      - 2) Print each drawing, whether or not changes and additional information were recorded.
    - c. Final Submittal:
      - 1) Submit Record Digital Data Files and one set(s) of Record Digital Data File plots.
      - 2) Plot each drawing file, whether or not changes and additional information were recorded.
- B. Record Specifications: Submit annotated PDF electronic files and one paper copy of Project's Specifications, including addenda and Contract modifications.
- C. Record Product Data: Submit annotated PDF electronic files and directories and one paper copies of each submittal.
  - 1. Where record Product Data are required as part of operation and maintenance manuals, submit duplicate marked-up Product Data as a component of manual.

# 1.3 RECORD DRAWINGS

- A. Record Prints: Maintain one set of marked-up paper copies of the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings, incorporating new and revised drawings as modifications are issued.
  - 1. Preparation: Mark record prints to show the actual installation, where installation varies from that shown originally. Require individual or entity who obtained record data, whether individual or entity is Installer, subcontractor, or similar entity, to provide information for preparation of corresponding marked-up record prints.
    - a. Give particular attention to information on concealed elements that would be difficult to identify or measure and record later.
    - b. Accurately record information in an acceptable drawing technique.
    - c. Record data as soon as possible after obtaining it.
    - d. Record and check the markup before enclosing concealed installations.
    - e. Cross-reference record prints to corresponding photographic documentation.
  - 2. Content: Types of items requiring marking include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Dimensional changes to Drawings.
    - b. Revisions to details shown on Drawings.
    - c. Depths of foundations.
    - d. Locations and depths of underground utilities.
    - e. Revisions to routing of piping and conduits.
    - f. Revisions to electrical circuitry.
    - g. Actual equipment locations.
    - h. Duct size and routing.
    - i. Locations of concealed internal utilities.
    - j. Changes made by Change Order or Construction Change Directive.
    - k. Changes made following Architect's written orders.
    - 1. Details not on the original Contract Drawings.
    - m. Field records for variable and concealed conditions.
    - n. Record information on the Work that is shown only schematically.
  - 3. Mark the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings completely and accurately. Use personnel proficient at recording graphic information in production of marked-up record prints.
  - 4. Mark record prints with erasable, red-colored pencil. Use other colors to distinguish between changes for different categories of the Work at same location.
  - 5. Mark important additional information that was either shown schematically or omitted from original Drawings.
  - 6. Note Construction Change Directive numbers, alternate numbers, Change Order numbers, and similar identification, where applicable.
- B. Record Digital Data Files: Immediately before inspection for Certificate of Substantial Completion, review marked-up record prints with Architect. When authorized, prepare a full set of corrected digital data files of the Contract Drawings, as follows:
  - 1. Format: Same digital data software program, version, and operating system as for the original Contract Drawings.
  - 2. Format: Annotated PDF electronic file with comment function enabled.
  - 3. Incorporate changes and additional information previously marked on record prints. Delete, redraw, and add details and notations where applicable.
  - 4. Refer instances of uncertainty to Architect for resolution.
  - 5. Architect will furnish Contractor with one set of digital data files of the Contract Drawings for use in recording information.

- C. Format: Identify and date each Record Drawing; include the designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWING" in a prominent location.
  - 1. Record Prints: Organize record prints into manageable sets. Bind each set with durable paper cover sheets. Include identification on cover sheets.
  - 2. Format: Annotated PDF electronic file with comment function enabled.
  - 3. Record Digital Data Files: Organize digital data information into separate electronic files that correspond to each sheet of the Contract Drawings. Name each file with the sheet identification. Include identification in each digital data file.
  - 4. Identification: As follows:
    - a. Project name.
    - b. Date.
    - c. Designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWINGS."
    - d. Name of Architect.
    - e. Name of Contractor.

# 1.4 RECORD SPECIFICATIONS

- A. Preparation: Mark Specifications to indicate the actual product installation, where installation varies from that indicated in Specifications, addenda, and Contract modifications.
  - 1. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.
  - 2. Mark copy with the proprietary name and model number of products, materials, and equipment furnished, including substitutions and product options selected.
  - 3. Record the name of manufacturer, supplier, Installer, and other information necessary to provide a record of selections made.
  - 4. For each principal product, indicate whether Record Product Data has been submitted in operation and maintenance manuals instead of submitted as Record Product Data.
  - 5. Note related Change Orders , Record Product Data, and Record Drawings where applicable.
- B. Format: Submit record specifications as annotated PDF electronic file .

# 1.5 RECORD PRODUCT DATA

- A. Recording: Maintain one copy of each submittal during the construction period for Project Record Document purposes. Post changes and revisions to Project Record Documents as they occur; do not wait until end of Project.
- B. Preparation: Mark Product Data to indicate the actual product installation where installation varies substantially from that indicated in Product Data submittal.
  - 1. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.
  - 2. Include significant changes in the product delivered to Project site and changes in manufacturer's written instructions for installation.
  - 3. Note related Change Orders , Record Specifications, and Record Drawings where applicable.

- C. Format: Submit Record Product Data as annotated PDF electronic file .
  - 1. Include Record Product Data directory organized by Specification Section number and title, electronically linked to each item of Record Product Data.

# 1.6 MAINTENANCE OF RECORD DOCUMENTS

A. Maintenance of Record Documents: Store Record Documents in the field office apart from the Contract Documents used for construction. Do not use Project Record Documents for construction purposes. Maintain Record Documents in good order and in a clean, dry, legible condition, protected from deterioration and loss. Provide access to Project Record Documents for Architect's reference during normal working hours.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

# SECTION 024119 - SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
  - 2. Demolition and removal of selected site elements.
  - 3. Salvage of existing items to be reused or recycled.

### 1.2 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition waste becomes property of Contractor.
- B. Historic items, relics, antiques, and similar objects including, but not limited to, cornerstones and their contents, commemorative plaques and tablets, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be uncovered during demolition remain the property of Owner.
  - 1. Carefully salvage in a manner to prevent damage and promptly return to Owner.

# 1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Inventory of items that have been removed and salvaged.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Refrigerant Recovery Technician Qualifications: Certified by an EPA-approved certification program.

### 1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Owner will occupy portions of building immediately adjacent to selective demolition area. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted.
- B. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
- C. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- D. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
  - 1. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner before start of the Work.

- 2. If suspected hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner under a separate contract.
- E. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- F. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
  - 1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.
- G. Arrange selective demolition schedule so as not to interfere with Owner's operations.

# 1.6 WARRANTY

A. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during selective demolition, by methods and with materials and using approved contractors so as not to void existing warranties.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Standards: Comply with ASSE A10.6 and NFPA 241.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before starting selective demolition operations.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Refrigerant: Before starting demolition, remove refrigerant from mechanical equipment according to 40 CFR 82 and regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

# 3.3 UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

A. Existing Services/Systems to Remain: Maintain services/systems indicated to remain and protect them against damage.

- B. Existing Services/Systems to Be Removed, Relocated, or Abandoned: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off utility services and mechanical/electrical systems serving areas to be selectively demolished.
  - 1. Arrange to shut off utilities with utility companies.
  - 2. If services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, provide temporary services/systems that bypass area of selective demolition and that maintain continuity of services/systems to other parts of building.
  - 3. Disconnect, demolish, and remove fire-suppression systems, plumbing, and HVAC systems, equipment, and components indicated on Drawings to be removed.
    - a. Piping to Be Removed: Remove portion of piping indicated to be removed and cap or plug remaining piping with same or compatible piping material.
    - b. Piping to Be Abandoned in Place: Drain piping and cap or plug piping with same or compatible piping material and leave in place.
    - c. Equipment to Be Removed: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment.
    - d. Equipment to Be Removed and Reinstalled: Disconnect and cap services and remove, clean, and store equipment; when appropriate, reinstall, reconnect, and make equipment operational.
    - e. Equipment to Be Removed and Salvaged: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment and deliver to Owner.
    - f. Ducts to Be Removed: Remove portion of ducts indicated to be removed and plug remaining ducts with same or compatible ductwork material.

# 3.4 **PROTECTION**

- A. Temporary Protection: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.
- B. Temporary Shoring: Design, provide, and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
- C. Remove temporary barricades and protections where hazards no longer exist.

# 3.5 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
  - 1. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
  - 2. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
  - 3. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before

starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.

- 4. Maintain fire watch during and for at least 8 hours after flame-cutting operations.
- 5. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
- 6. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly.
- B. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
- C. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Architect, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and cleaned and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

# 3.6 CLEANING

- A. Remove demolition waste materials from Project site and dispose of them in an EPA-approved construction and demolition waste landfill acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
  - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
  - 3. Comply with requirements specified in Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.
- C. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

# SECTION 031000 - CONCRETE FORMING AND ACCESSORIES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Form-facing material for cast-in-place concrete.
  - 2. Shoring, bracing, and anchoring.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Concrete Formwork: Design, engineer, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, shores, and reshores in accordance with ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads, so that resulting concrete conforms to the required shapes, lines, and dimensions.
  - 1. Design wood panel forms in accordance with APA's "Concrete Forming Design/Construction Guide."
  - 2. Design formwork to limit deflection of form-facing material to 1/240 of center-to-center spacing of supports.
    - a. For architectural concrete specified in Section 033300 "Architectural Concrete," limit deflection of form-facing material, studs, and walers to 0.0025 times their respective clear spans (L/400).

# 2.2 FORM-FACING MATERIALS

- A. As-Cast Surface Form-Facing Material:
  - 1. Provide continuous, true, and smooth concrete surfaces.
  - 2. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.
  - 3. Acceptable Materials: As required to comply with Surface Finish designations specified in Section 033000 "Cast-In-Place Concrete, and as follows:
    - a. Plywood, metal, or other approved panel materials.
    - b. Exterior-grade plywood panels, suitable for concrete forms, complying with DOC PS 1, and as follows:
      - 1) APA Plyform Class I, B-B or better; mill oiled and edge sealed.
- B. Concealed Surface Form-Facing Material: Lumber, plywood, metal, plastic, or another approved material.
  - 1. Provide lumber dressed on at least two edges and one side for tight fit.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION OF FORMWORK

- A. Comply with ACI 301.
- B. Construct formwork, so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117 and to comply with the Surface Finish designations specified in Section 033000 "Cast-In-Place Concrete" for as-cast finishes .
- C. Construct forms tight enough to prevent loss of concrete mortar.
  - 1. Minimize joints.
  - 2. Exposed Concrete: Symmetrically align joints in forms.
- D. Construct removable forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces.
  - 1. Install keyways, reglets, recesses, and other accessories, for easy removal.
- E. Do not use rust-stained, steel, form-facing material.
- F. Set edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed strips for slabs to achieve required elevations and slopes in finished concrete surfaces.
  - 1. Provide and secure units to support screed strips.
  - 2. Use strike-off templates or compacting-type screeds.
- G. At construction joints, overlap forms onto previously placed concrete not less than 12 inches.
- H. Form openings, chases, offsets, sinkages, keyways, reglets, blocking, screeds, and bulkheads required in the Work.
  - 1. Determine sizes and locations from trades providing such items.
  - 2. Obtain written approval of Architect prior to forming openings not indicated on Drawings.
- I. Clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt, and other debris just before placing concrete.
- J. Retighten forms and bracing before placing concrete, as required, to prevent mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.
- K. Coat contact surfaces of forms with form-release agent, according to manufacturer's written instructions, before placing reinforcement.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION OF EMBEDDED ITEMS

A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete.

- 1. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
- 2. Install anchor rods, accurately located, to elevations required and complying with tolerances in Section 7.5 of AISC 303.
- 3. Install reglets to receive waterproofing and to receive through-wall flashings in outer face of concrete frame at exterior walls, where flashing is shown at lintels, shelf angles, and other conditions.
- 4. Install dovetail anchor slots in concrete structures, as indicated on Drawings.
- 5. Clean embedded items immediately prior to concrete placement.

# 3.3 SHORING AND RESHORING INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with ACI 318 and ACI 301 for design, installation, and removal of shoring and reshoring.
  - 1. Do not remove shoring or reshoring until measurement of slab tolerances is complete.

# SECTION 032000 - CONCRETE REINFORCING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Steel reinforcement bars.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Each type of steel reinforcement.
  - 2. Bar supports.
  - 3. Mechanical splice couplers.
- B. Shop Drawings: Comply with ACI SP-066:
  - 1. Include placing drawings that detail fabrication, bending, and placement.
  - 2. Include bar sizes, lengths, materials, grades, bar schedules, stirrup spacing, bent bar diagrams, bar arrangement, location of splices, lengths of lap splices, details of mechanical splice couplers, details of welding splices, tie spacing, hoop spacing, and supports for concrete reinforcement.
- C. Construction Joint Layout: Indicate proposed construction joints required to build the structure.
  - 1. Location of construction joints is subject to approval of the Architect.

# 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.
  - 1. Reinforcement to Be Welded: Welding procedure specification in accordance with AWS D1.4/D1.4M
- B. Material Certificates: For each of the following, signed by manufacturers:
  - 1. Epoxy-Coated Reinforcement: CRSI's "Epoxy Coating Plant Certification."
- C. Material Test Reports: For the following, from a qualified testing agency:
  - 1. Steel Reinforcement:
    - a. For reinforcement to be welded, mill test analysis for chemical composition and carbon equivalent of the steel in accordance with ASTM A706/A706M.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel in accordance with AWS D1.4/D 1.4M.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A615/A615M, Grade 60, deformed.
- B. Plain-Steel Welded-Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A1064/A1064M, plain, fabricated from asdrawn steel wire into flat sheets.
- C. Deformed-Steel Welded-Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A1064/A1064M, flat sheet.

# 2.2 REINFORCEMENT ACCESSORIES

- A. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded-wire reinforcement in place.
  - 1. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire or precast concrete in accordance with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice," of greater compressive strength than concrete and as follows:
    - a. For concrete surfaces exposed to view, where legs of wire bar supports contact forms, use CRSI Class 1 plastic-protected steel wire, all-plastic bar supports, or CRSI Class 2 stainless steel bar supports.
    - b. For zinc-coated reinforcement, use galvanized wire or dielectric-polymer-coated wire bar supports.
- B. Steel Tie Wire: ASTM A1064/A1064M, annealed steel, not less than 0.0508 inch in diameter.

#### 2.3 FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

A. Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Protection of In-Place Conditions:
  - 1. Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder.
  - 2. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.

B. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, and other foreign materials that reduce bond to concrete.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION OF STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for placing and supporting reinforcement.
- B. Accurately position, support, and secure reinforcement against displacement.
  - 1. Locate and support reinforcement with bar supports to maintain minimum concrete cover.
  - 2. Do not tack weld crossing reinforcing bars.
- C. Preserve clearance between bars of not less than 1 inch, not less than one bar diameter, or not less than 1-1/3 times size of large aggregate, whichever is greater.
- D. Provide concrete coverage in accordance with ACI 318.
- E. Set wire ties with ends directed into concrete, not toward exposed concrete surfaces.
- F. Splices: Lap splices as indicated on Drawings.
  - 1. Bars indicated to be continuous, and all vertical bars shall be lapped not less than 36 bar diameters at splices, or 24 inches, whichever is greater.
  - 2. Stagger splices in accordance with ACI 318.
  - 3. Weld reinforcing bars in accordance with AWS D1.4/D 1.4M, where indicated on Drawings.

# 3.3 JOINTS

- A. Construction Joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or as approved by Architect.
  - 1. Place joints perpendicular to main reinforcement.
  - 2. Continue reinforcement across construction joints unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Do not continue reinforcement through sides of strip placements of floors and slabs.

# 3.4 INSTALLATION TOLERANCES

A. Comply with ACI 117.

# 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspections:
  - 1. Steel-reinforcement placement.
  - 2. Steel-reinforcement welding.

# SECTION 033000 - CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

### PART 1 - Part I – General

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, apply to this section.
- B. Reference structural drawings for additional notes and details reference cast-in-place concrete.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section specifies cast-in-place concrete, including formwork, reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures and finishes

### 1.3 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Coordinate Work of Section with work of other sections, including Division 01 Sections as required to properly execute the work and as necessary to maintain satisfactory progress of the work.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Submit Manufacturer's Technical Data, installation instructions and recommendations for each product. Include data substantiating that materials comply with specified requirements.
  - 1. Product data for proprietary materials and items, including reinforcement and forming accessories, admixtures, patching compounds, joint systems, curing compounds and others as requested by Architect/Engineer.
- B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture.
- C. Shop Drawings: Submit for reinforcement, prepared by Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas for fabrication, bending and placement of concrete reinforcement. Comply with ACI SP-66(88), "ACI Detailing Manual", showing bar schedules, stirrup spacing, and diagrams of bent bars and arrangement of concrete reinforcement. Include special reinforcement required for openings through concrete structures.
- D. Laboratory test reports for concrete materials and mix design test.
- E. Materials Certificates in lieu of Material Laboratory Test Reports when permitted by Architect/Engineer. Materials Certificates shall be signed by Manufacturer and Contractor, certifying that each material item complies with or exceeds specified requirements, Provide

certification from admixtures manufacturers that chloride content complies with specification requirements,

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. This section outlines minimum standards and requirements. Refer to the Structural Drawings for additional requirements. In the event of conflict, information on Structural Drawings shall take precedence. Bring all conflicts and discrepancies between documents to the attention of the Architect and Engineer and do not work until such conflicts and discrepancies are clarified and corrected.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete and products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipments.
  - 1. Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities"
- C. ACI Publications: Comply with the following rules unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:
  - 1. ACI 301, "Specification for Structural Concrete," Sections 1 through 5
  - 2. ACI 117, "Specifications for Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials"
- D. Pre-Installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site in accordance with Section 013100,"Project Management and Coordination"

# PART 2 - Part II - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 FORM-FACING MATERIALS

- A. Smooth-Formed Finished Concrete: Form-facing panels that will provide continuous, true and smooth concrete surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.
- B. Rough-Formed Finished Concrete: Plywood, lumber, metal or another approved material. Provide lumber dressed on at least two edges and one side for tight fit.

# 2.2 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 (Grade 420), deformed.
- B. Plain-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 185, plain, fabricated from as-drawn steel wire into flat sheets.
- C. Deformed-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 497, flat sheet

D. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers and other devices for spacing, supporting and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire reinforcement in place. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire, plastic or pre-cast concrete according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice"

# 2.3 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Cementitious Material: Use the following cementituous materials, of the same type, brand and source, throughout the Project:
  - 1. Portland cement: ASTM C 150, Type I / II. Supplement with the following
    - a. Fly Ash: ASTM C 618, Class F, unless noted otherwise, no more than 15% fly ash by weight
- B. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33, graded, 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" (38mm) and <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" (19mm) nominal maximum coarse-aggregate size.
- C. Water: ATM C 94/C 94M and potable.
- D. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260
- E. Chemical Admixtures: Provide admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that will not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride
  - 1. Water-Reducing Admixtures: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A
  - 2. Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B
  - 3. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixtures: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D
  - 4. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixtures: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F
  - 5. High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type G
  - 6. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 1017/C 1017M, Type II

### 2.4 VAPOR RETARDERS

- A. Plastic Vapor Retarder: ASTM E 1745, Class A, or polyethylene sheet, ASTM D 4397, not less than 15 mils (0.381mm) thick. Include manufacturer's recommended adhesive or pressure-sensitive joint tape.
- B. Reference 072660 Below-Slab Vapor Barrier.

# 2.5 CURING MATERIALS

- A. Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming, manufactured for application to fresh concrete
- B. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.
- C. Water: potable

- D. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B, dissipating
- E. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B, nondissipating, certified by curing compound manufacturer to not interfere with bonding of floor covering
- F. Clear, Solvent-borne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 1315, Type 1, Class A
- G. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing and Sealing Compound: ASTM C 1315, Type 1, Class A
- H. Contractor use caution to review curing methods and chemicals with manufacturer of floor finish material to prevent compatibility issues with surface adhesion or reactions to adhesives.

### 2.6 RELATED MATERIALS

A. Expansion- and Isolation-Join-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulose fiber

### 2.7 CONCRETE MIXTURES

- A. Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, according to ACI 301
- B. Proportion normal-weight concrete mixtures as follows:
  - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days for footing; 3500 psi at 28 days for all other concrete
  - 2. Maximum-Water-Cementitious Material Ratio: 0.45 slab on grade. 0.50 All other
  - 3. Slump Limit: 4" (100mm) plus or minus 1"(25mm)
  - 4. Air Content: 5.5 % plus or minus 1.5% at point of delivery for 1 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" (38mm) nominal maximum aggregate size.
  - 5. Max 20% Fly Ash
  - 6. Air Content: No entrained air for troweled finished floors

### 2.8 FABRICATING REINFORCEMENTS

A. Fabricating steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice"

#### 2.9 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch mix and deliver concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M, and furnish batch ticket information.
  - 1. When air temperature is between 85 and 90 °F (30 and 32 °C), reduce mixing and delivery time from 1.5 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 °F (32 °C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

# PART 3 - Part III – EXECUTION

# 3.1 FORMWORK

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace and maintain formwork according to ACI 301 to support vertical, lateral, static and dynamic load and construction loads that might be applied until structure can support such loads
- B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation and position indicated within tolerance limits of ACI 117
- C. Chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete

### 3.2 EMBEDDED ITEMS

A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions and directions furnished with items to be embedded

# 3.3 VAPOR RETARDERS

- A. Plastic Vapor Retarder: Place, protect and repair vapor retarders according to ASTM E 1643 and manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Lap joints 6" (150mm) and seal with manufacturer's recommended tape

### 3.4 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for placing reinforcement
  - 1. Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete
- 3.5 General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete
  - A. Construction Joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or as approved by Architect
  - B. Contraction joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Form weakened plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of concrete thickness as follows:
    - 1. Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint to a radius of 1/8" (3.2mm). Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate grooving tool marks on concrete surfaces.
    - 2. Sawed Joints: Form contraction joints with power saw equipped with shatterproof abrasive or diamond-rimmed blades. Cut 1/8" (3.2mm) wide joints into concrete when cutting action

will not tear, abrade or otherwise damage surface and before concrete develops random contraction cracks

C. Isolation Joints in Slab-on-Grade: After removing formwork, install joint0filler strips at slab junctions with vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams and other locations as indicated

# 3.6 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement and embedded items is complete and that required inspections have been performed
- B. Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete will be placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as indicated on architects slab plan. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.
  - 1. Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301
- C. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1
- D. Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301

# 3.7 FINISHED FORMED SURFACES

- A. Rough-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material with tie holes and defects repaired and patched. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.
  - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces exposed to public view
- B. Smooth-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defects. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.
  - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces exposed to public view, to receive a rubbed finish or to be covered with a coating or covering material applied directly to concrete
- C. Rubbed Finish: Apply the following to smooth-formed finished as-cast concrete where indicated:
  - 1. Smooth-Rubbed Finish: Not later than one day after form removal, moisten concrete surfaces and rub with carborundum brick or another abrasive until producing a uniform color and texture. Do not apply cement grout other than that created by the rubbing process.
  - 2. Grout-Cleaned Finish: Wet concrete surfaces and apply grout of a consistency of thick paint to coat surfaces and fill small holes. Mix 1 part Portland cement to 1.5 parts fine sand with a 1:1 mixture of bonding admixture and water. Add white Portland cement in amounts determined by trial patches so color of dry grout will match adjacent surfaces. Scrub grout

into voids and remove excess grout. When grout whitens, rub surface with clean burlap and keep surface damp by fog spray for at least 36 hours

- 3. Cork-Floated Finish: Wet concrete surfaces and apply stiff grout. Mix 1 part Portland cement and 1 part fine sand with a 1:1 mixture of bonding agent and water. Add white Portland cement in amounts determined by trial patches so color of dry grout will match adjacent surfaces. Compress grout into voids by grinding surface. In a swirling motion, finish surface with cork float.
- D. Related Unformed Surfaces: At top of walls, horizontal offsets and similar unformed surfaces adjacent to formed surfaces, strike off smooth and finish with texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces, unless otherwise indicated.

# 3.8 FINISHING FLOORS AND SLAB

- A. General: Comply with ACI 302.1R recommendations for screeding, re-straightening and finishing operations for concrete surfaces. Do not wet concrete surfaces.
- B. Scratch Finish: While still plastic, texture concrete surface that has been screeded and bull-floated or darbied. Use stiff brushes, brooms or rakes to produce a profile amplitude of 1/4" (6mm) in 1 direction.
- C. Float Finish: Consolidate surface with power-driven floats or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power driven floats. Re-straighten, cut down high spots and fill low spots. Repeat float passes and re-straightening until surface is left with a uniform, smooth, granular texture.
- D. Trowel Finish: After applying float finish, apply first troweling and consolidate concrete by hand or power-driven trowel. Continue troweling passes and restraighten until surface is free of trowel marks and uniform in texture and appearance. Grind smooth any surface defects and that would telegraph through applied coatings and floor coverings.
  - 1. Apply trowel finish to surfaces indicated, exposed to view or to be covered with resilient flooring, carpet, ceramic or quarry tile set over a cleavage membrane, paint or another thin-film-finish coating system.
  - 2. Finish and measure surface so gap at any point between concrete surface and an unleveled, freestanding 10' (3.05m) long straightedge resting on 2 high spots and placed anywhere on the surface does not exceed 1/8"
- E. Trowel and Fine-Broom Finish: Apply a first trowel finish to surfaces indicated and where ceramic or quarry tile is to be installed by either thickset or thin-set method. While concrete is still plastic, slightly scarify surface with fine broom.
  - 1. Comply with flatness and levelness tolerances for trowel finished floor surfaces.
- F. Broom Finish: Apply a broom finish to exterior concrete platforms, steps, ramps and elsewhere as indicated.

# 3.9 CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 309.1 for cold weather protection and ACI 301 for hot weather protection during curing.
- B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder (6 mil poly) to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h (1kg/sq. m x h) before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding and bull-floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.
- C. Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1, as follows:
  - 1. Slab Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in the widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12" (300mm) and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.
  - 2. Sidewalks and site paving Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.
    - a. After curing period has elapsed, remove curing compound without damaging concrete surfaces by method recommended by curing compound manufacturer unless manufacturer certifies curing compound will not interfere with binding of floor covering used on Project.

#### 3.10 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

A. Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.

#### 3.11 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing and Inspecting: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports
  - 1. Testing Services: Tests shall be performed according to ACI 301

# SECTION 040110 - MASONRY CLEANING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes cleaning the following:
  - 1. Stone surfaces.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Prepare mockups of cleaning on existing surfaces to demonstrate aesthetic effects and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Cleaning: Clean an area approximately 25 sq. ft. for each type of masonry and surface condition.
    - a. Test cleaners and methods on samples of adjacent materials for possible adverse reactions. Do not test cleaners and methods known to have deleterious effect.
    - b. Allow a waiting period of not less than seven days after completion of sample cleaning to permit a study of sample panels for negative reactions.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 CLEANING MATERIALS

- A. Water: Potable.
- B. Hot Water: Water heated to a temperature of 140 to 160 deg F.
- C. Detergent Solution, Job Mixed: Solution prepared by mixing 2 cups of tetrasodium pyrophosphate (TSPP), 1/2 cup of laundry detergent, and 20 quarts of hot water for every 5 gal. of solution required.
- D. Mold, Mildew, and Algae Remover, Job Mixed: Solution prepared by mixing 2 cups of tetrasodium pyrophosphate (TSPP), 5 quarts of 5 percent sodium hypochlorite (bleach), and 15 quarts of hot water for every 5 gal. of solution required.
- E. Nonacidic Liquid Cleaner: Manufacturer's standard mildly alkaline liquid cleaner formulated for removing mold, mildew, and other organic soiling from ordinary building materials, including polished stone, brick, aluminum, plastics, and wood.

- 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. Diedrich Technologies, Inc.; a Hohmann & Barnard company.
  - b. Price Research, Ltd.
  - c. PROSOCO, Inc.

## 2.2 CHEMICAL CLEANING SOLUTIONS

A. Dilute chemical cleaners with water to produce solutions not exceeding concentration recommended in writing by chemical-cleaner manufacturer.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 **PROTECTION**

- A. Comply with each manufacturer's written instructions for protecting building and other surfaces against damage from exposure to its products. Prevent paint removers and chemical cleaning solutions from coming into contact with people, motor vehicles, landscaping, buildings, and other surfaces that could be harmed by such contact.
  - 1. Cover adjacent surfaces with materials that are proven to resist paint removers and chemical cleaners used unless products being used will not damage adjacent surfaces. Use protective materials that are waterproof and UV resistant. Apply masking agents according to manufacturer's written instructions. Do not apply liquid strippable masking agent to painted or porous surfaces. When no longer needed, promptly remove masking to prevent adhesive staining.

### 3.2 CLEANING MASONRY, GENERAL

- A. Cleaning Appearance Standard: Cleaned surfaces are to have a uniform appearance as viewed from 20 feet away by Architect.
- B. Proceed with cleaning in an orderly manner; work from bottom to top of each scaffold width and from one end of each elevation to the other. Ensure that dirty residues and rinse water do not wash over dry, cleaned surfaces.
- C. Use only those cleaning methods indicated for each masonry material and location.
  - 1. Brushes: Do not use wire brushes or brushes that are not resistant to chemical cleaner being used.
  - 2. Spray Equipment: Use spray equipment that provides controlled application at volume and pressure indicated, measured at nozzle. Adjust pressure and volume to ensure that cleaning methods do not damage surfaces, including joints.
    - a. Equip units with pressure gages.

- b. For chemical-cleaner spray application, use low-pressure tank or chemical pump suitable for chemical cleaner indicated, equipped with nozzle having a cone-shaped spray.
- c. For water-spray application, use fan-shaped spray that disperses water at an angle of 25 to 50 degrees.
- d. For heated water-spray application, use equipment capable of maintaining temperature between 140 and 160 deg F at flow rates indicated.
- D. Perform each cleaning method indicated in a manner that results in uniform coverage of all surfaces, including corners, moldings, and interstices, and that produces an even effect without streaking or damaging masonry surfaces. Keep wall wet below area being cleaned to prevent streaking from runoff.
- E. Perform additional general cleaning, paint and stain removal, and spot cleaning of small areas that are noticeably different when viewed according to the "Cleaning Appearance Standard" Paragraph, so that cleaned surfaces blend smoothly into surrounding areas.
- F. Water-Spray Application Method: Unless otherwise indicated, hold spray nozzle at least 6 inches from masonry surface and apply water in horizontal back-and-forth sweeping motion, overlapping previous strokes to produce uniform coverage.

# 3.3 PRELIMINARY CLEANING

- A. Preliminary Cleaning: Before beginning general cleaning, remove extraneous substances that are resistant to planned cleaning methods. Extraneous substances include paint, calking, asphalt, and tar.
  - 1. Carefully remove heavy accumulations of rigid materials from masonry surface with sharp chisel. Do not scratch or chip masonry surface.

### 3.4 CLEANING MASONRY

- A. Detergent Cleaning:
  - 1. Wet surface with cold water applied by low-pressure spray.
  - 2. Scrub surface with detergent solution using medium-soft brushes until soil is thoroughly dislodged and can be removed by rinsing. Use small brushes to remove soil from mortar joints and crevices. Dip brush in solution often to ensure that adequate fresh detergent is used and that surface remains wet.
  - 3. Rinse with cold water applied by low -pressure spray to remove detergent solution and soil.
  - 4. Repeat cleaning procedure above where required to produce cleaning effect established by mockup.
- B. Nonacidic Gel Chemical Cleaning:
  - 1. Wet surface with cold water applied by low-pressure spray.
  - 2. Apply gel cleaner in 1/8-inch thickness by brush, working into joints and crevices. Apply quickly and do not brush out excessively, so area is uniformly covered with fresh cleaner and dwell time is uniform throughout area being cleaned.

- 3. Let cleaner remain on surface for period recommended in writing by chemical-cleaner manufacturer.
- 4. Remove bulk of gel cleaner.
- 5. Rinse with cold water applied by low -pressure spray to remove chemicals and soil.
- 6. Repeat cleaning procedure above where required to produce cleaning effect established by mockup. Do not repeat more than once. If additional cleaning is required, use steam cleaning.

### SECTION 047300 - MANUFACTURED STONE MASONRY

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Manufactured stone veneer, thin brick and architectural trim products.

### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 054000 Cold-Formed Metal Framing
- B. Section 061000 Rough Carpentry
- C. Section 061120 Framing and Sheathing
- D. Section 076200 Sheet Metal Flashing & Trim
- E. Section 079000 Joint Protection

### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM C 39 Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens
- B. ASTM C 67 Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile
- C. ASTM C 177 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Head Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus
- D. ASTM C 190 Method of Test for Tensile Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars
- E. ASTM C 192 Standard Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Laboratory
- F. ASTM C 482 Standard Test Method for Bond Strength of Ceramic Tile to Portland Cement Paste
- G. ASTM C 567 Standard Test Method for Determining Density of Structural Lightweight Concrete
- H. ASTM C 1329 Standard Specification for Portland Cement
- I. ASTM C 1670 Standard Specification for Adhered Manufactured Stone Masonry Veneer Units.

- J. ASTM C 1780 Standard Practice for Installation Methods for Adhered Manufactured Stone Masonry Veneer
- K. ICC AC 38 Acceptance Criteria for Water Resistive Barriers
- L. ICC ESR 2598 Coronado Stone Products Evaluation Report
- M. LEED: US Green Building Council's Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design Green Building Rating System
- N. Texas Department of Insurance: Product Evaluation EC101
- O. UBC Standard No. 14-1, Kraft Waterproof Building Paper

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit following in accordance with Section 01300.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's specification and data sheets for each product used, including:
  - 1. Preparation instructions.
  - 2. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
  - 3. Installation guidelines.
  - 4. Cleaning and maintenance methods.
- C. Shop Drawings: Submit elevations and cross-section details showing proper installation methods.
- D. Sample Selection
  - 1. Standard sample board with selected stone profile and color should be submitted for each product specification.
  - 2. Selection of approved grout colors and styles (if applicable).
- E. Manufacturer's Certificates: Certify products meet or exceed specified requirements.
- F. Closeout Submittals: Provide manufacturer's warranty and maintenance recommendations.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Coronado Stone Products
- B. Installer Qualifications: Minimum 5 years experience with similar scope of work and must be able to furnish list of previous jobs and references if requested by Architect.
- C. Certifications: Products approved by ICC-ES Evaluation Service.
- D. Mock-Up: Provide field panel sample to evaluate preparation and application techniques.

### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING

- A. Coordination of on-site delivery and storage should be arranged in advance to avoid work delays.
- B. Store and handle stone products in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- C. All material stored on-site should be protected from the elements before and during the installation process. Store material under cover and in a dry location.
- D. Store mortar, sealant and other installation material in compliance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

### 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain manufacturer's recommended environmental conditions to ensure optimum results.
- B. Cold Weather Requirements: Installations should be performed in temperatures exceeding 40 degrees Fahrenheit prior to, during and for 48 hours after completion of work. If temperatures are below 40 degrees Fahrenheit, masons should use heaters and tents during the installation process to regulate temperature.
- C. Hot Weather Requirements: If temperatures exceed 90 degrees Fahrenheit during the installation, additional moisture will need to be added to the backs of the stone veneer and scratch coated surface. Shade and/or frequent misting of the wall and stone may be required.

### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. Provide manufacturer's 50 year limited warr

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURER

- A. Acceptable Manufacturer: Coronado Stone Products (Corporate Office), which is located at: 11191 Calabash Ave, Fontana, CA 92337; Toll Free Tel: 800-847-8663; Fax: 909-357-7362; Email: sales@coronado.com; Web: www.Coronado.com
- B. Substitutions: As Approved via Addendum

### 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Manufactured Stone Veneer:
  - 1. Profile / Color: Texas Rubble color to be selected
- B. Stone Accessories:

- 1. Profile / Color: Chiseled Stone Water Table / window sill color to be determined
- C. Manufactured Stone Veneer Properties: Units consisting of Portland cement, lightweight aggregates and oxide pigments.
  - 1. Compressive Strength: Tested in accordance with ASTM C39 and ASTM C192, greater than 1800 psi.
  - 2. Shear Bond Test: Tested in accordance with ASTM C482, greater than 50 psi.
  - 3. Water Absorption: Tested in accordance with section 3.1.4 and 4.6 of ICC-ES AC51.
  - 4. Freeze / Thaw: Tested in accordance with ASTM C67, less than 3% mass loss.
  - 5. Unit Weight: Shipping weight is less than 15 lbs. per sq ft, density is determined in accordance with ASTM C567.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Do not begin the installation process until substrates have been properly prepared.
- B. Notify architect of any unsatisfactory preparation of substrate before proceeding.
- C. Correct all unsatisfactory substrate conditions before installation begins.
- D. Verify roofs use proper water displacement methods to direct moisture away from the installed stone veneer.
- E. If substrate surface is questionable, bonding tests should be performed before installation to assess adhesion and confirm proper bonding strength.
- F. Flashing must be installed at wall penetrations and terminations of the stone veneer. Assure that all flashing and kickouts are corrosion resistant, integrated with the WRB properly (when used), and installed in accordance with the local building code requirements.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean all surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.
- B. Use manufacturer surface preparation recommendations to achieve best result.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Product should be pulled from a variety of boxes and blended on site during installation to ensure a consistent overall project color on the wall.
- B. Install in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions. Visit this page for detailed installation instructions https://www.coronado.com/InstallationGuide

- C. Application details and mortar recommendations may vary depending on the stone style. Consult manufacturer for proper installation instructions.
- D. All Classic Series and WoodStone products must be applied with a polymer-modified thinset bonding mortar meeting ANSI A118.4 or ANSI 118.15.
- E. All applications in freeze-thaw environments require a polymer-modified mortar.

## 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Installed manufactured stone veneer can be cleaned with a mild soap and water solution.
- B. Cleaning efflorescence can be done by lightly scrubbing the face of the stone with a soft bristle brush and water. In some cases, a 25% vinegar 75% water solution may need to be used. Do not use any harsh cleaning methods to remove efflorescence.
- C. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged stone before completion of project.
- D. Water repellents and enhancers can be used to further protect a finished project. Only breathable, penetrating water-based silane water repellents should be used.

## SECTION 061000 - ROUGH CARPENTRY

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Wood blocking , cants, and nailers.
  - 2. Wood furring and grounds.
  - 3. Wood sleepers.
  - 4. Plywood backing panels.

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Certificates: For dimension lumber specified to comply with minimum allowable unit stresses. Indicate species and grade selected for each use and design values approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- B. Evaluation Reports: For the following, from ICC-ES:
  - 1. Wood-preservative-treated wood.
  - 2. Power-driven fasteners.
  - 3. Metal framing anchors.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 WOOD PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, comply with the applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review. Grade lumber by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
  - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
  - 2. For exposed lumber indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, mark grade stamp on end or back of each piece .
  - 3. Dress lumber, S4S, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Lumber: 15 percent for 2-inch nominal thickness or less; 19 percent for more than 2-inch nominal thickness unless otherwise indicated.

### 2.2 WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED LUMBER

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC2 for interior construction not in contact with ground, Use Category UC3b for exterior construction not in contact with ground, and Use Category UC4a for items in contact with ground.
  - 1. Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium. Do not use inorganic boron (SBX) for sill plates.
- B. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent. Do not use material that is warped or that does not comply with requirements for untreated material.
- C. Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- D. Application: Treat all rough carpentry unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, stripping, and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers, and waterproofing.
  - 2. Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, furring, stripping, and similar concealed members in contact with masonry or concrete.
  - 3. Wood framing and furring attached directly to the interior of below-grade exterior masonry or concrete walls.
  - 4. Wood framing members that are less than 18 inches above the ground in crawlspaces or unexcavated areas.
  - 5. Wood floor plates that are installed over concrete slabs-on-grade.

# 2.3 FIRE-RETARDANT-TREATED MATERIALS

- A. General: Where fire-retardant-treated materials are indicated, materials shall comply with requirements in this article, that are acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and with fire-test-response characteristics specified as determined by testing identical products per test method indicated by a qualified testing agency.
- B. Fire-Retardant-Treated Lumber and Plywood by Pressure Process: Products with a flame-spread index of 25 or less when tested according to ASTM E84, and with no evidence of significant progressive combustion when the test is extended an additional 20 minutes, and with the flame front not extending more than 10.5 feet beyond the centerline of the burners at any time during the test.
  - 1. Exterior Type: Treated materials shall comply with requirements specified above for fireretardant-treated lumber and plywood by pressure process after being subjected to accelerated weathering according to ASTM D2898. Use for exterior locations and where indicated.
  - 2. Interior Type A: Treated materials shall have a moisture content of 28 percent or less when tested according to ASTM D3201 at 92 percent relative humidity. Use where exterior type is not indicated.
- C. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to maximum moisture content of 19 percent.

- D. Identify fire-retardant-treated wood with appropriate classification marking of qualified testing agency.
- E. Application: Treat all rough carpentry unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Framing for raised platforms.
  - 2. Concealed blocking.
  - 3. Framing for non-load-bearing partitions.
  - 4. Framing for non-load-bearing exterior walls.
  - 5. Roof construction.
  - 6. Plywood backing panels.

# 2.4 DIMENSION LUMBER FRAMING

### 2.5 MISCELLANEOUS LUMBER

- A. General: Provide miscellaneous lumber indicated and lumber for support or attachment of other construction, including the following:
  - 1. Blocking.
  - 2. Nailers.
  - 3. Rooftop equipment bases and support curbs.
  - 4. Cants.
  - 5. Furring.
  - 6. Grounds.
- B. Dimension Lumber Items: Construction or No. 2 grade lumber of any species.
- C. Concealed Boards: 15 percent maximum moisture content and any of the following species and grades:
  - 1. Mixed southern pine or southern pine; No. 2 grade; SPIB.

### 2.6 PLYWOOD BACKING PANELS

A. Equipment Backing Panels: Plywood, DOC PS 1, , fire-retardant treated, in thickness indicated or, if not indicated, not less than 3/4-inch nominal thickness.

# 2.7 FASTENERS

- A. General: Fasteners shall be of size and type indicated and shall comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
  - 1. Where rough carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, pressure-preservative treated, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners with hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A153/A153M.

B. Power-Driven Fasteners: Fastener systems with an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC70.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Set rough carpentry to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit rough carpentry accurately to other construction. Locate furring, nailers, blocking, grounds, and similar supports to comply with requirements for attaching other construction.
- B. Comply with AWPA M4 for applying field treatment to cut surfaces of preservative-treated lumber.
- C. Where wood-preservative-treated lumber is installed adjacent to metal decking, install continuous flexible flashing separator between wood and metal decking.
- D. Securely attach rough carpentry work to substrate by anchoring and fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
  - 1. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's International Building Code (IBC).
  - 2. ICC-ES evaluation report for fastener.

### 3.2 **PROTECTION**

- A. Protect wood that has been treated with inorganic boron (SBX) from weather. If, despite protection, inorganic boron-treated wood becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.
- B. Protect rough carpentry from weather. If, despite protection, rough carpentry becomes wet enough that moisture content exceeds that specified, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.

### SECTION 061753 - SHOP-FABRICATED WOOD TRUSSES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Wood roof trusses.
  - 2. Wood floor trusses.
  - 3. Wood girder trusses.

#### 1.2 ALLOWANCES

A. Provide wood truss bracing under the Metal-Plate-Connected Truss Bracing Allowance as specified in Section 012100 "Allowances."

# 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For metal-plate connectors, metal truss accessories, and fasteners.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for trusses.
  - 1. Show location, pitch, span, camber, configuration, and spacing for each type of truss required.
  - 2. Indicate sizes, stress grades, and species of lumber.
  - 3. Indicate locations of permanent bracing required to prevent buckling of individual truss members due to design loads.
  - 4. Indicate locations, sizes, and materials for permanent bracing required to prevent buckling of individual truss members due to design loads.
  - 5. Indicate type, size, material, finish, design values, orientation, and location of metal connector plates.
  - 6. Show splice details and bearing details.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For metal-plate-connected wood trusses indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

# 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Certificates: For metal-plate-connected wood trusses, signed by officer of trussfabricating firm.
- B. Evaluation Reports: For the following, from ICC-ES:

- 1. Metal-plate connectors.
- 2. Metal truss accessories.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Metal Connector-Plate Manufacturer Qualifications: A manufacturer that is a member of TPI and that complies with quality-control procedures in TPI 1 for manufacture of connector plates.
  - 1. Manufacturer's responsibilities include providing professional engineering services needed to assume engineering responsibility.
  - 2. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of Shop Drawings and comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer.
- B. Fabricator Qualifications: Shop that participates in a recognized quality-assurance program, complies with quality-control procedures in TPI 1, and involves third-party inspection by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to Architect and authorities having jurisdiction and is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Handle and store trusses to comply with recommendations in SBCA BCSI, "Building Component Safety Information: Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining, & Bracing Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses."

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design metal-plate-connected wood trusses.
- B. Structural Performance: Metal-plate-connected wood trusses shall be capable of withstanding design loads within limits and under conditions indicated. Comply with requirements in TPI 1.
- C. Comply with applicable requirements and recommendations of TPI 1, TPI DSB, and SBCA BCSI.
- D. Wood Structural Design Standard: Comply with applicable requirements in AF&PA's "National Design Specifications for Wood Construction" and its "Supplement."

### 2.2 DIMENSION LUMBER

A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the American Lumber Standard Committee (ALSC) Board of Review. Provide lumber graded by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.

- 1. Provide dry lumber with 15 percent maximum moisture content at time of dressing.
- B. Permanent Bracing: Provide wood bracing that complies with requirements for miscellaneous lumber in Section 061000 "Rough Carpentry."

### 2.3 METAL CONNECTOR PLATES

- A. Fabricate connector plates to comply with TPI 1.
- B. Hot-Dip Galvanized-Steel Sheet: ASTM A653/A653M; Structural Steel (SS), high-strength low-alloy steel Type A (HSLAS Type A), or high-strength low-alloy steel Type B (HSLAS Type B); G60 coating designation; and not less than 0.036 inch thick.

### 2.4 FASTENERS

- A. Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
  - 1. Provide fasteners for use with metal framing anchors that comply with written recommendations of metal framing manufacturer.
  - 2. Where trusses are exposed to weather, in ground contact, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners with hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A153/A153M.
- B. Nails, Brads, and Staples: ASTM F1667.

### 2.5 METAL FRAMING ANCHORS AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Allowable design loads, as published by manufacturer, shall comply with or exceed those indicated. Manufacturer's published values shall be determined from empirical data or by rational engineering analysis and demonstrated by comprehensive testing performed by a qualified independent testing agency. Framing anchors shall be punched for fasteners adequate to withstand same loads as framing anchors.
- B. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: Hot-dip, zinc-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A653/A653M, G60 coating designation.

### 2.6 FABRICATION

- A. Assemble truss members in design configuration indicated; use jigs or other means to ensure uniformity and accuracy of assembly, with joints closely fitted to comply with tolerances in TPI 1. Position members to produce design camber indicated.
  - 1. Fabricate wood trusses within manufacturing tolerances in TPI 1.
- B. Connect truss members by metal connector plates located and securely embedded simultaneously in both sides of wood members by air or hydraulic press.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install wood trusses only after supporting construction is in place and is braced and secured.
- B. If trusses are delivered to Project site in more than one piece, assemble trusses before installing.
- C. Hoist trusses in place by lifting equipment suited to sizes and types of trusses required, exercising care not to damage truss members or joints by out-of-plane bending or other causes.
- D. Install and brace trusses according to TPI recommendations and as indicated.
- E. Anchor trusses securely at bearing points; use metal truss tie-downs or floor truss hangers as applicable. Install fasteners through each fastener hole in metal framing anchors according to manufacturer's fastening schedules and written instructions.
- F. Securely connect each truss ply required for forming built-up girder trusses.
- G. Install and fasten permanent bracing during truss erection and before construction loads are applied. Anchor ends of permanent bracing where terminating at walls or beams.
  - 1. Install bracing to comply with Section 061000 "Rough Carpentry." Section 061053 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry."
  - 2. Install and fasten strongback bracing vertically against vertical web of parallel-chord floor trusses at centers indicated.
- H. Install wood trusses within installation tolerances in TPI 1.
- I. Do not alter trusses in field. Do not cut, drill, notch, or remove truss members.
- J. Replace wood trusses that are damaged or do not comply with requirements.

## SECTION 062013 - EXTERIOR FINISH CARPENTRY

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Exterior wood trim.
  - 2. Plywood sheathing.
  - 3. Plywood soffits.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, comply with applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the American Lumber Standard Committee's (ALSC) Board of Review. Grade lumber by an agency certified by the ALSC's Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
  - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of inspection agency, indicating grade, species, moisture content at time of surfacing, and mill.
  - 2. For exposed lumber, mark grade stamp on end or back of each piece.
- B. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1.
- C. Hardboard: ANSI A135.4.

### 2.2 PLYWOOD SHEATHING

- A. Plywood Type: APA-rated siding in panel sizes indicated.
- B. Thickness: 5/8 inch .
- C. Face Species: Southern pine .
- D. Surface: Smooth .

#### 2.3 PLYWOOD SOFFITS

- A. Plywood Type: Exterior, Grade B-C.
- B. Thickness: 3/8 inch .

- C. Face Species: Southern pine .
- D. Surface: Smooth .

# 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Fasteners for Exterior Finish Carpentry: Provide nails or screws, in sufficient length to penetrate not less than 1-1/2 inches into wood substrate.
- B. Flashing: Comply with requirements in Section 076200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for flashing materials installed in exterior finish carpentry.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrates of projections and substances detrimental to application.
- B. Prime lumber and moldings to be painted, including both faces and edges, unless factory primed.
  - 1. Cut to required lengths and prime ends.
  - 2. Comply with requirements in Section 099113 "Exterior Painting."

### 3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install exterior finish carpentry level, plumb, true, and aligned with adjacent materials.
  - 1. Use concealed shims where necessary for alignment.
  - 2. Scribe and cut exterior finish carpentry to fit adjoining work.
  - 3. Refinish and seal cuts as recommended by manufacturer.
  - 4. Install to tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches for level and plumb. Install adjoining exterior finish carpentry with 1/32-inch maximum offset for flush installation and 1/16-inch maximum offset for reveal installation.
  - 5. Coordinate exterior finish carpentry with materials and systems in or adjacent to it.
  - 6. Provide cutouts for mechanical and electrical items that penetrate exterior finish carpentry.

## SECTION 062023 - INTERIOR FINISH CARPENTRY

### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Window Stools

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, comply with applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the American Lumber Standard Committee's (ALSC) Board of Review. Grade lumber by an agency certified by the ALSC's Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
  - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
- B. Hardboard: ANSI A135.4.

### 2.2 INTERIOR TRIM

- A. Hardwood Lumber Trim for Transparent Finish (Stain or Clear Finish):
  - 1. Species and Grade: Red oak Stained and Sealed
  - 2. Finger Jointing: Not allowed.
  - 3. Veneered Material: Not allowed .
  - 4. Face Surface: Surfaced (smooth).
  - 5. Matching: Selected for compatible grain and color.

### 2.3 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Fasteners for Interior Finish Carpentry: Nails, screws, and other anchoring devices of type, size, material, and finish required for application indicated to provide secure attachment, concealed where possible.
- B. Glue: Aliphatic-resin, polyurethane, or resorcinol wood glue recommended by manufacturer for general carpentry use.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrates of projections and substances detrimental to application.
- B. Before installing interior finish carpentry, condition materials to average prevailing humidity in installation areas for a minimum of 24 hours.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install interior finish carpentry level, plumb, true, and aligned with adjacent materials.
  - 1. Use concealed shims where necessary for alignment.
  - 2. Scribe and cut interior finish carpentry to fit adjoining work. Refinish and seal cuts as recommended by manufacturer.
  - 3. Where face fastening is unavoidable, countersink fasteners, fill surface flush, and sand unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Install to tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches for level and plumb. Install adjoining interior finish carpentry with 1/32-inch maximum offset for flush installation and 1/16-inch maximum offset for reveal installation.
  - 5. Coordinate interior finish carpentry with materials and systems in or adjacent to it. Provide cutouts for mechanical and electrical items that penetrate interior finish carpentry.

# SECTION 064116 - PLASTIC-LAMINATE-CLAD ARCHITECTURAL CABINETS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Plastic-laminate-clad architectural cabinets.
  - 2. Cabinet hardware and accessories.
  - 3. Wood furring, blocking, shims, and hanging strips for installing plastic-laminate-clad architectural cabinets that are not concealed within other construction.

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include data for fire-retardant treatment from chemical-treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

### 1.3 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations without Humidity Control: Do not deliver or install cabinets until building is enclosed, wet-work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at levels planned for building occupants during the remainder of the construction period.
- B. Environmental Limitations with Humidity Control: Do not deliver or install cabinets until building is enclosed, wet-work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature between 60 and 90 deg F and relative humidity between 43 and 70 percent during the remainder of the construction period.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PLASTIC-LAMINATE-CLAD ARCHITECTURAL CABINETS

- A. Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with the Architectural Woodwork Standards for grades of cabinets indicated for construction, finishes, installation, and other requirements.
- B. Type of Construction: Face frame.
- C. Door and Drawer-Front Style: Flush overlay.
- D. High-Pressure Decorative Laminate: NEMA LD 3, grades as indicated or if not indicated, as required by quality standard.
- E. Laminate Cladding for Exposed Surfaces:
  - 1. Horizontal Surfaces: Grade HGS .
  - 2. Postformed Surfaces: Grade HGP.
  - 3. Vertical Surfaces: Grade VGS.
  - 4. Edges: PVC tape, 0.018-inch minimum thickness, matching laminate in color, pattern, and finish .
  - 5. Pattern Direction: As indicated.
- F. Concealed Backs of Panels with Exposed Plastic-Laminate Surfaces: High-pressure decorative laminate, NEMA LD 3, Grade BKL.
- G. Drawer Construction: Fabricate with exposed fronts fastened to subfront with mounting screws from interior of body.
- H. Colors, Patterns, and Finishes: Provide materials and products that result in colors and textures of exposed laminate surfaces complying with the following requirements:
  - 1. As Noted on Drawings

### 2.2 WOOD MATERIALS

- A. Wood Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for each type of architectural cabinet and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Composite Wood Products: Provide materials that comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for each type of architectural cabinet and quality grade specified unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Medium-Density Fiberboard (MDF): ANSI A208.2, Grade 130.
  - 2. Particleboard (Medium Density): ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2.

3. Thermally Fused Laminate (TFL) Panels: Particleboard or MDF finished with thermally fused, melamine-impregnated decorative paper and complying with requirements of NEMA LD 3, Grade VGL, for Test Methods 3.3, 3.4, 3.6, 3.8, and 3.10.

# 2.3 CABINET HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Provide cabinet hardware and accessory materials associated with architectural cabinets except for items specified in Section 087100 "Door Hardware."
- B. Frameless Concealed Hinges (European Type): ANSI/BHMA A156.9, B01602, 170 degrees of opening.
- C. Back-Mounted Pulls: ANSI/BHMA A156.9, B02011.
- D. Wire Pulls: Back mounted, solid metal, 4 inches long, 5/16 inch in diameter.
- E. Adjustable Shelf Standards and Supports: ANSI/BHMA A156.9, B04071; with shelf rests, B04081.
- F. Shelf Rests: ANSI/BHMA A156.9, B04013; metal Route bottoms of all shelves to receive pins..
- G. Drawer Slides: Blum MetaBox or approved equal
- H. Door Locks: ANSI/BHMA A156.11, E07121.
- I. Drawer Locks: ANSI/BHMA A156.11, E07041.
- J. Door and Drawer Silencers: ANSI/BHMA A156.16, L03011.
- K. Grommets for Cable Passage: 2-inch OD, molded-plastic grommets and matching plastic caps with slot for wire passage.
  - 1. Color: To Be Selected .
- L. Exposed Hardware Finishes: For exposed hardware, provide finish that complies with ANSI/BHMA A156.18 for ANSI/BHMA finish number indicated.
  - 1. Satin Stainless Steel: ANSI/BHMA 630.
- M. For concealed hardware, provide manufacturer's standard finish that complies with product class requirements in ANSI/BHMA A156.9.

### 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Furring, Blocking, Shims, and Hanging Strips: Softwood or hardwood lumber, kiln-dried to less than 15 percent moisture content.

- B. Anchors: Select material, type, size, and finish required for each substrate for secure anchorage. Provide metal expansion sleeves or expansion bolts for post-installed anchors. Use nonferrousmetal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts at inside face of exterior walls and at floors.
- C. Adhesive for Bonding Plastic Laminate: Contact cement .
  - 1. Adhesive for Bonding Edges: Hot-melt adhesive.

# 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. Complete fabrication, including assembly and hardware application, to maximum extent possible before shipment to Project site. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation. Where necessary for fitting at site, provide ample allowance for scribing, trimming, and fitting.
- B. Shop-cut openings to maximum extent possible to receive hardware, appliances, electrical work, and similar items. Locate openings accurately and use templates or roughing-in diagrams to produce accurately sized and shaped openings. Sand edges of cutouts to remove splinters and burrs.
- C. Install glass to comply with applicable requirements in Section 088000 "Glazing" and in GANA's "Glazing Manual."
  - 1. For glass in frames, secure glass with removable stops.
  - 2. For exposed glass edges, polish and grind smooth.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Before installation, condition cabinets to humidity conditions in installation areas for not less than 72 hours.
- B. Architectural Woodwork Standards Grade: Install cabinets to comply with quality standard grade of item to be installed.
- C. Anchor cabinets to anchors or blocking built in or directly attached to substrates. Secure with wafer-head cabinet installation screws.
- D. Install cabinets level, plumb, and true in line to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches using concealed shims.
  - 1. Scribe and cut cabinets to fit adjoining work, refinish cut surfaces, and repair damaged finish at cuts.
  - 2. Install cabinets without distortion so doors and drawers fit openings and are accurately aligned. Adjust hardware to center doors and drawers in openings and to provide

unencumbered operation. Complete installation of hardware and accessory items as indicated.

3. Fasten wall cabinets through back, near top and bottom, and at ends not more than 16 inches o.c. with No. 10 wafer-head screws sized for not less than 1-1/2-inch penetration into wood framing, blocking, or hanging strips .

## 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspections: Provide inspection of installed Work through AWI's Quality Certification Program certifying that woodwork, including installation, complies with requirements of the Architectural Woodwork Standards for the specified grade.
  - 1. Inspection entity shall prepare and submit report of inspection.

## SECTION 072100 - THERMAL INSULATION

### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Acoustical Glass-fiber blanket insulation.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 072119 "Foamed-in-Place Insulation" for spray-applied polyurethane foam insulation.
  - 2. Section 092900 "Gypsum Board" for sound attenuation blanket used as acoustic insulation.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Glass-fiber blanket insulation.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Product Test Reports: For each product, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect insulation materials from physical damage and from deterioration due to moisture, soiling, and other sources. Store inside and in a dry location. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for handling, storing, and protecting during installation.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 GLASS-FIBER BLANKET INSULATION

- A. Glass-Fiber Blanket Insulation, Unfaced : ASTM C665, Type I; passing ASTM E136 for combustion characteristics.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. CertainTeed LLC; Saint-Gobain North America.
    - b. Johns Manville; a Berkshire Hathaway company.
    - c. Knauf Insulation.
    - d. Owens Corning.
  - 2. Flame-Spread Index: Not more than 25 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
  - 3. Smoke-Developed Index: Not more than 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
  - 4. Location:
    - a. Interior Partitions from floor to ceiling
    - b. Ceilings: Lay on ceiling extending a minimum of 24 inches out from face of wall each side of patition.

### 2.2 ACCESSORIES

- A. Insulation for Miscellaneous Voids:
  - 1. Glass-Fiber Insulation: ASTM C764, Type II, loose fill; with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 5, per ASTM E84.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Comply with insulation manufacturer's written instructions applicable to products and applications.
- B. Install insulation that is undamaged, dry, and unsoiled and that has not been left exposed to ice, rain, or snow at any time.
- C. Extend insulation to envelop entire area to be insulated. Fit tightly around obstructions and fill voids with insulation. Remove projections that interfere with placement.
- D. Provide sizes to fit applications and selected from manufacturer's standard thicknesses, widths, and lengths. Apply single layer of insulation units unless multiple layers are otherwise shown or required to make up total thickness or to achieve R-value.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION OF INSULATION IN FRAMED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Blanket Insulation: Install in cavities formed by framing members according to the following requirements:
  - 1. Use insulation widths and lengths that fill the cavities formed by framing members. If more than one length is required to fill the cavities, provide lengths that will produce a snug fit between ends.
  - 2. Place insulation in cavities formed by framing members to produce a friction fit between edges of insulation and adjoining framing members.
  - 3. Maintain 3-inch clearance of insulation around recessed lighting fixtures not rated for or protected from contact with insulation.
  - For wood-framed construction, install blankets according to ASTM C1320 and as follows:
     a. Unfaced blankets friction fit between studs.

# 3.3 **PROTECTION**

- A. Protect installed insulation from damage due to harmful weather exposures, physical abuse, and other causes.
- B. Provide temporary coverings or enclosures where insulation is subject to abuse and cannot be concealed and protected by permanent construction immediately after installation.

## SECTION 072119 - FOAMED-IN-PLACE INSULATION

### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Closed-cell spray polyurethane foam.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 072100 "Thermal Insulation" for foam-plastic board insulation.

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Product Test Reports: For each product, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
- C. Evaluation Reports: For spray-applied polyurethane foam-plastic insulation, from ICC-ES.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 CLOSED-CELL SPRAY POLYURETHANE FOAM

A. Closed-Cell Spray Polyurethane Foam: ASTM C1029, Type II, minimum density of 1.5 lb/cu. ft. and minimum aged R-value at 1-inch thickness of 6.2 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu at 75 deg F.

- 1. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - a. Flame-Spread Index: 75 or less.
  - b. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
- 2. Fire Propagation Characteristics: Passes NFPA 285 testing as part of an approved assembly.

### 2.2 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Primer: Material recommended by insulation manufacturer where required for adhesion of insulation to substrates.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Verify that substrates are clean, dry, and free of substances that are harmful to insulation.
- B. Priming: Prime substrates where recommended by insulation manufacturer. Apply primer to comply with insulation manufacturer's written instructions. Confine primers to areas to be insulated; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with insulation manufacturer's written instructions applicable to products and applications.
- B. Spray insulation to envelop entire area to be insulated and fill voids.
- C. Apply in multiple passes to not exceed maximum thicknesses recommended by manufacturer. Do not spray into rising foam.
- D. Framed Construction: Install into cavities formed by framing members to achieve thickness indicated on Drawings.
- E. Cavity Walls: Install into cavities to thickness indicated on Drawings .
- F. Miscellaneous Voids: Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions.

#### 3.3 **PROTECTION**

A. Protect installed insulation from damage due to harmful weather exposures, physical abuse, and other causes.

### SECTION 072500 - WEATHER BARRIERS

### PART 1 - PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contracts, including General and Supplementary conditions, apply to this section.

#### 1.2 SUMMERY

A. Application of fluid-applied weather-resistive barrier membrane system to CMU and concrete surfaces at exterior walls.

#### 1.3 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Coordinate Work of this Section with work of other sections, including Division 01 Sections, as required to properly execute the work and as necessary to maintain satisfactory progress of the work.
  - 1. 061000 Rough Carpentry
  - 2. 072100 Building Insulation
  - 3. 076200 Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim
  - 4. 09 24 00 Cement Plaster (Stucco)
  - 5. 09 25 00 Drywall Assemblies (fiberglass gypsum exterior sheathing)

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical information including basic material analysis, surface preparation and installation instructions, performance properties, and Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for each material specified. List each material and cross-reference to the specific barrier membrane system and application. Identify by manufacturer's catalog number and general classification.
- B. Samples: Prepare and submit 12-inch by 12-inch samples on hardboard for Owner Representative's review.
- C. Mock Up Samples: ;Prior to installation of weather-resistive barrier membrane, construct mock up sample of barrier membrane incorporating back-up wall construction, insulation, external cladding, flashings, and door and window frame terminations. Mock up sample to include typical surface preparation, primer application, joint treatment, terminations, and penetrations of the barrier membrane, and application of the barrier membrane to be used in the completed work.
- D. Shop Drawings: submit shop drawings of details for building inside and outside corners, joints, terminations, flashings, roof tie-ins, window and door perimeters and penetrations.

- E. Product Certificates: submit certification for weather-resistive barrier, certifying compatibility of barrier and accessory materials with project material that connect to or that come in contact with the barrier; signed by product manufacturer.
- F. Product Test Reports: Submit certified test report showing compliance with requirements specified for ASTM E2178, "Standard Test Method for Air permeance of Building Materials," based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by qualified testing agency.
- G. Warranty: Submit sample warranty.
- H. Submit results of field adhesion testing.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Single Source Responsibility: Provide primers, membrane flashings, and ancillary materials produced by same manufacturer as barrier membrane. Use only materials approved by the barrier membrane manufacturer, and use only within recommended limits.
- B. Manufacturer: Barrier systems shall be manufactured and marketed by a firm with a minimum of 10 years' experience in the production and sales of waterproofing and weather-resistive barriers. Manufacturers shall demonstrate evidence of ability to meet all requirement s specified, and include a list of projects of similar design and complexity completed within the past five years.
- C. Installer: Firm having not less than five years successful experience in comparable projects and employing personnel skilled in restoration processes and barrier applications.
- D. Adhesion Tests: Perform adhesion tests on installed cured samples of barrier on Fiberglass-Drywall Composite Sheathing prior to beginning barrier membrane installation. Submit adhesion test results to owner's Representative.
  - 1. Perform a set of three adhesion tests on installed cured sample of barrier on substrate in accordance with ASTM D 4541, "Standard Test method for Pull Off Strength of Coatings Using Potable Adhesion Testers."
  - 2. Perform a set of three adhesion tests on installed cured sample of barrier on substrate in accordance with ASTM D 3359, Test Method A, "Standard Test Method for Measuring Adhesion by Tape Test.
- E. Pre-Installation Conference: A pre-installation conference shall be held prior to commencement of field operations to establish procedures to maintain optimum working conditions and to coordinate this work with related and adjacent work. Pre-Installation conference shall include the Contractor, installer, Owner's Representative, and system manufacturer's field representative. Agenda for meeting shall include but not be limited to the following:
  - 1. Review of submittals
  - 2. Review of surface preparation, minimum curing period and installation procedures
  - 3. Review of special details and flashings
  - 4. Sequence of construction, responsibilities and schedule for subsequent operations
  - 5. Review of mock-up requirements
  - 6. Review of inspection, testing, protection and repair procedures

### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:

- A. Deliver materials in original, new, unopened packages and containers earing manufacturer's name and label, and following information:
  - 1. Manufacturer's name.
  - 2. Name or title of material and type of membrane.
  - 3. Federal specification number, if applicable.
  - 4. Manufacturer's stock number, date of manufacture, and batch number.
  - 5. Contents by volume, for major pigment and vehicle constituents.
  - 6. Mixing instructions.
  - 7. Application instructions.
- B. Store and handle in strict compliance with manufacturer's instructions, recommendations and material safety data sheets.
- C. Protect from damage from sunlight, weather, excessive temperature and construction operations.
- D. Store materials not in actual use in tightly covered containers outside of building. Maintain containers used in storage of barrier materials in a clean and dry condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
- E. Store rags, solvents, and barrier materials in closed metal container, located in designated areas.
- F. Keep storage area neat and orderly.
- G. Remove rags and waste daily.
- H. Do not double-stack pallets of fluid-applied barrier membrane components on the job site.
- I. Provide cover on top and all sides, allowing for adequate ventilation.
- J. Protect from freezing and extreme heat where necessary.
- K. Remove damaged material from the site and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.
- L. Take precautions to ensure that workmen and work areas are adequately protected from fire hazards and health hazards resulting from handling, mixing and application of special coatings.
- M. Take all precautions require to prevent fires.

### 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS:

- A. Do not apply barrier membrane when the temperature of surfaces to be coated and the surrounding air temperatures are below 45 degrees Fahrenheit, unless otherwise permittee by membrane manufacturer's printed instructions.
- B. Do not apply membrane when rain is anticipated within twenty-four hours of the membrane applications.

- C. Do not apply membrane when temperature are expected to fall below 32 degrees Fahrenheit within twenty-four hours of the membrane application.
- D. Protect substrates from environmental conditions that affect the performance of the weatherresistive barrier membrane.
- E. Do not apply barrier membrane in snow, rain, fog or mist, or when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent, or to damp or wet surfaces unless otherwise permitted by the barrier membrane manufacturer's printed instructions.
- F. Membrane application work may b continued during inclement weather only if areas and surfaces to be coated are enclosed and heated within temperature limits specified by the membrane manufacturer during application and curing periods.
- G. Furnish and erect temporary barricad3es and protection at pedestrian walkways and at points of entrance and exit.
- H. Prepare for and use great caution and control to prevent overspray on adjacent building, cars or other adjacent improvements and stop all operations should wind velocities prevent properly controlling overspray.

### 1.8 SEQUENCEING AND SCHEDULING:

A. Coordinate barrier membrane application with related or adjacent work to prevent damage, staining, or discoloration of new barrier membrane and other building systems. Repair damage at no additional cost to Owner.

### 1.9 WARRANTY:

- A. Manufacturer's Guarantee: Provide written five year manufacturer's labor and material guarantee against leakage, defect in workmanship, and failure of the material from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Contractor's Warranty: provide Owner a written two year Contractor's labor and material warranty against leakage and defects in workmanship and material from date of Substantial Completion.

#### 1.10 **REFERENCES**:

- A. American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM)
- B. Air Barrier Association of America (ABAA).

# PART 2 - PART 2 – PRODUCTS

## 2.1 FLUID-APPLIED WEATHER RESISTIVE BARRIER:

- A. Fluid-applied Weather-Resistive Barrier Membrane (First Layer weather barrier of Two):
  - 1. DuPont Tyvek Fluid Applied WB
  - 2. Or as pre-approved equal by addendum.
- B. Air and Water Barrier Wrap : (Second Layer weather barrier of Two)
  - 1. DuPont Tyvek CommercialWrap
- C. Transition Membrane:
  - 1. "Dupont Tyvek" Self Adhered
  - 2. Or as pre-approved equal by addendum.
- D. Flexible Wall Flashing Membrane:
  - 1. "Dupoint Tyvek" Flashing
  - 2. Or as pre-approved equal by addendum
- E. Flexible Aluminum Foil-Clad Flashing membrane:
  - 1. "Foilskin/Metal clad", Henry
  - 2. Or as pre-approved equal by addendum
- F. Flexible Flashing Primer:
  - 1. "Dupont Tyvek" Recommended Primer
  - 2. Or as pre-approved equal by addendum
- G. Joint Filler:
  - 1. Dupont Tyvek" Joint Filler and Sealant
  - 2. Or as pre-approved equal by addendum.

### PART 3 - PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 **PROTECTION**:

- A. Protect work of other trades, whether to receive barrier membrane or not, against damage.
- B. Protect doors, windows, elevated slab edges, light fixtures, alarm systems, cameras, and conduits. Pipe penetrations, and air conditioners and sleeves in areas to receive the barrier membrane.

C. Prepare for and use great caution and control to prevent overspray on adjacent building, cars or other adjacent improvements and stop all operations should wind velocities prevent properly controlling overspray.

### 3.2 PREPARATION:

- A. Verify that substrates and conditions are ready to accept the work of this section. Notify Consultant in writing of any discrepancies. Commencement of the work or any parts thereof shall mean acceptance of he prepared substrates.
- B. All surfaces must be sound, dry, clean and free of oil, grease, dirt, excess mortar or other containments detrimental to the adhesion of the barrier and flexible flashing membranes. Fill voids, gaps and spalled areas in substrate to provide an even plane.
- C. Remove all dirt, dust, loose particles, lose or delaminated [paint, oil, grease, laitance, efflorescence, mold, mildew, and other foreign material. Substrate shall be dry.
- D. Use methods that are acceptable to manufacturer of the fluid-applied barrier assembly.
- E. Fill all voids and holes, particularly in the mortar joints, with a lean mortar mix, non-shrinking grout, parge coat, or sealant as recommended by the barrier manufacturer.
- F. Remove fins, ridges, excess mortar, and other projects.
- G. At changes in substrate plane, apply sealant or mastic at sharp corners and edges to form a smooth transition from one plane to another.
- H. Cover gaps in substrate plane and form a smooth transition from one substrate plane to another with stainless-steel sheet mechanically fastened to substrate to provide continuous support for barrier membrane.
- I. Joint Preparation: Prepare, treat, rout, and fill joints in substrate according to ASTM C1193 and barrier manufacturer's written instructions.
- J. Mask over adjoining surfaces not to receive barrier membrane to prevent spillage and overspray affecting other construction.

### 3.3 BARRIER MEMBRANE APPLICATION:

- A. Fluid Applied Barrier Membrane Application-:
  - 1. Apply barrier membrane over plywood sheathing to achieve a continuous barrier accoding to barrier manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 2. Apply barrier membrane within manufacturer's recommended application temperature ranges.
  - 3. Apply a continuous unbroken barrier to substrates according to the following minum thickness.
    - a. 90-mil to 100-mil wet film thickness, or as required by the barrier membrane manufacturer.

- b. 42-mil to 60 mil dry wet film thickness, or as required by the barrier membrane manufacturer.
- 4. Apply membrane in full contact around protrusions.
- 5. Apply barrier membrane as pinhole free, continuous membrane.
- 6. Correct deficiencies in, or remove barrier that does not comply with the project requirements. Repair substrates and reapply barrier components.
- 7. Do not cover barrier until it has been tested and inspected by Owner's Representative.
- 8. Roller Applications: On porous substrates, backroom to eliminate pinholing. Do not dry roll.
- 9. Match approved samples for coverage and dry film thickness.
- 10. Remove masking immediately after completion of barrier membrane application.
- 11. Apply cut sections of barrier manufacturer's transition membrane or flexible wall flashing membrane at all fastener locations through the barrier, including all furring channels, C-shaped members, and Z-shaped members. Cut section of transition membrane is to extend a minimum of 1-1/2-inch in all directions around the fastener.
- B. Commercial Wrap Application:
  - 1. Install weather barrier over fluid applied weather barrier to provide two layers of protection as required by Code.
  - 2. Start installation at a building corner, leaving 6-12 inches if weather barrier extended beyond corner to overlap.
  - 3. Install weather barrier in a horizontal manner starting at the lower portion of the wall surface. Maintain weather barrier plumb and level
  - 4. Extend bottom roll edge over sill plate interface 2" to 3" minimum. Seal weather barrier with sealant or tape. Shingle weather barrier over back edge of thru-wall flashings and seal weather barrier with sealant or tape.
  - 5. Subsequent layers shall overlap lower layers a minimum of 6 inches horizontally in a shingling manner.
  - 6. Window and Door Openings: Extend weather barrier completely over openings.
  - 7. Attach weather barrier to studs through exterior sheathing. Secure using weather barrier manufacturer recommended fasteners, spaced 12 -18 inches vertically on center along stud line, and 24 inch on center, maximum horizontally.
  - 8. Seal seams of weather barrier with seam tape at all vertical and horizontal overlapping seams.
  - 9. Seal any tears or cuts as recommended by weather barrier manufacturer.
  - 10. Cut weather barrier in an "I -cut" pattern. A modified I-cut is also acceptable.
    - a. Cut weather barrier horizontally along the bottom and top of the window opening.
    - b. From the top center of the window opening, cut weather barrier vertically down to the sill
    - c. Fold side and bottom weather barrier flaps into window opening and fasten.
    - d. Cut a head flap at 45-degree angle in the weather barrier membrane at window head to expose 8 inches of sheathing. Temporarily secure weather barrier membrane flap away from sheathing with tape.
  - 11. Flashing
    - a. Cut 9-inch wide DuPont<sup>™</sup> FlexWrap<sup>™</sup> or DuPont<sup>™</sup> FlexWrap<sup>™</sup> NF a minimum of 12 inches longer than width of sill rough opening. Apply primer as recommended by the manufacturer.
    - b. Cover horizontal sill by aligning DuPont<sup>™</sup> FlexWrap<sup>™</sup> or DuPont<sup>™</sup> FlexWrap<sup>™</sup> NF edge with inside edge of sill. Adhere to rough opening across sill and up jambs

a minimum of 6 inches. Secure flashing tightly into corners by working in along the sill before adhering up the jambs.

- c. Fan DuPont<sup>TM</sup> FlexWrap<sup>TM</sup> or DuPont<sup>TM</sup> FlexWrap<sup>TM</sup> NF at bottom corners onto face of wall. Firmly press in place. Mechanically fasten fanned edges. Mechanical fastening is not required for DuPont<sup>TM</sup> FlexWrap<sup>TM</sup> NF.
- d. On exterior, apply continuous bead of sealant to wall or backside of window mounting flange across jambs and head. Do not apply sealant across sill.
- e. Install window according to manufacturer's instructions
- f. Apply 4-inch wide strips of DuPont<sup>TM</sup> StraightFlash<sup>TM</sup> at jambs overlapping entire mounting flange. Extend jamb flashing 1-inch above top of rough opening and below bottom edge of sill flashing.
- g. Apply 4-inch wide strip of DuPont<sup>TM</sup> StraightFlash<sup>TM</sup> as head flashing overlapping the mounting flange. Head flashing should extend beyond outside edges of both jamb flashings.
- h. Position weather barrier head flap across head flashing. Adhere using 4-inch wide DuPont<sup>TM</sup> StraightFlash<sup>TM</sup> over the 45-degree seams.
- i. Tape head flap in accordance with manufacturer recommendations.
- j. On interior, install backer rod in joint between frame of window and flashed rough framing. Apply sealant around entire window to create air seal. Apply sealant in accordance with sealant manufacturer's instructions and ASTM C1193.

# 3.4 TRANSITION MEMBRANE INSTALLATION

- A. Install strips, transition membrane, and auxiliary materials according to barrier manufacturer's written instruction to form a seal with adjacent construction and maintain a continuous barrier.
- B. Apply primer to substrates to receive transition membrane at required rate and allow to dry. Limit priming to areas that will be covered by transition tape in same day. Re-prime areas exposed fro more than 24 hours.
- C. Connect and seal exterior wall barrier membrane continuously to roofing membrane barrier, concrete below-grade structures, floor-to-floor construction, exterior glazed window wall systems, exterior louvers, exterior door framing, and other construction used in exterior wall openings, using accessory materials.
- D. At end of each working day, seal top edge of strips and transition membrane to substrate with termination sealant.
- E. Apply joint sealants forming part of barrier assembly within sealant manufacturer's recommended application temperature ranges. Consult sealant manufacturer when sealant cannot be applied within these temperature ranges.
- F. Wall Openings: Prime concealed perimeter frame surfaces of window walls storefronts, and doors. Apply transition membrane so that a minimum of 3-inches of coverage is achieved over both substrates. Wrap window, door, and louver openings in wall with aluminum-foil clad flashing membrane and as noted on Drawings.
- G. Roll entire surface of transition membrane firmly with hand-held steel roller immediately after application.

- H. Fill gaps in perimeter frame surfaces of window walls, storefronts, and doors, and miscellaneous penetrations of barrier membrane with foam sealant.
- I. Repair punctures, voids, and deficient lapped seams in strips and transition membrane. Slit and flatten fish-mouths and blisters. Patch with transition membrane extending 6 inches beyond repaired areas in strip direction.

# 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:

- A. Owner reserves right to invoke material testing procedures at any time and any number of times during period of field application.
- B. Contractor will engage services of independent testing laboratory to sample materials being used. Samples of materials delivered to project site will be taken, identified and sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
  - Testing laboratory will perform appropriate tests for any of following characteristics:
     a. Quantitative materials testing and analysis.
  - 2. Contractor will perform field adhesion testing (ASTM D 3359, Test Method A0. Adhesion testing to be performed at the frequency of three tests per 2,000 square feet of barrier installed. Submit the results of the field adhesion testing to the Owner's Representative.
  - 3. Contractor shall patch the test locations using materials and procedures approved by the weather-resistive barrier manufacturer.
  - 4. If test results show materials being used do not comply with specified requirements, Contractor may be dir3ected to stop work, remove non-complying materials, replace barrier membranes, and pay for retesting of the weather-resistive barrier membrane systems.
- C. Inspections: Barrier materials and installation are subject to inspection by Owner's Representative for compliance with requirements. Inspections may include the following:
  - 1. Continuity of barrier system has been achieved throughout the building envelope with no gaps or holes.
  - 2. Continuous structural support of barrier system has been provided
  - 3. Masonry and concrete surfaces are smooth, clean and free of cavities, protrusions and mortar droppings.
  - 4. Seams in wall sheathing systems have been properly sealed and aligned.
  - 5. Maximum exposure time of materials to UV deterioration has not been exceeded.
  - 6. Surfaces have been primed, if applicable.
  - 7. Laps in strips and transition membrane have complied with minimum requirements and have been shingled in the correct direction (or mastic has been applied on exposed edges), with no fish-mouths.
  - 8. Termination sealant has been applied on cut edges.
  - 9. Strips and transition membrane have been firmly adhered to substrate.
  - 10. Compatible materials have been used.
  - 11. Transitions at changes in direction and structural support at gaps have been provided.
  - 12. Connections between assemblies (membrane and sealants) have complied with requirements for cleanliness, preparation and priming of surfaces, structural support, integrity, and continuity of seal.
  - 13. All penetrations have been sealed.

- 3.6 ADJUSTING:
  - A. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing or replacing, and recoating as directed by Consultant. Leave work in undamaged condition. Replace and material or surfaces damaged, or restore if possible, to original condition.
  - B. Repair barrier where fasteners have been installed and withdrawn from substrate.

### 3.7 CLEANING:

- A. During progress of work, remove discarded materials, rubbish, cans, and rags resulting from work from project site daily.
- B. Furnish and lay drop cloths in areas where coating and finishing is being done. Protect roofs, equipment, stairs, and other surfaces from dripping materials. Where it becomes necessary to remove temporary coverings protecting material in place in order to proceed with work, replace or provide other satisfactory means of protection.
- C. Promptly clean off spots of coating, oil, and stains from floors, walls, roof areas, sidewalks, hardware, and other surfaces that would be exposed in the completed work. Do not allow them to accumulate, dry, or harden. Upon completion of the work, check finished surfaces, clean off previously undetected spots and stains used in coating and finishing from the building, and leave entire building in clean condition insofar as coating and finishing work is concerned.
- D. Upon completion of work, clean coating-spattered surfaces. Remove spattered materials by proper methods of washing and scraping, using care not to damage finished surfaces.
- E. Maintain premises free of unnecessary accumulation of tools, equipment, surplus materials, and debris.

## 3.8 **PROTECTION**:

- A. Protect work of other trades against injury or damage during and because of coating and finishing operations.
- B. Provide signs and barricades as required to protect finishes. After coating application, remove temporary protective wrappings provided by others for protection of their work during coatings operation.
- C. Protect barrier system from damage during application and remainder of construction period, according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Protect barrier from exposure to UV light and harmful weather exposure as required by manufacturer. Remove and replace main weather-resistive barrier material exposed from more than 60 days.
- E. Assure general contractor does not permit any other trade from penetrating or damage the surface of the weather-resistive barrier without previously consulted with the installer and barrier

manufacturer regarding re-sealing or providing protective isolator at penetrations and joints in compliance with the manufacturer's guidelines.

END OF SECTION 072500

# SECTION 072600 - VAPOR RETARDERS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Products supplied under this section:
  - 1. Vapor barrier and installation accessories for installation under concrete slabs.

## B. Related sections:

- 1. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete
- 2. Section 072600 Vapor Retarders

# 1.2 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM International:
  - 1. ASTM E1745-17 Standard Specification for Plastic Water Vapor Retarders Used in Contact with Soil or Granular Fill Under Concrete Slabs.
  - 2. ASTM E1643-18a Selection, Design, Installation, and Inspection of Water Vapor Retarders Used in Contact with Earth or Granular Fill Under Concrete Slabs.
- B. Technical Reference American Concrete Institute (ACI):
  - 1. ACI 302.2R-06 Guide for Concrete Slabs that Receive Moisture-Sensitive Flooring Materials.
  - 2. ACI 302.1R-15 Guide to Concrete Floor and Slab Construction.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Quality control/assurance:
  - 1. Summary of test results per paragraph 9.3 of ASTM E1745.
  - 2. Manufacturer's samples and literature.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Vapor barrier shall have all of the following qualities:
  - 1. Maintain permeance of less than 0.01 Perms grains/(ft2 · hr · inHg) as tested in accordance with mandatory conditioning tests per ASTM E1745 Section 7.1 (7.1.1-7.1.5).

- 2. Other performance criteria:
  - a. Strength: ASTM E1745 Class A.
  - b. Thickness: 20 mils minimum
- 3. Provide third party documentation that all testing was performed on a single production roll per ASTM E1745 Section 8.1
- B. Vapor barrier products:
  - 1. Basis of Design: Stego Wrap 20-Mil Vapor Barrier by Stego Industries LLC., (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com

# 2.2 ACCESSORIES

- A. Seams:
  - 1. Stego Tape by Stego Industries LLC, (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com.
- B. Sealing Penetrations of Vapor barrier:
  - 1. Stego Mastic by Stego Industries LLC, (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com.
  - 2. Stego Tape by Stego Industries LLC, (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com.
- C. Perimeter/edge seal:Stego Crete Claw by Stego Industries LLC, (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com.
  - 1. Stego Crete Claw by Stego Industries LLC, (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com
  - 2. Stego Term Bar by Stego Industries LLC, (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com.
  - 3. StegoTack Tape (double-sided sealant tape) by Stego Industries LLC, (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com.
- D. Penetration Prevention:
  - 1. Beast Foot by Stego Industries LLC, (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com.
  - 2. Beast Form Stake by Stego Industries LLC, (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com
- E. Vapor Barrier-Safe Screed System
  - 1. Beast Screed by Stego Industries, LLC, (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com.
  - 2. Beast Hook by Stego Industries, LLC, (877) 464-7834 www.stegoindustries.com.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Ensure that subsoil is approved by Architect or Geotechnical Engineer.
  - 1. Level and compact base material.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Driving stakes through the vapor barrier will not be allowed. Utilize "Penetration Prevention" products as specified.
- B. Install vapor barrier in accordance ASTM E1643.
  - 1. Unroll vapor barrier with the longest dimension parallel with the direction of the concrete placement and face laps away from the expected direction of the placement whenever possible.
  - 2. Extend vapor barrier to the perimeter of the slab. If practicable, terminate it at the top of the slab, otherwise (a) at a point acceptable to the structural engineer or (b) where obstructed by impediments, such as dowels, waterstops, or any other site condition requiring early termination of the vapor barrier. At the point of termination, seal vapor barrier to the foundation wall, grade beam or slab itself.
    - a. Seal vapor barrier to the entire slab perimeter using Stego Crete Claw, per manufacturer's instruction OR
    - b. Seal vapor barrier to the entire perimeter wall or footing/grade beam with double sided StegoTack Tape, or both Stego Term Bar and StegoTack Tape, per manufacturer's instructions. Ensure the concrete is clean and dry prior to adhering tape.
  - 3. Overlap joints 6 inches and seal with manufacturer's seam tape.
  - 4. Apply seam tape/Crete Claw to a clean and dry vapor barrier.
  - 5. Seal all penetrations (including pipes) per manufacturer's instructions.
  - 6. For interior forming applications, avoid the use of non-permanent stakes driven through vapor barrier. Use Beast Form Stake and Beast Foot as a vapor barrier-safe forming system. Ensure Beast Foot's peel-and-stick adhesive base is fully adhered to the vapor barrier.
  - 7. If non-permanent stakes must be driven through vapor retarder, repair as recommended by vapor retarder manufacturer.
  - 8. Use reinforcing bar supports with base sections that eliminate or minimize the potential for puncture of the vapor barrier.
  - 9. Repair damaged areas with vapor barrier material of similar (or better) permeance, puncture and tensile.
  - 10. For vapor barrier-safe concrete screeding applications, install Beast Screed (vapor barriersafe screed system) per manufacturer's instructions prior to placing concrete.

END OF SECTION 072600

# SECTION 072800 - FLUID-APPLIED MEMBRANE AIR AND WATER BARRIERS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes vapor-permeable, fluid-applied air and water barriers.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 044313.16 "Adhered Stone Masonry Veneer" for stone masonry ties and flashing installation.
  - 2. Section 061600 "Sheathing" for wall sheathings and wall sheathing joint-and-penetration treatments.
  - 3. Section 072100 "Thermal Insulation" for installation of exterior insulation.
  - 4. Section 072500 "Weather Barriers" for weather barriers, including flexible flashing and building wraps with air-barrier properties.
  - 5. Section 092400 "Cement Plastering" for installation of stucco.

# 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Weather Barrier: A combination of materials and accessories that do the following:
  - 1. Prevent the accumulation of water as a water-resistive barrier.
  - 2. Minimize the air leakage into or out of the building envelope as a continuous air barrier.
  - 3. Provide sufficient water vapor transmission to enable drying as a vapor-permeable membrane.
- B. Water-Resistive Barrier: A combination of materials and accessories that prevent the accumulation of water within the wall assembly in accordance with IBC Section 1403.2.
  - 1. Primary Layer: Water-resistive barrier (fluid-applied) installed closest to building interior with all flashings and terminations integrated to this layer.
  - 2. Secondary Layer: Outermost part of a double-layer system and where drainage is required behind claddings such as stucco, adhered masonry, and installation methods utilizing a lath.
- C. Continuous Air Barrier: The combination of interconnected materials, assemblies, and sealed joints and components of the building envelope that minimize air leakage into or out of building envelope in accordance with ASHRAE 90.1 Section 5.4.3.1.

- D. Vapor-Permeable Membrane: The property of having a water-vapor permeance rating of 10 perms or greater, when tested in accordance with the desiccant method using Procedure A of ASTM E96 in accordance with definition in International Building Code. Vapor-permeable material permits passage of moisture vapor through vapor diffusion.
- E. Vapor Diffusion: A slow movement of individual water vapor molecules from regions of higher to lower water vapor concentration (higher to lower vapor pressure).

# 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. For weather barrier, include data on air and water-vapor permeance based on testing in accordance with referenced standards.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Show details of weather barrier at terminations, openings, and penetrations.
  - 2. Show details of weather barrier applications.

# 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Manufacturer's Instructions: For installation of each product specified.
- B. Sample Warranty: For manufacturer's warranty.
- C. Reports: Field test and inspection reports.
- D. Installer's weather barrier manufacturer training certificate.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified firm that is certified by weather barrier system manufacturer to install manufacturer's product.
- B. Mockups: Build mockups to set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Build integrated mockups of exterior wall assembly , incorporating backup wall construction, external cladding, window, storefront, door frame and sill, insulation, ties and other penetrations, and flashing to demonstrate surface preparation, crack and joint treatment, application of air barriers, and sealing of gaps, terminations, and penetrations of air-barrier assembly.
    - a. Include junction with roofing membrane , building corner condition, and fenestration and wall surface.
    - b. If Architect determines that mockups do not comply with requirements, reconstruct mockups and apply weather barrier until mockups are approved.

- 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
- 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.
- C. Manufacturer's Field Service: Register Project with weather barrier manufacturer prior to installation of weather barrier and comply with weather barrier manufacturer's Project Registration and Observation process.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Remove and replace liquid materials that cannot be applied within their stated shelf life.
- B. Protect stored materials from direct sunlight.
- C. Store in a dry environment between 50 and 80 deg F.

# 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Product Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace weather barrier product that fails in materials within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of product purchase.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain weather barrier assembly components, including weather barrier , weather barrier flashing from manufacturer approved by weather barrier manufacturer.

# 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Performance: Installed weather barrier and accessories shall withstand specified wind pressures, liquid water penetration, and water vapor pressures, without failure due to defective manufacture of products.
- B. High-Performance Installations:
  - 1. For installation with one of the following building envelope performance or structural characteristics:
    - a. Exceeding 65 mph equivalent structural load.
    - b. Exceeding 15 mph equivalent wind-driven rainwater infiltration.
    - c. Buildings with 60 ft. or more total height above grade plane, as defined by the IBC.

- d. Construction with gypsum or cement-based exterior sheathing.
- e. Non-wood based primary structure such as steel, light-gauge steel, masonry, or concrete.

# 2.3 WEATHER BARRIER

- A. Fluid-Applied Membrane: ASTM E2357 passed, Air Barrier Association of America (ABAA) evaluated air barrier assembly, and assembly water resistance in accordance with ASTM E331; with flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 450, respectively, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84; UV stabilized for nine-month exposure; and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Air Permeance, Product: Not more than 0.0002 cfm/sq. ft. at 1.57 lbf/sq. ft. when tested in accordance with ASTM E2178.
  - 2. Air Permeance, Assembly: Not more than 0.0002 cfm/sq. ft. at 1.57 lbf/sq. ft. when tested in accordance with ASTM E2357 and evaluated by the ABAA.
  - 3. Water Penetration Resistance, Product: Hydrostatic-head resistance greater than 394 inches in accordance with AATTC 127.
  - 4. Water-Vapor Permeance: Not less than 10 perms in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M, Desiccant Method (Procedure A) or not less than 20 perms in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M, Water Method (Procedure B).
  - 5. Allowable UV Exposure Time: Not less than nine months, when tested in accordance with ASTM G155 (accelerated weathering).
  - 6. Flame Propagation Test: Confirm assembly compliance with NFPA 285.

# 2.4 WEATHER BARRIER FLASHING

- A. Conformable Weather Barrier Flashing: Composite flashing material composed of micro-creped, polyethylene laminate with a 100 percent butyl-based adhesive layer; AAMA 711 Class A (no primer), Level 3 thermal exposure of 176 deg F for seven days.
  - 1. Conformability: Able to create a seamless sill pan extending up the jambs without cuts, patches, or fasteners.
  - 2. Water Penetration: No leakage at 15 psf in accordance with ASTM E331.
  - 3. Low Temperature Adhesion: Exceeds minimum value of 1.5 lb./in. at 25 deg F as Class A (without primer use).
  - 4. Adhesion After Water Immersion: Exceeds minimum value of 1.5 lb./in., after AAMA 800, Sections 2.4.1.3.1/2.4.1.4.3 Test B.
- B. Strip Flashing: Composite flashing material composed of spunbonded polyethylene laminate with a 100 percent butyl-based adhesive layer; AAMA 711, Class A (no primer), Level 3 thermal exposure of 176 deg F for seven days.
  - 1. Water Penetration: No leakage at 15 psf in accordance with ASTM E331.
  - 2. Low Temperature Adhesion: Exceeds minimum value of 1.5 lb./in. at 25 deg F as Class A without primer use.

- 3. Adhesion After Water Immersion: Exceeds minimum value of 1.5 lb./in., after AAMA 800, Sections 2.4.1.3.1/2.4.1.4.3 Test B.
- C. Primer for Flashings: Synthetic rubber-based product. Spray applied. Strengthen the adhesive bond at low temperature applications between weather products, such as self-adhered flashing products, commercial building wraps, and common building sheathing materials.
  - 1. Basis of Design Product: DuPont de Nemours, Inc.; DuPont Adhesive Primer or comparable product by one of the following.
  - 2. Peel Adhesion Test: Passes ASTM D3330, Test Method F, for the following:
    - a. Peel Angles: 0, 25, 72, and 180 degrees.
    - b. Substrates: Concrete masonry units (CMUs), exterior gypsum sheathing, oriented strand board (OSB), aluminum, and vinyl.
  - 3. Chemical Compatibility per AAMA 713: Pass.
  - 4. Flame Spread Index per ASTM E84: 5.
  - 5. Smoke Development Index per ASTM E84: 0.

# 2.5 FLUID APPLIED FLASHING AND SEALANT

- A. Fluid Applied Flashing: Trowel or brush applied, non-water soluble, single component, silyl terminated polyether technology (STPE), vapor permeable, flashing material.
  - 1. VOC Content: ASTM C1250, less than 2 percent by weight and less than 30 g/L.
  - 2. Water Vapor Transmission: ASTM E96, Method B, greater than 20 perms at 25 mils thick.
  - 3. Minimum Tensile Strength: ASTM D412, 245 psi.
  - 4. Minimum Elongation at Break: ASTM D412, 400 percent.
  - 5. Water-Resistive Seal: Pass, in accordance with AAMA 714.
  - 6. Allowable UV Exposure Time: Not less than nine months, when tested in accordance with ASTM G155 (accelerated weathering).
  - 7. Low-Temperature Crack Bridging: ASTM C1305, no cracking at 25 mil thickness.
  - 8. Water Penetration Resistance: No leakage at 15 psf when tested in accordance with ASTM E331.
  - 9. Percent Solids: Greater than 90.
  - 10. 99-percent recovery at 300-percent elongation in accordance with ASTM D412.
  - 11. Nail Sealability: Pass, in accordance with ASTM D1970.
- B. Sealant: ASTM C920.
  - 1. Extension-Recovery/Adhesion per ASTM C736: 100 percent recovery.
  - 2. Accelerated Weathering/Low Temperature Flexibility per ASTM C793: Pass.
  - 3. VOC Percentage by Weight per ASTM C1250: Less than 2 percent.
  - 4. VOC per ASTM C1250: Less than 30 g/L.

# 2.6 DRAINAGE LAYER

A. Drainage Layer: Weather barrier membrane with drainage.

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: DuPont de Nemours, Inc.; Tyvek Fluid Applied WB+ and CommercialWrap D or comparable product by one of the following:
  - a. Fluid applied base layer, with Commercial Wrap second layer behind stucco plaster. Omit second layer wrap behind aluminum siding.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are sound and free of oil, grease, dirt, excess mortar, or other contaminants.
  - 2. Verify that substrates have cured and aged for minimum time recommended in writing by weather barrier manufacturer.
  - 3. Verify that substrates are visibly dry and frost-free.
    - a. Fluid-applied weather barrier may be applied to damp surfaces.
    - b. Surfaces are considered damp if there is no visible water on the surface, and no transfer of water to the skin when touched.
    - c. Apply accessory products only to clean and dry surfaces.
  - 4. Verify that substrates are free of efflorescence and mold.
  - 5. Verify that masonry joints are flush and filled with mortar.
  - 6. Verify that top-of-wall system has been capped or covered to prevent water getting behind the facade and into wall cavity.
  - 7. Verify continuous path for moisture drainage.
    - a. Verify that continuous path for drainage is not blocked or disrupted, which results in excess moisture buildup in wall cavity.
  - 8. Verify that surfaces to receive weather barrier are above grade.
- B. Verify that substrate and surface conditions are in accordance with commercial weather barrier manufacturer recommendations prior to installation.
  - 1. Verify that rough sill framing for doors and windows slopes downward towards the exterior and is level across width of opening.
- C. Verify air and surface temperatures are above 25 deg F with a maximum surface temperature of 140 deg F. Do not install once ambient temperature exceeds 95 deg F, unless surface is shaded.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Clean, prepare, treat, fill, and seal substrate and joints and cracks in substrate in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions and details. Provide clean, dust-free, and dry substrate for airbarrier application.

- B. Remove grease, oil, bitumen, form-release agents, paints, curing compounds, and other penetrating contaminants or film-forming coatings from concrete.
- C. Remove fins, ridges, mortar, and other projections and fill honeycomb, aggregate pockets, holes, and other voids in concrete with substrate-patching material.
- D. Remove excess mortar from masonry ties, shelf angles, and other obstructions.
- E. At changes in substrate plane, apply sealant or termination mastic beads at sharp corners and edges to form a smooth transition from one plane to another.
- F. Cover gaps in substrate plane and form a smooth transition from one substrate plane to another with stainless steel sheet mechanically fastened to structural framing to provide continuous support for air barrier.
- G. When spraying is method of application, taper ends of the joint treatment to assist maintaining a wall system free of pinholes and voids.
- H. Treat all non-moving transition joints to beams, columns, and dissimilar materials by applying a 2-inch- wide by 60-mil- thick coat of fluid-applied flashing across the joint.
- I. Apply 25-mil- thick coat of fluid-applied flashing, extending a minimum 2 inches on each surface, and treat the following conditions:
  - 1. Joints up to 1/4 inch.
  - 2. Joints 1/4- to 1/2-inch; reinforce with fiberglass-mesh tape.
  - 3. Joints and transitions up to 1 inch; treat using strip flashing.
- J. Bridge isolation joints expansion joints and discontinuous wall-to-wall, deck-to-wall, and deck-to-deck joints with air-barrier accessory material that accommodates joint movement in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions and details.
- K. When spraying is method of application, taper ends of fluid applied corner treatment to wall substrate.
- L. Treat inside and outside corners by applying a 25-mil- thick coat of fluid applied weather barrier a minimum 2 inches on each adjoining surface. Apply fillet bead of fluid-applied sealant to inside corners to ensure continuity. Alternatively, treat corners using strip flashing. Press strip flashing into inside corners; ensure that it is fully adhered to substrate.
- M. Seal penetrations using fluid-applied flashing or sealant. Extend fillet bead 1/2 inch onto both surfaces.
- N. Treat embedded masonry anchors by applying a coat of fluid-applied weather barrier or fluidapplied flashing around base of the anchor.

# 3.3 ACCESSORIES INSTALLATION

- A. Install accessory materials in accordance with air-barrier manufacturer's written instructions and details to form a seal with adjacent construction and ensure continuity of air and water barrier.
  - 1. Coordinate installation of air barrier with installation of roofing membrane and base flashing to ensure continuity of air barrier with roofing membrane.
  - 2. Install transition strip on roofing membrane or base flashing, for a minimum 3 inches coverage over each substrate.
  - 3. Unless manufacturer recommends in writing against priming, apply primer to substrates at required rate and allow to dry.
  - 4. Use recommended primer when applying self-adhered flashing products on concrete, masonry, and fiber faced exterior gypsum board substrates. Priming is generally not required for adhering self-adhered flashing products to wood. However, adverse weather conditions or colder temperatures may require a primer to promote adhesion. Priming is not required when applying fluid-applied products, except on cut edges of exterior gypsum sheathing.
  - 5. Apply pressure along entire surface of strip flashing for good bond using a J-roller or firm hand pressure. Remove all wrinkles and bubbles by smoothing surface and repositioning as necessary.
- B. Connect and seal exterior wall air-barrier material continuously to roofing-membrane air barrier, concrete below-grade structures, floor-to-floor construction, exterior glazing and window systems, glazed curtain-wall systems, storefront systems, exterior louvers, exterior door framing, and other construction used in exterior wall openings, using accessory materials.
- C. When applying self-adhered flashing products over a cured fluid-applied membrane, first apply a wet bed of fluid-applied product.
- D. Seal fasteners of mechanically attached supports or furring strips in high-performance building envelope designs.
  - 1. Apply double-sided butyl tape to back of support bracket at fastener location.
  - 2. Embed support bracket into an additional wet bed of fluid applied product.
  - 3. Adhere butyl-based flashing patch to wall at fastener location.
  - 4. Use alternate method as approved by the manufacturer.
- E. At end of each working day, seal top edge of strips and transition strips to substrate with manufacturer-approved product.
- F. Apply joint sealants forming part of air-barrier assembly within manufacturer's recommended application temperature ranges. Consult manufacturer when sealant cannot be applied within these temperature ranges.
- G. Flashing Sill Area for Windows and Doors:
  - 1. Use 6-inch- wide conformable flashing for 2- by 4-inch framing and 9-inch- wide conformable flashing for 2- by 6-inch framing. When rigid back dams are required or desired, one option to use is a 3/4-inch corner guard (back dam), cut to length of sill, and

nailed into place on interior edge of sill prior to installation of 9-inch- wide conformable flashing. Afterward, install 9-inch- wide conformable flashing over sill and corner guard back dam.

- 2. Install without stretching conformable flashing when installing along sills or jambs. Conformable flashing is intended to be stretched when covering corners or curved sections.
- H. Apply fluid-applied flashing products from head of opening down. Use a corner trowel to smooth corners.
- I. Repairs:
  - 1. Coat small damaged areas with layer of fluid-applied product.
  - 2. Reinforce large damaged areas with fiberglass mesh or replace damaged substrate before reapplying fluid-applied product.

# 3.4 PRIMARY AIR-BARRIER MATERIAL INSTALLATION

- A. Apply air-barrier material to form a seal with strips and transition strips, and to achieve a continuous air barrier in accordance with air-barrier manufacturer's written instructions and details. Apply air-barrier material within manufacturer's recommended application temperature ranges.
  - 1. Unless manufacturer recommends in writing against priming, apply primer to substrates at required rate and allow it to dry.
  - 2. Limit priming to areas that will be covered by air-barrier material on same day. Reprime areas exposed for more than 24 hours.
  - 3. Where multiple prime coats are needed to achieve required bond, allow adequate drying time between coats.
  - 4. Fluid applied products may be overcoated once a touch-free skin has formed. Exterior insulation and cladding may be installed once the membrane has cured sufficiently to resist damage during installation.
- B. Apply air barrier material in accordance with air-barrier manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations.
  - 1. Roller Application:
    - a. Nap rolling: Use a roller cover with a 1/2- to 3/4-inch nap.
  - 2. Spray Application:
    - a. Mask off adjoining surfaces not covered by air barrier to prevent spillage and overspray affecting other construction.
    - b. Use spray guard.
    - c. Back Rolling: Use a roller cover with a 1/2- to 3/4-inch nap. Apply fluid-applied product in a single coat at 25 mils thick. Control thickness by applying appropriate volume over a marked area and spot checking with a wet-mil gauge.
- C. Integrate fluid-applied product with through-wall flashing and window and door flashing by overlapping flashing with fluid-applied product a minimum 2 inches.

- D. Inspect surfaces to ensure that fluid-applied products are continuous and free of any voids or pinholes.
- E. Do not cover air barrier until it has been tested and inspected by the testing agency.
- F. Correct deficiencies in or remove air barrier that does not comply with requirements; repair substrates and reapply air-barrier components.

# 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. ABAA Quality Assurance Program: Perform examinations, preparation, installation, testing, and inspections under ABAA's Quality Assurance Program.
  - 1. Allow fluid-applied product to cure for 14 days prior to performance testing.
- B. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified third-party testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- C. Inspections: Air-barrier materials, accessories, and installation are subject to inspection for compliance with requirements.
  - 1. Continuity of air-barrier system has been achieved throughout the building envelope without gaps, holes, or pinholes.
  - 2. Air-barrier dry film thickness.
  - 3. Continuous structural support of air-barrier system provided.
  - 4. Masonry and concrete surfaces are smooth, clean, and free of cavities, protrusions, and mortar droppings.
  - 5. Site conditions for application, temperature, and dryness of substrates are maintained.
  - 6. Maximum exposure time of materials to UV deterioration not exceeded.
  - 7. Surfaces primed, where applicable.
  - 8. Laps in strips and transition strips comply with minimum requirements, are shingled in correct direction (or mastic applied on exposed edges), and are without fishmouths.
  - 9. Termination mastic applied on cut edges.
  - 10. Strips and transition strips firmly adhered to substrate.
  - 11. Compatible materials used.
  - 12. Transitions at changes in direction and structural support at gaps provided.
  - 13. Connections between assemblies (air-barrier and sealants) comply with requirements for cleanliness, surface preparation and priming, structural support, integrity, and continuity of seal.
  - 14. Each penetration sealed.
- D. Field Quality Control Testing: Perform the following test on representative areas of structural sealant glazed curtain walls mockups .
  - 1. Allow fluid-applied product to cure for 14 days prior to performance testing.
  - 2. Water Penetration: ASTM E1105 at a minimum uniform and cyclic static-air-pressure differential of 0.67 times the static-air-pressure differential specified for laboratory testing in "Performance Requirements" Article in Part 2, but not less than 12.5 lbf/sq. ft.. No water penetration shall occur as defined in ASTM E1105.

- a. Perform a minimum of two tests in areas as directed by Architect.
- b. Perform tests in each test area as directed by Architect. Perform a minimum three tests, prior to 10, 30, and 70 percent completion .
- 3. Adhesion Testing: Air-barrier assemblies will be tested for required adhesion to substrate in accordance with ASTM D4541 for each 600 sq. ft. of installed air barrier or part thereof.
- E. Air barriers will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
  - 1. Apply additional air-barrier material, in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, where inspection results indicate insufficient thickness.
  - 2. Remove and replace deficient air-barrier components for retesting as specified above.
- F. Repair damage to air barriers caused by testing; follow manufacturer's written instructions.
- G. Prepare test and inspection reports.

# 3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Protect air-barrier system from damage during application and remainder of construction period, in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Protect air barrier from exposure to UV light and harmful weather exposure as recommended in writing by manufacturer. If exposed to these conditions for longer than recommended, remove and replace air barrier or install additional, full-thickness, air-barrier application after repairing and preparing the overexposed materials in accordance with air-barrier manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 2. Protect air barrier from contact with incompatible materials and sealants not approved by air-barrier manufacturer.
- B. Clean spills, stains, and soiling from construction that would be exposed in the completed work using cleaning agents and procedures recommended in writing by manufacturer of affected construction.
- C. Remove masking materials after installation.

END OF SECTION 072800

# SECTION 074113.16 - STANDING-SEAM METAL ROOF PANELS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 **SUMMARY**

- Section Includes: A.
  - 1. Standing-seam metal roof panels.
- **Related Sections:** B.
  - 1. Section 074616 Aluminum Siding for metal siding used in horizontal soffit applications.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components 1. and profiles, and finishes for each type of panel and accessory.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Include fabrication and installation layouts of metal panels; details of edge conditions, joints, panel profiles, corners, anchorages, attachment system, trim, flashings, closures, and accessories; and special details.
  - Accessories: Include details of the flashing, trim, and anchorage systems, at a scale of not 2. less than 3 inches per 12 inches.
- C. Calculations:
  - Include calculations with registered engineer seal, verifying that roof panel and attachment 1. method resist wind pressures imposed on them pursuant to applicable building codes.
- Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of metal panel indicated with factory-applied color D. finishes.
  - Include similar Samples of trim and accessories involving color selection. 1.
- E. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below:
  - Metal Panels: 12 inches long by actual panel width. Include clips, fasteners, closures, and 1. other metal panel accessories.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For manufacturer and Installer.
- Product Test Reports: For each product, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency. B.

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- C. Field quality-control reports.
- Sample Warranties: For special warranties. D.

#### 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For metal panels to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in architectural sheet metal products. A.
- B. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved by manufacturer.
- C. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for fabrication and installation.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- Deliver components, metal panels, and other manufactured items so as not to be damaged or A. deformed. Package metal panels for protection during transportation and handling.
- B. Unload, store, and erect metal panels in a manner to prevent bending, warping, twisting, and surface damage.
- C. Stack metal panels horizontally on platforms or pallets, covered with suitable watertight and ventilated covering. Store metal panels to ensure dryness, with positive slope for drainage of water. Do not store metal panels in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage.
- D. Retain strippable protective covering on metal panels until installation. Remove as panels are being installed. Verify film is not left on installed panels.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather A. conditions permit assembly of metal panels to be performed in accordance with manufacturers' written instructions and warranty requirements.

#### 1.8 COORDINATION

Coordinate sizes and locations of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations with A. actual equipment provided.

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B. Coordinate metal panel installation with rain drainage work, flashing, trim, construction of soffits, and other adjoining work to provide a leakproof, secure, and noncorrosive installation.

#### 1.9 WARRANTY

- Special Galvalume Substrate Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer A. agrees to repair or replace components of metal panel systems that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - Failures include, but are not limited to, the following: 1.
    - Structural failures including rupturing or perforating. a.
    - Deterioration of metals and other materials beyond normal weathering. b.
  - 2. Warranty Period: 20 years and six months from date of Substantial Completion.
- Special Warranty on Panel Finishes: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees Β. to repair finish or replace metal panels that show evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Exposed Panel Finish: Deterioration includes, but is not limited to, the following:
    - Color fading more than 5 Delta E units when tested in accordance with a. ASTM D2244.
    - Chalking in excess of a No. 8 rating when tested in accordance with ASTM D4214. b.
    - Cracking, chipping, peeling, or failure of paint to adhere to bare metal. с.
  - 2. Finish Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Special Watertightness Warranty: Manufacturer's no-dollar-limit form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace standing-seam metal roof panel assemblies that fail to remain watertight, including leaks, within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.
  - 2. Shop Drawings must be provided to, reviewed by, and approved by panel manufacturer prior to panel system installation.
  - 3. Inspections by panel system manufacturer's technical representative are required. Perform first inspection when underlayment and flashing are in place and second inspection when roof is complete.
- D. Special Installer Warranty: Furnish a written warranty signed by Panel Applicator guaranteeing materials and workmanship for watertightness of roofing system, flashings, penetrations, and against all leaks.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- Structural Performance: Provide metal panel systems capable of withstanding the effects of the A. following loads, based on testing in accordance with UL 580:
  - 1. Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
  - Other Design Loads: As indicated on Drawings . 2.
  - Deflection Limits: For wind loads, no greater than 1/240 of the span. 3.
- B. Hydrostatic-Head Resistance: No water penetration when tested in accordance with ASTM E2140.
- Wind-Uplift Resistance: Provide metal roof panel assemblies that comply with UL 580 for wind-C. uplift-resistance class indicated.
  - 1. Uplift Rating: UL 90.
- D. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base calculations on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
  - 1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

#### 2.2 STANDING-SEAM METAL ROOF PANELS

- Provide factory-formed metal roof panels designed to be installed by lapping and interconnecting A. raised side edges of adjacent panels with joint type indicated and mechanically attaching panels to supports using concealed clips in side laps. Include clips, cleats, pressure plates, and accessories required for weathertight installation.
  - 1. Steel Panel Systems: Unless more stringent requirements are indicated, comply with ASTM E1514.
- B. 1 1/2 inch high mechanically seamed Standing-Seam Metal Roof Panels: Formed with vertical ribs at panel edges and panel striations between ribs; designed for sequential installation by mechanically attaching panels to supports using concealed clips located under one side of panels, engaging opposite edge of adjacent panels, and snapping panels together.
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Berridge Manufacturing Company; Cee-Lock or comparable product by one of the following:
    - AEP Span; a BlueScope Steel company. a.
    - ATAS International. Inc. b.
    - CENTRIA Architectural Systems. c.
    - d. Fabral.

### COMPANY

- e. Garland Company, Inc. (The).
- f. IMETCO.
- g. MBCI; a division of NCI Group, Inc.
- h. McElroy Metal, Inc.
- i. Merchant & Evans Inc.
- j. Metal Sales Manufacturing Corporation.
- k. VICWEST.
- 2. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A792/A792M, Class AZ55 coating designation; structural quality. Prepainted by the coil-coating process to comply with ASTM A755/A755M.
  - a. Nominal Thickness: 0.024 inch.
  - b. Exterior Finish: Two-coat fluoropolymer.
  - c. Painted materials shall have a removable plastic film to protect the paint during roll forming, shipping, and handling.
  - d. Color: Match Architect's samples .
- 3. Clips: Continuous Cee-Rib with vinyl weatherseal insert to accommodate thermal movement.
  - a. Material: 0.024-inch nominal-thickness, aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet.
  - b. Material: 0.0250-inch- thick, stainless steel sheet.
- 4. Panel Coverage: 16.5 inches .
- 5. Panel Height: 1.5 inches.

# 2.3 UNDERLAYMENT MATERIALS

- A. Self-Adhering, High-Temperature Underlayment: Provide self-adhering, cold-applied, sheet underlayment, a minimum of 40 mils thick, consisting of slip-resistant, polyethylene-film top surface laminated to a layer of butyl or SBS-modified asphalt adhesive, with release-paper backing. Provide primer when recommended by underlayment manufacturer.
  - 1. Thermal Stability: Stable after testing at 240 deg F; ASTM D1970.
  - 2. Low-Temperature Flexibility: Passes after testing at minus 20 deg F; ASTM D1970.
  - 3. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Mid-States Asphalt Quick Stick HT Pro.
    - b. Polyglass Polystick MTS.
    - c. Soprema Lastobond Shield HT.
    - d. Tamko TW Underlayment or TW Metal & Tile Underlayment.

# 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Miscellaneous Metal Subframing and Furring: ASTM C645; cold-formed, metallic-coated steel sheet, ASTM A653/A653M, G90 hot-dip galvanized coating designation or ASTM A792/A792M, Class AZ50 coating designation unless otherwise indicated. Provide manufacturer's standard sections as required for support and alignment of metal panel system.
- B. Panel Accessories: Provide components required for a complete, weathertight panel system including trim, copings, fasciae, mullions, sills, corner units, clips, flashings, sealants, gaskets,

fillers, closure strips, and similar items. Match material and finish of metal panels unless otherwise indicated.

- 1. Closures: Provide closures at eaves and ridges, fabricated of same metal as metal panels.
- 2. Backing Plates: Provide metal backing plates at panel end splices, fabricated from material recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Flashing and Trim: Provide flashing and trim formed from same material as metal panels as required to seal against weather and to provide finished appearance. Locations include, but are not limited to, eaves, rakes, corners, bases, framed openings, ridges, fasciae, and fillers. Finish flashing and trim with same finish system as adjacent metal panels.
- D. Gutters: Formed from same material as roof panels, complete with end pieces, outlet tubes, and other special pieces as required. Fabricate in minimum 96-inch- long sections, of size and metal thickness in accordance with SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Furnish gutter supports spaced a maximum of 36 inches o.c., fabricated from same metal as gutters. Provide wire ball strainers of compatible metal at outlets. Finish gutters to match roof fascia and rake trim.
- E. Downspouts: Formed from same material as roof panels. Fabricate in 10-foot- long sections, complete with formed elbows and offsets, of size and metal thickness in accordance with SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Finish downspouts to match gutters.
- F. Panel Fasteners: Zinc-coated steel, corrosion-resisting steel, zinc cast head, or nylon capped steel; type and size as approved for applicable loading requirements.
- G. Panel Sealants: Provide sealant type recommended by manufacturer that are compatible with panel materials, are nonstaining, and do not damage panel finish.
  - 1. Joint Sealant: Silicone sealant; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in metal panels and remain weathertight; and as recommended in writing by metal panel manufacturer.

# 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate and finish metal panels and accessories at the factory, by manufacturer's standard procedures and processes, as necessary to fulfill indicated performance requirements demonstrated by laboratory testing. Comply with indicated profiles and with dimensional and structural requirements.
- B. On-Site Fabrication: Subject to compliance with requirements of this Section, metal panels may be fabricated on-site using factory-set, non-adjustable, portable roll-forming equipment if panels are of same profile and warranted by manufacturer to be equal to factory-formed panels. Fabricate in accordance with equipment manufacturer's written instructions and to comply with details indicated.
- C. Provide panel profile, including major ribs and intermediate stiffening ribs, if any, for full length of panel.

- D. Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim: Fabricate flashing and trim to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" that apply to design, dimensions, metal, and other characteristics of item indicated.
  - 1. Form exposed sheet metal accessories that are without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks and that are true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
  - 2. Sealed Joints: Form nonexpansion, but movable, joints in metal to accommodate sealant and to comply with SMACNA standards.
  - 3. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible. Exposed fasteners are not allowed on faces of accessories exposed to view.
  - 4. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from same material as accessory being anchored or from compatible, noncorrosive metal recommended in writing by metal panel manufacturer.
    - a. Size: As recommended by SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" or metal panel manufacturer for application, but not less than thickness of metal being secured.

# 2.6 FINISHES

- A. Protect mechanical and painted finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in same piece are unacceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- C. Steel Panels and Accessories:
  - 1. Two-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 621. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) resin by weight in color coat applied by panel manufacturer on a continuous coil coating line, with a top side dry film thickness of 0.75 mil plus or minus 0.05 mil over 0.2 mil plus or minus 0.05 mil primer coat, to provide a total dry film thickness of 0.95 mil plus or minus 0.10 mil. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
  - 2. Concealed Finish: Apply pretreatment and manufacturer's standard white or light-colored acrylic or polyester backer finish consisting of prime coat and wash coat with a minimum total dry film thickness of 0.35 mil.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, metal panel supports, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Examine primary and secondary roof framing to verify that rafters, purlins, angles, channels, and other structural panel support members and anchorages have been installed within alignment tolerances required by metal roof panel manufacturer.
  - 2. Examine solid roof sheathing to verify that sheathing joints are supported by framing or blocking and that installation is within flatness tolerances required by metal roof panel manufacturer.
    - a. Verify that air- or water-resistive barriers have been installed over sheathing or backing substrate to prevent air infiltration or water penetration.
- B. Examine roughing-in for components and systems penetrating metal panels to verify actual locations of penetrations relative to seam locations of metal panels before installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Miscellaneous Supports: Install subframing, furring, and other miscellaneous panel support members and anchorages in accordance with ASTM C754 and metal panel manufacturer's written instructions.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION OF UNDERLAYMENT

- A. Note that most peel-and-stick underlayments can be exposed more than 14 days, which is one key reason for its common use.Self-Adhering Sheet Underlayment: Apply primer if required by manufacturer. Comply with temperature restrictions of underlayment manufacturer for installation. Apply at locations indicated below, wrinkle free, in shingle fashion to shed water, and with end laps of not less than 6 inches staggered 24 inches between courses. Overlap side edges not less than 36 inches. Roll laps with roller. Cover underlayment within 14 days or as directed by underlayment product manufacturer.
  - 1. Apply over the entire roof surface.
- B. Flashings: Install flashings to cover underlayment to comply with requirements specified in Section 076200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."

# 3.4 INSTALLATION OF STANDING SEAM METAL ROOF PANELS

- A. Install metal panels in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions in orientation, sizes, and locations indicated. Install panels perpendicular to supports unless otherwise indicated. Anchor metal panels and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement.
  - 1. Shim or otherwise plumb substrates receiving metal panels to be level to 1/4 inch in 20 ft...
  - 2. Flash and seal metal panels at perimeter of all openings. Do not begin installation until airor water-resistive barriers and flashings that will be concealed by metal panels are installed.
  - 3. Locate and space fastenings in uniform vertical and horizontal alignment.
  - 4. Install flashing and trim as metal panel work proceeds.
  - 5. Panels should be continuous without end laps.
  - 6. Align bottoms of metal panels and fasten.
  - 7. Provide weathertight escutcheons for pipe- and conduit-penetrating panels.
- B. Fasteners:
  - 1. Steel Panels: Use stainless steel fasteners for surfaces exposed to the exterior; use galvanized-steel fasteners for surfaces exposed to the interior.
- C. Anchor Clips: Anchor metal roof panels and other components of the Work securely in place, using manufacturer's approved fasteners in accordance with manufacturers' written instructions.
- D. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals contact each other or corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action as recommended in writing by metal panel manufacturer.
- E. Standing-Seam Metal Roof Panel Installation: Fasten metal roof panels to supports with concealed clips at each standing-seam joint at location, spacing, and with fasteners recommended in writing by manufacturer.
  - 1. Install clips to supports with self-tapping fasteners.
  - 2. Install pressure plates, if required, at locations indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions.
  - 3. Seamed Joint: Crimp standing seams with manufacturer-approved, motorized seamer tool so clip, metal roof panel, and factory-applied vinyl weatherseal are completely engaged.
- F. Accessory Installation: Install accessories with positive anchorage to building and weathertight mounting, and provide for thermal expansion. Coordinate installation with flashings and other components.
  - 1. Install components required for a complete metal panel system including trim, copings, corners, seam covers, flashings, sealants, gaskets, fillers, and similar items. Provide types indicated by metal roof panel manufacturers; or, if not indicated, types recommended by metal roof panel manufacturer.
- G. Flashing and Trim: Comply with performance requirements, manufacturer's written installation instructions, and SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Provide concealed fasteners

where possible, and set units true to line and level as indicated. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that will be permanently watertight and weather resistant.

- 1. Install exposed flashing and trim that is without buckling and tool marks, and that is true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and achieve waterproof and weather-resistant performance.
- 2. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim.
- H. Gutters: Join sections with riveted and soldered or lapped and sealed joints. Attach gutters to eave with gutter hangers spaced not more than 36 inches o.c. using manufacturer's standard fasteners. Provide end closures and seal watertight with sealant. Provide for thermal expansion.
- I. Downspouts: Join sections with telescoping joints. Provide fasteners designed to hold downspouts securely 1 inch away from walls; locate fasteners at top and bottom and at approximately 60 inches o.c. in between.
  - 1. Provide elbows at base of downspouts to direct water away from building.
- J. Pipe Flashing: Form flashing around pipe penetration and metal roof panels. Fasten and seal to metal roof panels as recommended by manufacturer.

## 3.5 ERECTION TOLERANCES

A. Installation Tolerances: Shim and align metal panel units within installed tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 ft. on slope and location lines as indicated and within 1/8-inch offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.

# 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect metal roof panel installation, including accessories. Report results in writing.
- B. Remove and replace applications of metal roof panels where tests and inspections indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.
- C. Additional tests and inspections, at Contractor's expense, are performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

### 3.7 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films, if any, as metal panels are installed, unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions. On completion of

metal panel installation, clean finished surfaces as recommended by metal panel manufacturer. Maintain in a clean condition during construction.

B. Replace metal panels that have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION 074113.16

# SECTION 074213 - METAL WALL PANELS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 061000 Rough Carpentry.
- B. Section 076200 Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim.
- C. Section 079200 Joint Sealants.

## 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product data: submit manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications and data sheet.
- B. Submit duplicate 6-inch X 6-inch (152mm x 150mm) samples of siding material, of colour and profile specified
- C. Shop drawings to indicate dimensions, profiles, attachment methods, schedule of wall elevations, trim and closure pieces, soffits, fascia, metal furring, and related work.
- D. Certifications: Manufacturer's certifications that products comply with specified requirements, including laboratory reports showing compliance with specified tests and standards.

### 1.3 WARRANTY

- A. Provide a written guarantee, signed and issued in the name of the owner, covering the metal cladding/siding material for 15 (fifteen) years from the date of Substantial Completion.
- B. The manufacturer's warranty is limited to replacement of defective material only, rather than installation of the same. Faulty installation shall be corrected by the installing contractor. The warranty required herein is the sole remedy against the manufacturer and there are no other implied warranties. In any event, the manufacturer shall not be liable for incidentals or consequential damages.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 ALUMINUM CLADDING AND COMPONENTS

- A. 6-inch (152mm) Panelboard Smooth planks extruded aluminum 6063 T5
  - 1. Finish coating: powder coated finish
  - 2. Colour: colour selected by Owner's Representative.
  - 3. Gloss:  $30 \pm 5$ .

- 4. Thickness: 1/16 inch (1.57mm) base metal thickness.
- 5. Profile: 6-inch (152mm) Smooth X 24 ft (7315.2mm) plank

### 2.2 ACCESSORIES

- A. 5/8" STARTER J-TRACK, 5/8" J-TRACK, 5/8" TWO PIECE J-TRACK, 1-3/8" TWO PIECE J-TRACK, 3/4" INSIDE CORNER, 1" OUTSIDE CORNER, 2" CORNER SET, 5/8" TERMINATION SET, 1-3/8" TERMINATION SET, 1-3/8" COMPRESSION JOINT, 3/4" U-REVEAL SET, 1-1/2" U-REVEAL SET, 3/4" T&G U-REVEAL, 1-1/2" T&G U-REVEAL, in same material and finishes as siding.
- B. Plank Clips: 316 Stainless steel Quick-Screen Clips that are shipped loose for field installation.

## 2.3 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Mayne Inc. #120 1777 Clearbrook Rd.
  - 1. Abbotsford, BC, Canada V2T 5X5
  - 2. info@longboardproducts.com
  - 3. 1.800.604.0343
- B. Approved Equal

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 ORDERING, DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Ordering: Conform to manufacturer's ordering instructions and lead time requirements to avoid construction delays
- B. Deliver materials and components in manufacturers' unopened containers or bundles. Prevent damage during unloading, storing and installation
- C. Store, protect and handle materials and components in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations to prevent twisting, bending, mechanical damage, contamination and deterioration
- D. Stack metal cladding horizontally on platforms or pallets, covered with suitable weathertight and ventilated covering. Store metal cladding to ensure dryness, with positive slope for drainage of water. Do not store metal cladding in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install cladding and components in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions and shop drawings, including product technical bulletins, datasheets and install videos

- B. Install all cladding planks using Quick-Screen Clips in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions, technical bulletins, datasheets and install videos to not restrict thermal movement at specified o.c. spacings. Install screws in pre-punched holes. Install one (1) hard-fastened screw per plank, directly through the plank flange to prevent plank migration (see 3.2.4 for butt-joint installations). All fasteners should penetrate into solid, secure framing or blocking
- C. Install components in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions and shop drawings, including technical bulletins, datasheets and install videos with positive anchorage to building and provide for thermal movement
- D. Install screw fasteners using power tools having controlled torque adjusted to compress Quick-Screen Clips tight without damage or deformation of the Quick-Screen Clips, screw heads, screw threads or cladding
- E. Hard-fasten any and all butt-joints into solid secure framing or blocking, to maintain tight fitting hairline joints. Never exceed one (1) hard-fastener per plank, all other attachment points to use Quick-Screen Clips to not restrict thermal movement
- F. Do not install damaged panels; repair or replace as required

# 3.3 CLEANING

A. Upon completion of installation, remove surplus materials, rubbish, tools and equipment barriers.

# END OF SECTION 074213

# SECTION 074616 - ALUMINUM SIDING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes aluminum siding and soffit.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 061000 "Rough Carpentry" for wood furring, grounds, nailers, and blocking.
  - 2. Section 072500 "Weather Barriers" for weather-resistive barriers.
  - 3. Section 072800 "Fluid Applied Membrane Air and Water Barrier

### 1.3 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate siding installation with flashings and other adjoining construction to ensure proper sequencing.

### 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

# 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For aluminum siding and soffit including related accessories.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type, color, texture, and pattern required.
  - 1. 24-inch- wide-by-36-inch- high Sample panel of siding assembled on plywood backing.
  - 2. 12-inch- long-by-actual-width Samples of trim and accessories.

## 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Certificates: For each type of aluminum siding and soffit.
- B. Research/Evaluation Reports: For each type of aluminum siding required, from ICC-ES.

C. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

# 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For each type of product, including related accessories, to include in maintenance manuals.

# 1.8 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Furnish full lengths of aluminum siding and soffit including related accessories, in a quantity equal to 2 percent of amount installed.

# 1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and to set quality standards for fabrication and installation.
  - 1. Build mockups for siding and soffit including accessories.
    - a. Size: 48 inches long by 60 inches high.
    - b. Include outside corner on one end of mockup and inside corner on other end.
  - 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

# 1.10 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver and store packaged materials in original containers with labels intact until time of use.
- B. Store materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location.

## 1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace products that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including cracking , fading, and deforming.
    - b. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
  - 2. Fading is defined as loss of color, after cleaning with product recommended by manufacturer, of more than 5 Hunter color-difference units as measured according to ASTM D2244.

3. Warranty Period: 15 years from date of Substantial Completion.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain products, including related accessories, from single source from single manufacturer.

## 2.2 ALUMINUM SIDING and SOFFIT

- A. Aluminum Siding: Formed and coated product complying with AAMA 1402.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Knotwood; a brand of Omnimax International.
    - b. Longboard.
    - c. RMP Alumaboard.
    - d. Fast Plank
- B. Horizontal Pattern: 6-inch exposure in plain, single-board style.
- C. Texture: Wood grain .
- D. Nominal Thickness: 1/2".
- E. Finish: Manufacturer's standard Extremely Durable Powder Coatings: Premium Wood Finishes use a polyurethane powder coat with ink based wood grain patterns sublimated into the base powder effectively tattooing the powder. The combined effect creates all the aesthetic aspects of real wood while offering the same environmental advantages of powder coated finishes.
  - 1. Colors: A blend of 3 woodgrain colors.
    - a. Dark National Walnut
    - b. Light Cherry
    - c. Dark Cherry

### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Siding Accessories, General: Provide starter strips, edge trim, outside and inside corner caps, and other items as recommended by siding manufacturer for building configuration.
  - 1. Provide accessories matching color and texture of adjacent siding unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Aluminum Accessories: Where aluminum accessories are indicated, provide accessories complying with AAMA 1402.
  - 1. Texture: Wood grain .

- 2. Color: Dark Walnut
- C. Flashing: Provide aluminum flashing complying with Section 076200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" at window and door heads and where indicated.
  - 1. Finish for Aluminum Flashing: Same as aluminum siding .
- D. Fasteners:
  - 1. For fastening to metal, use zinc plated 8-18 phillos modified truss (R/W) Head screw., penetrating min three screw-threads, into substrate.
  - 2. For fastening aluminum, use aluminum fasteners. Where fasteners are exposed to view, use prefinished aluminum fasteners in color to match item being fastened.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of aluminum siding and soffit and related accessories.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Clean substrates of projections and substances detrimental to application.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions applicable to products and applications indicated unless more stringent requirements apply.
  - 1. Center nails in elongated nailing slots without binding siding to allow for thermal movement.
- B. Install aluminum siding and soffit and related accessories according to AAMA 1402.
  - 1. Install fasteners no more than 24 inches o.c., or as required to meet wind force requirements.
- C. Install joint sealants as specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants" and to produce a weathertight installation.
- D. Where aluminum siding contacts dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape or installing nonconductive spacers as recommended by manufacturer for this purpose.

# 3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Remove damaged, improperly installed, or otherwise defective materials and replace with new materials complying with specified requirements.
- B. Clean finished surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions and maintain in a clean condition during construction.

# SECTION 076200 - SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. The General provisions of the Contract, including Bidding Requirements, General Requirements, apply to the work specified in this section.
  - 1. Manufactured Stone Masonry Section 047300
  - 2. Rough Carpentry: Section 061000
  - 3. Insulation Section 072100
  - 4. Metal Roof Section 074113
  - 5. Aluminum Siding Section 074616
  - 6. Joint Sealants: Section 079200
  - 7. Aluminum Framed Entrances Section 084113
  - 8. Aluminum Glazed Curtain Walls Section 084413
  - 9. Aluminum Windows Section 085113
  - 10. Cement Plaster Section 092400
  - 11. Awnings Section 107313

# 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. The extent of metal flashing and associated metal trim work is indicated on the drawings. The following types of work are specified in this section.
  - 1. Flashing at penetrations in roofing.
  - 2. Metal flashing and counter flashing
  - 3. Gutters and downspouts
  - 4. Continuous drips
  - 5. Miscellaneous Sheet Metal Items.
  - 6. Special formed transition and closure pieces
  - 7. Flashing along plaster and cultured stone water table
  - 8. Flashing around openings

# PART 2 - PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Materials:
  - A. 24-gauge PVDF coated sheet material provided by Section 133419.
- 2.2 Miscellaneous Materials:
  - A. Nails, Screws, and Rivets: zinc coated

- B. Roofing Cement: FS-SS-C-153 Type I (Asphaltic). (If applicable)
- 2.3 Isolation Materials:
  - A. Where dissimilar materials make contact, provide material isolation membrane or coating.

# PART 3 - PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL:

- A. SMACNA Details: Except as otherwise shown or specified, comply with application recommendations and details of the Architectural Sheet Metal Manual by SMACNA.
- B. Manufacturer's Recommendations: Except as otherwise shown or specified comply with the recommendations and instructions of the manufacturer of the sheet metal being installed.
- C. Separate dissimilar metals from each other by painting each metal surface in the area of contact with a heavy application of bituminous coating, or by other permanent separation as recommended by the manufacturers of the dissimilar metals.
- D. Provide for thermal expansion of running trim, flashing, gutters, expansion of running trim, flashing, gutters, expansion joints, and other items exposed for more than 15'-0" continuous length. Continuous gutters can be utilized subject to prior approval by architect. Maintain a watertight installation at expansion seams. Locate expansion seams as shown or, if not shown, in compliance with SMACNA standards.
- E. Fabricate and install work with lines and corners of exposed units true and accurate. Form exposed faces flat and free of buckles, excessive waves and avoidable tool marks, considering the temper and reflectivity of the metal. Provide uniform neat seams with minimum exposure of solder, welds, and sealant. Except as otherwise shown, fold back the sheet metal to form a hem on the concealed side of exposed edges.
  - 1. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions wherever possible in exposed work, and locate so as to minimize the possibility of leakage. Cover and seal work as required for watertight installation.
  - 2. Provide cleat-type anchorages for metal flashing and trim whenever practical arranged to receive stresses from building movement and thermal expansion.
  - 3. Anchor units in place as shown and as recommended by the accessory manufacturer, by nailing, bolting, screwing, or welding to the substrate for secure support and attachment. Anchorage by adhesion alone to the substrate is adequate for only miscellaneous accessories of small size.
- F. Flashing and Sealants: Refer to appropriate sections of these specifications for flashing and sealing of roof accessories, as shown, to provide a waterproof installation.

- 3.2 TRIM:
  - A. Prepare sample trim break or rolled good for proper fit on job site.
  - B. All components must be free of buckling and warping.
  - C. Install with back-up plates, mastic and rivets.
- 3.3 BACK UP AND COVER PLATES:
  - A. Provide 16" wide back-up plates all gutter and trim joints set in full bed of mastic and riveted inplace.

# SECTION 079200 - JOINT SEALANTS

### PART 1 - PART 1 – GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE:

- A. Submittal procedure: Section 013300.
- B. Cast-in-place concrete: Section 033000.
- C. Manufactured Stone Masonry Section 017300
- D. Metal Roof Section 074113
- E. Aluminum Siding Section 074616
- F. Cement Plaster Section 09 24 00
- G. Ceramic Tiling Section 093013

# 1.2 **REFERENCES**:

- A. ASTM C 920, Elastomeric Joint Sealants.
- B. ASTM C 962, Use of Elastomeric Joint Sealants.
- C. FS TT-S 0027EE, Sealant Compound, Elastomeric Type, Multi-component.

#### 1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION:

A. Joint sealing is indicated as SEALANT, SEALANT AND BACKER ROD and SEALANT AND BACKUP.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Product Data: Manufacturer's technical data for each joint sealer product required, including instructions for joint preparation and joint sealer application.
- B. Test Reports: Joint sealant-substrate laboratory test results including recommendations of joint sealer manufacturer for joint preparation and application of joint sealers applicable to project conditions. Test results of joint sealants for aged performances including hardness, stain resistance, adhesion and cohesions under cyclic movement, low-temperature flexibility, modules of elasticity at 100% strain, effects of heat aging, and effects of accelerated weathering.
- C. Field test results indicating which products and joint preparation methods demonstrated acceptable adhesion to joint substrates.

D. Certificates: Certificates from manufacturers of joint sealers attesting that their products comply with specification requirements and are suitable for the use indicated.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Joint Sealer-Substrate Tests:
  - 1. Transmit substrate materials representative of actual joint surfaces to be sealed to manufacturer of joint sealer products laboratory testing of sealants for adhesion to primed and unprimed substrates; provide copy of transmittal letter to Architect.
- B. Use test methods standard with manufacturer to determine if priming and other specific joint preparation techniques are required to obtain rapid, optimum adhesion of joint sealers to joint substrates under environmental conditions that will exist during actual installation.
- C. Field Tests: Prior to installation of joint sealants, field-test their adhesion to joint substrates as follows:
  - 1. Install joint sealants in 5-feet joint lengths using the same materials and methods required for completed work. Allow sealants to cure in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations before testing. Test adhesion to joint substrates by manually trying to pull sealant out of joint. Perform field tests for each type of elastomeric sealant and joint substrate application indicated.

# PART 2 - PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EXTERIOR VERTICAL PLANE JOINT SEALANT:

- A. Manufacturer: Master Build is specified; Sika and Pecora are acceptable, or approved equal.
  - 1. Type: Master Builders NP 100 High Performance Hybrid
- B. Joint Primer: By same manufacturer as sealant compound.
  - 1. Color: To match adjacent surfaces with custom color mix.

# 2.2 INTERIOR VERTICAL PLANE JOINT SEALANT:

- A. Manufacturer: Sonneborn is specified; Sika and Pecora are acceptable, or approved equal.
- B. Type: Sonolac acrylic amulsion-based sealant, complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25.
- C. Color: Submit for Architect's approval

### 2.3 HORIZONTAL PLANE JOINT SEALANT:

- A. Manufacturer: Tremco is specified; Pecora and Vulkem are acceptable, or approved equal.
- B. Type: THC-900 self-leveling sealant, complying with ASTM C 920, Type M, Grade P, Class 25; and with FS TT-S-0027EE, Type 1, Class A.
- C. Joint Primer: By same manufacturer as sealant compound.
- D. Color: Custom color to match adjacent surfaces.

### 2.4 EXPANSION JOINT FILLER:

- A. Manufacturer: Master Builders is specified; W.R. Meadows is acceptable, or approved equal.
- B. Type: Master Seal 995, flexible, compressible closed cell poyethylene of not less than 10 psi compression deflection (25%); surface water absorption of not more than 0.1 pounds per square foot; 3/8-inch nominal thickness x depth of surfacing.

### 2.5 TREATED PINED JOINT FILLER:

A. Treated southern yellow pine joint filler with removable wood stop for filling of joint sealant.

# 2.6 BACKER ROD:

A. Non-absorbent closed cell polyurethane or polyethylene foam rodstock, oversized to tightly fill joint, compatible with sealant materials.

# PART 3 - PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSPECTION:

A. Determine that installed work is satisfactory to receive joint sealants, proceed when conditions are satisfactory for installation of joint sealants.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION:

- A. Preparation: Clean joints so they are free from moisture and foreign matter at time of installation. Prime joints if recommended by manufacturer of sealant on approved submittals.
- B. Backer Rod: Install to give sealant depth and width recommended by manufacturer of sealant on approved submittals.
- C. Vertical Joints: Install with tube gun with proper size nozzle for joint.
- D. Horizontal Joints: Install with tube gun or special pouring equipment.

E. Surface Finish: Use beading tool to remove excess material, leaving clean smooth surface free from wrinkles, ragged edges and other defects.

### 3.3 WORKMANSHIP:

- A. Remove and replace improperly placed and defective sealants.
- B. Defective Work Includes: Leakage, hardening, cracking, crumbling, running, staining of adjacent work by sealing; loss of adhesion to joint substrate.

### 3.4 JOINT SEALANT SCHEDULE:

# A. JOINT SEALANT LOCATION

- 1. Exterior Vertical Plane Sealant Exterior and interior joints in concrete and masonry; between masonry and concrete; between steel and masonry; perimeters of steel frames in exterior walls; and in ceiling joints.
- 2. Interior Vertical Plane Sealant Interior joint in field-painted, vertical and overhead surfaces, at steel door frames, at gypsum drywall, concrete, and at concrete unit masonry; and all other interior locations not indicated otherwise.
- 3. Horizontal Plane Sealant Exterior and interior joints in horizontal surfaces between metal and concrete, mortar and masonry.

# SECTION 081416 - FLUSH WOOD DOORS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Solid-core flush wood doors with plastic-laminate-faces.
  - 2. Factory finishing flush wood doors.
  - 3. Factory fitting flush wood doors to frames and factory machining for hardware.

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product, including the following:
  - 1. Door core materials and construction.
  - 2. Door edge construction
  - 3. Door face type and characteristics.
  - 4. Door louvers.
  - 5. Door trim for openings.
  - 6. Door frame construction.
  - 7. Factory-machining criteria.
  - 8. Factory- finishing specifications.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate location, size, and hand of each door; elevation of each type of door; construction details not covered in Product Data; and the following:
  - 1. Door schedule indicating door and frame location, type, size, fire protection rating, and swing.
  - 2. Door elevations, dimension and locations of hardware, lite and louver cutouts, and glazing thicknesses.
  - 3. Details of frame for each frame type, including dimensions and profile.
  - 4. Details of electrical raceway and preparation for electrified hardware, access control systems, and security systems.
  - 5. Dimensions and locations of blocking for hardware attachment.
  - 6. Clearances and undercuts.
- C. Samples: For plastic-laminate door faces .

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For door inspector.
  - 1. Fire-Rated Door Inspector: Submit documentation of compliance with NFPA 80, Section 5.2.3.1.

- 2. Egress Door Inspector: Submit documentation of compliance with NFPA 101, Section 7.2.1.15.4.
- 3. Submit copy of DHI's Fire and Egress Door Assembly Inspector (FDAI) certificate.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

# 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Record Documents: For fire-rated doors, list of door numbers and applicable room name and number to which door accesses.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer's Certification: Licensed participant in AWI's Quality Certification Program .
- B. Fire-Rated Door Inspector Qualifications: Inspector for field quality-control inspections of firerated door assemblies shall comply with qualifications set forth in NFPA 80, Section 5.2.3.1 and the following:
  - 1. DHI's Fire and Egress Door Assembly Inspector (FDAI) certification.
- C. Egress Door Inspector Qualifications: Inspector for field quality-control inspections of egress door assemblies shall comply with qualifications set forth in NFPA 101, Section 7.2.1.15.4 and the following:
  - 1. DHI's Fire and Egress Door Assembly Inspector (FDAI) certification.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Rated Wood Door and Frame Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire-protection ratings and temperature-rise limits indicated on Drawings, based on testing at positive pressure in accordance with NFPA 252.
  - 1. Oversize Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a qualified testing agency that doors comply with standard construction requirements for tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies except for size.
  - 2. Temperature-Rise Limit: At vertical exit enclosures and exit passageways, provide doors that have a maximum transmitted temperature end point of not more than 450 deg F above ambient after 30 minutes of standard fire-test exposure.
- B. Smoke- and Draft-Control Door Assemblies: Listed and labeled for smoke and draft control by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on testing in accordance with UL 1784 and installed in compliance with NFPA 105.

# 2.2 FLUSH WOOD DOORS, GENERAL

- A. Quality Standard: In addition to requirements specified, comply with "Architectural Woodwork Standards."
  - 1. Provide labels and certificates from AWI certification program indicating that doors and frames comply with requirements of grades specified.

# 2.3 SOLID-CORE FLUSH WOOD DOORS WITH PLASTIC-LAMINATE FACES

- A. Interior Doors :
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. ASSA ABLOY.
    - b. Curries.
    - c. VT Industries Inc.
    - d. Weyerhauser Company.
  - 2. Performance Grade:
    - a. ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A Extra Heavy Duty: All interior doors .
  - 3. Plastic-Laminate Faces: High-pressure decorative laminates complying with NEMA LD 3, Grade HGS .
  - 4. Colors, Patterns, and Finishes: Formica 7012-58 Amber Maple.
  - 5. Exposed Vertical Edges: impact-resistant polymer edging, applied after faces.
    - a. Fire-Rated Single Doors: Provide edge construction with intumescent seals concealed by outer stile. Comply with specified requirements for exposed vertical edges.
    - b. Fire-Rated Pairs of Doors: Provide fire-retardant stiles that are listed and labeled for applications indicated without formed-steel edges and astragals. Provide stiles with concealed intumescent seals. Comply with specified requirements for exposed edges.
    - c. Fire-Rated Pairs of Doors: Provide formed-steel edges and astragals with intumescent seals.
      - 1) Finish steel edges and astragals with baked enamel same color as doors.
      - 2) Finish steel edges and astragals to match door hardware (locksets or exit devices).
    - d. Mineral-Core Doors: At hinge stiles, provide laminated-edge construction with improved screw-holding capability and split resistance. Comply with specified requirements for exposed edges.
      - 1) Screw-Holding Capability: 550 lbf in accordance with WDMA T.M. 10.
  - 6. Core for Non-Fire-Rated Doors:
    - a. ANSI A208.1, Grade LD-2 particleboard.
      - 1) Blocking: Provide wood blocking in particleboard-core doors as needed to eliminate through-bolting hardware.
        - a) 5-inch top-rail blocking, in doors indicated to have closers.
        - b) 5-inch bottom-rail blocking, in exterior doors and doors indicated to have kick, mop, or armor plates.
      - 2) Provide doors with glued-wood-stave or WDMA I.S. 10 structuralcomposite-lumber cores instead of particleboard cores for doors scheduled to receive exit devices in Section 087100 "Door Hardware."

d.

- b. Glued wood stave.
- c. WDMA I.S. 10 structural composite lumber.
  - 1) Screw Withdrawal, Face: 550 lbf.
  - 2) Screw Withdrawal, Edge: 550 lbf.
  - Either glued wood stave or WDMA I.S. 10 structural composite lumber.
- 7. Core for Fire-Rated Doors: As required to achieve fire-protection rating indicated on Drawings.
  - a. Blocking for Mineral-Core Doors: Provide composite blocking with improved screw-holding capability approved for use in doors of fire-protection ratings indicated on Drawings as needed to eliminate through-bolting hardware.

# 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated.
  - 1. Comply with clearance requirements of referenced quality standard for fitting unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Comply with NFPA 80 requirements for fire-rated doors.
- B. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied.
  - 1. Locate hardware to comply with DHI-WDHS-3.
  - 2. Comply with final hardware schedules, door frame Shop Drawings, ANSI/BHMA-156.115-W, and hardware templates.
  - 3. Coordinate with hardware mortises in metal frames, to verify dimensions and alignment before factory machining.
  - 4. For doors scheduled to receive electrified locksets, provide factory-installed raceway and wiring to accommodate specified hardware.
  - 5. Metal Astragals: Factory machine astragals and formed-steel edges for hardware for pairs of fire-rated doors.
- C. Openings: Factory cut and trim openings through doors.
  - 1. Light Openings: Trim openings with moldings of material and profile indicated.
  - 2. Glazing: Comply with applicable requirements in Section 088000 "Glazing."

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Hardware: For installation, see Section 087100 "Door Hardware."
- B. Install doors and frames to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and referenced quality standard, and as indicated.
- C. Install frames level, plumb, true, and straight.

- 1. Shim as required with concealed shims. Install level and plumb to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches.
- 2. Install fire-rated doors and frames in accordance with NFPA 80.
- 3. Install smoke- and draft-control doors in accordance with NFPA 105.
- D. Job-Fitted Doors:
  - 1. Align and fit doors in frames with uniform clearances and bevels as indicated below.
    - a. Do not trim stiles and rails in excess of limits set by manufacturer or permitted for fire-rated doors.
  - 2. Machine doors for hardware.
  - 3. Seal edges of doors, edges of cutouts, and mortises after fitting and machining.
  - 4. Clearances:
    - a. Provide 1/8 inch at heads, jambs, and between pairs of doors.
    - b. Provide 1/8 inch from bottom of door to top of decorative floor finish or covering unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.
    - c. Where threshold is shown or scheduled, provide 1/4 inch from bottom of door to top of threshold unless otherwise indicated.
    - d. Comply with NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors.
  - 5. Bevel non-fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches at lock and hinge edges.
  - 6. Bevel fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches at lock edge; trim stiles and rails only to extent permitted by labeling agency.
- E. Factory-Fitted Doors: Align in frames for uniform clearance at each edge.
- F. Factory-Finished Doors: Restore finish before installation if fitting or machining is required at Project site.

# 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspections:
  - 1. Provide inspection of installed Work through AWI's Quality Certification Program , certifying that wood doors and frames, including installation, comply with requirements of AWI/AWMCA/WI's "Architectural Woodwork Standards" for the specified grade.
  - 2. Fire-Rated Door Inspections: Inspect each fire-rated door in accordance with NFPA 80, Section 5.2.
  - 3. Egress Door Inspections: Inspect each door equipped with panic hardware, each door equipped with fire exit hardware, each door located in an exit enclosure, each electrically controlled egress door, and each door equipped with special locking arrangements in accordance with NFPA 101, Section 7.2.1.15.
- B. Repair or remove and replace installations where inspections indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.
- C. Reinspect repaired or replaced installations to determine if replaced or repaired door assembly installations comply with specified requirements.
- D. Prepare and submit separate inspection report for each fire-rated door assembly indicating compliance with each item listed in NFPA 80 and NFPA 101.

# 3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Operation: Rehang or replace doors that do not swing or operate freely.
- B. Finished Doors: Replace doors that are damaged or that do not comply with requirements. Doors may be repaired or refinished if Work complies with requirements and shows no evidence of repair or refinishing.

# SECTION 084113 - ALUMINUM-FRAMED ENTRANCES AND STOREFRONTS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Aluminum-framed storefront systems.
  - 2. Aluminum-framed entrance door systems.

# 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts. Include plans, elevations, sections, full-size details, and attachments to other work.
  - 1. Show connection to and continuity with adjacent thermal, weather, air, and vapor barriers.
  - 2. Include point-to-point wiring diagrams.
- C. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required.
- D. Entrance Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under supervision of supplier, detailing fabrication and assembly of entrance door hardware, as well as procedures and diagrams.
- E. Delegated-Design Submittal: For aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Energy Performance Certificates: NFRC-certified energy performance values from manufacturer.
- B. Product test reports.
- C. Source quality-control reports.
- D. Field quality-control reports.
- E. Sample warranties.

# 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Product Options: Information on Drawings and in Specifications establishes requirements for aesthetic effects and performance characteristics of assemblies. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction.
  - 1. Do not change intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If changes are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

### 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Installer agrees to repair or replace components of aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts that do not comply with requirements or that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Special Finish Warranty, Factory-Applied Finishes: Standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair finishes or replace aluminum that shows evidence of deterioration of baked-enamel, powder-coat, or organic finishes within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 2 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Special Finish Warranty, Anodized Finishes: Standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair finishes or replace aluminum that shows evidence of deterioration of anodized finishes within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 2 years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 STOREFRONT SYSTEMS

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. EFCO Corporation.
  - 2. Kawneer North America, an Arconic company design basis.
  - 3. Oldcastle BuildingEnvelope (OBE); CRH Americas.
  - 4. U.S. Aluminum; a brand of C.R. Laurence.
  - 5. YKK AP America Inc.
- B. Framing Members: Manufacturer's extruded- or formed-aluminum framing members of thickness required and reinforced as required to support imposed loads.

- 1. Exterior Framing Construction: Thermally broken .
- 2. Interior Vestibule Framing Construction: Nonthermal .
- 3. Glazing System: Retained mechanically with gaskets on four sides.
- 4. Finish: As noted on drawings.
- 5. Fabrication Method: Field-fabricated stick system.
- 6. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
- 7. Steel Reinforcement: As required by manufacturer.
- C. Backer Plates: Manufacturer's standard, continuous backer plates for framing members, if not integral, where framing abuts adjacent construction.
- D. Brackets and Reinforcements: Manufacturer's standard high-strength aluminum with nonstaining, nonferrous shims for aligning system components.

### 2.2 ENTRANCE DOOR SYSTEMS

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. EFCO Corporation.
  - 2. Kawneer North America, an Arconic company.
  - 3. Oldcastle BuildingEnvelope (OBE); CRH Americas.
  - 4. U.S. Aluminum; a brand of C.R. Laurence.
  - 5. YKK AP America Inc.
- B. Entrance Doors: Manufacturer's standard glazed entrance doors for manual-swing or automatic operation.
  - 1. Door Construction: 1-3/4-inch overall thickness, with minimum 0.125-inch- thick, extruded-aluminum tubular rail and stile members. Mechanically fasten corners with reinforcing brackets that are deeply penetrated and fillet welded or that incorporate concealed tie rods.
  - 2. Door Design: Medium Stile .
  - 3. Glazing Stops and Gaskets: Beveled , snap-on, extruded-aluminum stops and preformed gaskets.
    - a. Provide nonremovable glazing stops on outside of door.

#### 2.3 ENTRANCE DOOR HARDWARE

- A. General: Provide entrance door hardware and entrance door hardware sets indicated in door and frame schedule for each entrance door, to comply with requirements in this Section.
  - 1. Opening-Force Requirements:
    - a. Accessible Interior Doors: Not more than 5 lbf to fully open door.
- B. Electrified Removable Mullion

- 1. Von Duprin 4854 with electric strike on one leaf connected to proxy card reader. Proxy reader to be furnished and installed by owner.
- C. Rim Exit Panic
  - 1. Von Duprin 99 series rim exits
- D. Continuous-Gear Hinges: BHMA A156.26.
- E. Cylinders:
  - 1. BHMA A156.5, Grade 1.
    - a. Keying: Master key system. Permanently inscribe each key with a visual key control number and include notation "DO NOT DUPLICATE".
- F. Strikes: Provide strike with black-plastic dust box for each latch or lock bolt; fabricated for aluminum framing.
- G. Operating Trim: BHMA A156.6.
- H. Closers: BHMA A156.4, Grade 1, with accessories required for a complete installation, sized as required by door size, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use; adjustable to comply with field conditions and requirements for opening force.
  - 1. Norton 7500
- I. Door Stops: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1, floor or wall mounted, as appropriate for door location indicated, with integral rubber bumper.

# 2.4 GLAZING

- A. Glazing: Comply with Section 088000 "Glazing."
- B. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard sealed-corner pressure-glazing system of black, resilient elastomeric glazing gaskets, setting blocks, and shims or spacers.
- C. Glazing Sealants: As recommended by manufacturer.

# 2.5 MATERIALS

- A. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B209.
- B. Extruded Bars, Rods, Profiles, and Tubes: ASTM B221.
- C. Structural Profiles: ASTM B308/B308M.
- D. Steel Reinforcement:

- 1. Structural Shapes, Plates, and Bars: ASTM A36/A36M.
- 2. Cold-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A1008/A1008M.
- 3. Hot-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A1011/A1011M.
- E. Steel Reinforcement Primer: Manufacturer's standard zinc-rich, corrosion-resistant primer complying with SSPC-PS Guide No. 12.00; applied immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment. Select surface preparation methods according to recommendations in SSPC-SP COM, and prepare surfaces according to applicable SSPC standard.

# 2.6 FABRICATION

- A. Form or extrude aluminum shapes before finishing.
- B. Weld in concealed locations to greatest extent possible to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.
- C. Fabricate components that, when assembled, have the following characteristics:
  - 1. Profiles that are sharp, straight, and free of defects or deformations.
  - 2. Accurately fitted joints with ends coped or mitered.
  - 3. Physical and thermal isolation of glazing from framing members.
  - 4. Accommodations for thermal and mechanical movements of glazing and framing to maintain required glazing edge clearances.
  - 5. Provisions for field replacement of glazing from exterior .
  - 6. Fasteners, anchors, and connection devices that are concealed from view to greatest extent possible.
- D. Mechanically Glazed Framing Members: Fabricate for flush glazing without projecting stops.
- E. Entrance Door Frames: Reinforce as required to support loads imposed by door operation and for installing entrance door hardware.
- F. Entrance Doors: Reinforce doors as required for installing entrance door hardware.
- G. Entrance Door Hardware Installation: Factory install entrance door hardware to the greatest extent possible. Cut, drill, and tap for factory-installed entrance door hardware before applying finishes.
- H. After fabrication, clearly mark components to identify their locations in Project according to Shop Drawings.

# 2.7 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm or thicker.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL
  - A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
  - B. Do not install damaged components.
  - C. Fit joints to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion.
  - D. Rigidly secure nonmovement joints.
  - E. Install anchors with separators and isolators to prevent metal corrosion and electrolytic deterioration and to prevent impeding movement of moving joints.
  - F. Seal perimeter and other joints watertight unless otherwise indicated.
  - G. Metal Protection:
    - 1. Where aluminum is in contact with dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with materials recommended by manufacturer for this purpose or by installing nonconductive spacers.
    - 2. Where aluminum is in contact with concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.
  - H. Set continuous sill members and flashing in full sealant bed, as specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants," to produce weathertight installation.
  - I. Install joint filler behind sealant as recommended by sealant manufacturer.
  - J. Install components plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION OF GLAZING

A. Install glazing as specified in Section 088000 "Glazing."

# 3.3 INSTALLATION OF ALUMINUM-FRAMED ENTRANCE DOORS

- A. Install entrance doors to produce smooth operation and tight fit at contact points.
  - 1. Exterior Doors: Install to produce weathertight enclosure and tight fit at weather stripping.
  - 2. Field-Installed Entrance Door Hardware: Install surface-mounted entrance door hardware according to entrance door hardware manufacturers' written instructions using concealed fasteners to greatest extent possible.

# SECTION 084413 - GLAZED ALUMINUM CURTAIN WALLS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 Related Documents

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 Summary

- A. This Section covers Kawneer Architectural Aluminum Curtain Wall Systems, including perimeter trims, stools, accessories, shims and anchors, and perimeter sealing of curtain wall framing.
- B. Types of Kawneer Aluminum Curtain Wall Systems include:
  - 1. 1600 Wall System®1 Curtain Wall:
    - a. Sight line: 2-1/2" (63.5 mm)
    - b. Outside glazed
    - c. System depth: 7-1/2" (190.5 mm) for 1" (25.4 mm) insulating glazing
- C. Related Sections:
  - 1. 012500 Substitution
  - 2. 072700: Weather Barriers
  - 3. 079200: Joint Sealants
  - 4. 084113: Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts
  - 5. 084213: Aluminum-Framed Enrances
  - 6. 085113: Aluminum Windows
  - 7. 088000: Glazing

### 1.3 Definitions

- A. For fenestration industry standard terminology and definitions, refer to the Fenestration & Glazing Industry Alliance (FGIA) Glossary (AAMA AG-13).
- 1.4 Performance Requirements
  - A. General Performance:
    - 1. Product to comply with the specified performance requirements without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction, as determined by testing of glazed aluminum curtain walls representing those indicated for this project.

- 2. Glazed aluminum curtain walls shall withstand movements of supporting structure including, but not limited to, story drift, twist, column shortening, long-term creep, and deflection from uniformly distributed and concentrated live loads.
- 3. Failure includes any of these events:
  - a. Thermal stresses transferring to building structure
    - b. Glass breakage
    - c. Loosening or weakening of fasteners, attachments, and other components
    - d. Failure of operating units
- B. Delegated Design:
  - 1. Design glazed aluminum curtain walls, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- C. Wind Loads:
  - 1. The curtain wall system shall include anchorage that is capable of withstanding the following wind load design pressures:
    - a. See Structural Drawings
  - 2. The design pressures are based on the 2015 International Building Code,
- D. Air Leakage:
  - 1. The test specimen shall be tested in accordance with ASTM E 283.
  - 2. Air infiltration rate shall not exceed 0.06 cfm/ft2 (0.3  $l/s \cdot m^2$ ) at a static air pressure differential of 6.2 psf (300 Pa).
- E. Water Resistance:
  - 1. Static:
    - a. The test specimen shall be tested in accordance with ASTM E 331.
    - b. There shall be no leakage at a minimum static air pressure differential of 12 psf (575 Pa) as defined in AAMA 501.
  - 2. Dynamic:
    - a. The test specimen shall be tested in accordance with AAMA 501.1.
    - b. There shall be no leakage at an air pressure differential of 12 psf (575 Pa) as defined in AAMA 501.
- F. Uniform Load:
  - 1. A a static air design load of 40 psf (1915 Pa) shall be applied in the positive and negative direction in accordance with ASTM E 330.
  - 2. There shall be no deflection in excess of L/175 of the span of any framing member at design load.
  - 3. At a structural test load equal to 1.5 times the specified design load, no glass breakage or permanent set in the framing members in excess of 0.2% of their clear spans shall occur.
- G. Thermal Transmittance (U-factor), Physical Test:

- 1. Thermal transmittance test results in accordance with AAMA 1503 or CSA A440 are based upon 1" (25.4 mm) clear insulating glass (1/4", 1/2" AS, 1/4").
- 2. Thermal transmittance test results in accordance with AAMA 1503 or CSA A440 are based upon 1" (25.4 mm) clear, low-emissivity coated glass insulating unit, (1/4" e=0.035, #2), 1/2" warm edge spacer and argon fill gas, 1/4").
- 3. When tested using AAMA 1503, the thermal transmittance (U-factor) shall not be more than 0.36 Btu/(hr·ft2·°F).
- H. Condensation Resistance Factor (CRF) or Temperature Index (TI):
  - 1. Condensation resistance test results in accordance with AAMA 1503 or CSA A440 are based upon 1" (25.4 mm) clear insulating glass (1/4", 1/2" AS, 1/4").
  - 2. When tested using AAMA 1503, the CRFframe and CRFglass shall not be less than 68 and 59 respectively.
- I. Sound Transmission Loss:
  - 1. When tested to ASTM E90, the Sound Transmission Class (STC) and Outdoor/Indoor Transmission Class (OITC) shall not be less than STC 31 or OITC 25 based upon 1" (25.4 mm) insulating glass (1/4", 1/2" AS, 1/4").

# 1.5 Submittals

- A. Product Data:
  - 1. For each type of product indicated, include:
    - a. Construction details
    - b. Material descriptions
    - c. Dimensions of individual components and profiles
    - d. Finishes
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Plans
  - 2. Elevations
  - 3. Sections
  - 4. Full-size details
  - 5. Attachments to other work
- C. Samples for Initial Selection:
  - 1. Provide samples for units with factory-applied color finishes.
- D. Samples for Verification:
  - 1. Provide a verification sample for each type of exposed finish required, in manufacturer's standard sizes.
- E. Product Test Reports:

- 1. Provide test reports for glazed aluminum curtain walls.
- 2. Test reports must be based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified preconstruction testing agency.
- 3. Test reports must indicate compliance with performance requirements.
- F. Fabrication Sample:
  - 1. Provide a fabrication sample of each vertical-to-horizontal intersection of aluminumframed curtain wall systems, made from 12" (304.8 mm) lengths of full-size components and showing details of the following:
    - a. Joinery
    - b. Glazing
- 1.6 Quality Assurance
  - A. Installer Qualifications:
    - 1. Installer must have successfully installed the same or similar systems required for the project and other projects of similar size and scope.
  - B. Manufacturer Qualifications:
    - 1. Manufacturer must be capable of fabricating glazed aluminum curtain walls that meet or exceed the stated performance requirements.
  - C. Source Limitations:
    - 1. Obtain aluminum curtain wall system through one source from a single manufacturer.
  - D. Product Options:
    - 1. Information on drawings and in specifications establishes requirements for aesthetic effects and performance characteristics of assemblies. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction.
    - 2. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.
  - E. Mockups:
    - 1. Build mockups to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
    - 2. Build mockups for the type(s) of curtain wall elevation(s) indicated, in location(s) shown on drawings.
  - F. Pre-installation Conference:

- 1. Conduct conference at project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 Project Management and Coordination Section.
- 1.7 Project Conditions
  - A. Field Measurements:
    - 1. Verify actual locations of structural supports for glazed aluminum curtain walls by field measurements before fabrication.
    - 2. Indicate measurements on shop drawings.
- 1.8 Warranty
  - A. Submit manufacturer's standard warranty for owner's acceptance.
  - B. Warranty Period:
    - 1. Two years from Date of Substantial Completion of the project provided however that in no event shall the Limited Warranty begin later than six months from date of shipment by manufacturer.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Manufacturers
  - A. Basis-of-Design Product:
    - 1. Kawneer Company, Inc.
    - 2. 1600 Wall System®2 Curtain Wall types:
      - a. 1600 Wall System®1 Curtain Wall impact resistant (IR):
        - 1) Sight line: 2-1/2" (63.5 mm)
        - 2) Outside glazed structural silicone glazed (SSG) format
        - 3) System depth: 7-1/2" for 1- Insulating glazing
    - 3. Tested to AAMA 501, ASTM E 1886, E 1996, and TAS 201, 202, 203
  - B. Substitutions:
    - 1. Refer to Division 01 Substitutions Section for procedures and submission requirements.
    - 2. Pre-Contract (Bidding Period) Substitutions:
      - a. Submit written requests ten (10) days prior to bid date.
    - 3. Post-Contract (Construction Period) Substitutions:
      - a. Submit written request in order to avoid installation and construction delays.
    - 4. Product Literature and Drawings:
      - a. Submit product literature and drawings modified to suit specific project requirements and job conditions.
    - 5. Certificates:

- a. Submit certificate(s) certifying that the substitute manufacturer (1) attests to adherence to specification requirements for curtain wall system performance criteria, and (2) has been engaged in the design, manufacture, and fabrication of aluminum curtain walls for a period of not less than ten (10) years. (Company Name).
- 6. Test Reports:
  - a. Submit test reports verifying compliance with each test requirement required by the project.
- 7. Samples:
  - a. Provide samples of typical product sections and finish samples in manufacturer's standard sizes.
- C. Substitution Acceptance:
  - 1. Acceptance will be in written form, either as an addendum or modification.
  - 2. Acceptance will be documented by a formal change order signed by the owner and contractor.

# 2.2 Materials

- A. Aluminum Extrusions:
  - 1. Alloy and temper recommended by glazed aluminum curtain wall manufacturer for strength, corrosion resistance, and application of required finish
  - 2. Not less than 0.070" (1.8 mm) wall thickness at any location for the main frame
  - 3. Complying with ASTM B221: 6063-T6 alloy and temper
- B. Aluminum Sheet Alloy:
  - 1. Shall meet the requirements of ASTM B209.
- C. Fasteners:
  - 1. Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel or other materials must be non-corrosive and compatible with aluminum members, trim hardware, anchors, and other components.
- D. Anchors, Clips, and Accessories:
  - 1. Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or zinc-coated steel or iron complying with ASTM B 633 for SC 3 severe service conditions or other suitable zinc coating.
  - 2. Anchors, clips, and accessories shall provide sufficient strength to withstand the design pressure indicated.
- E. Pressure Plate:
  - 1. Pressure plate shall be aluminum.
  - 2. Pressure plate shall be fastened to the mullion with stainless steel screws.
- F. Reinforcing Members:

- 1. Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or nickel/chrome-plated steel complying with ASTM B 456 for Type SC 3 severe service conditions, or zinc-coated steel or iron complying with ASTM B 633 for SC 3 severe service conditions or other suitable zinc coating.
- 2. Reinforcing members must provide sufficient strength to withstand the design pressure indicated.
- G. Sealant:
  - 1. For sealants required within fabricated curtain wall system, provide permanently elastic, non-shrinking, and non-migrating type recommended by sealant manufacturer for joint size and movement.
- H. Thermal Barrier:
  - 1. Thermal separator shall be extruded of a silicone compatible elastomer that provides a minimum 1/4" (6.3 mm) separation.
- I. Tolerances:
  - 1. References to tolerances for wall thickness and other cross-sectional dimensions of glazed curtain wall members are nominal and in compliance with AA Aluminum Standards and Data.
- 2.3 Curtain Wall Framing
  - A. Framing Members:
    - 1. Manufacturer's standard extruded- or formed-aluminum framing members of thickness required and reinforced as required to support imposed loads
    - 2. Glazing System: Structural silicone glazed (SSG)
    - 3. Glazing Plane: Front
  - B. Glass:
    - 1. Insulating glass options: a. 1" (25.4 mm)
  - C. Brackets and Reinforcements:
    - 1. Manufacturer's standard high-strength aluminum with non-staining, non-ferrous shims for aligning system components.
  - D. Framing Sealants:
    - 1. Shall be suitable for glazed aluminum curtain wall as recommended by sealant manufacturer.
  - E. Fasteners and Accessories:

- 1. Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, non-staining, non-bleeding fasteners and accessories must be compatible with adjacent materials.
- 2. Where exposed, fasteners and accessories shall be stainless steel.
- F. Perimeter Anchors:
  - 1. When steel anchors are used, provide insulation between steel material and aluminum material to prevent galvanic action.
- G. Packing, Shipping, Handling, and Unloading:
  - 1. Deliver materials in manufacturer's original, unopened, undamaged containers with identification labels intact.
- H. Storage and Protection:
  - 1. Store materials so that they are protected from exposure to harmful weather conditions.
  - 2. Handle material and components to avoid damage.
  - 3. Protect material against damage from elements, construction activities, and other hazards before, during, and after installation.
- 2.4 Glazing
  - A. Glazing to meet requirements in Division 08 Glazing Section.
  - B. Available Glazing Options:
    - 1. 1600 Wall System®1: outside glazed, structural silicone glazed (SSG) format with 1" (25.4) insulating glass
  - C. Glazing Gaskets:
    - 1. Gaskets to meet requirements of ASTM C864.
  - D. Spacers and Setting Blocks:
    - 1. Manufacturer's standard elastomeric type
  - E. Bond-Breaker Tape:
    - 1. Manufacturer's standard TFE-fluorocarbon or polyethylene material to which sealants will not develop adhesion.
  - F. Glazing Sealants:
    - 1. As recommended by manufacturer for joint type.

- 2.5 Operable Units
  - A. Doors comply with Division 08 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts Section.
  - B. Windows comply with Division 08 Aluminum Windows Section.
- 2.6 Accessory Materials
  - A. Bituminous Paint:
    - 1. Cold-applied asphalt-mastic paint
    - 2. Complies with SSPC-Paint 12 requirements except containing no asbestos
    - 3. Formulated for 30-mil (0.762 mm) thickness per coat
- 2.7 Fabrication
  - A. Extrude or form aluminum shapes before finishing.
  - B. Fabricate components that, when assembled, have the following characteristics:
    - 1. Profiles that are sharp, straight, and free of defects or deformations
    - 2. Accurately fitted joints
    - 3. Physical and thermal isolation of glazing from framing members
    - 4. Accommodations for thermal and mechanical movements of glazing and framing that maintain required glazing edge clearances
    - 5. Provisions for field replacement of glazing from exterior
    - 6. Fasteners, anchors, and connection devices that are concealed from view to the greatest extent possible
    - 7. Internal weeping system or other means to drain water passing joints, condensation occurring within framing members, and moisture migrating within glazed aluminum curtain wall to exterior
  - C. Curtain Wall Framing:
    - 1. Fabricate components for assembly using shear block system following manufacturer's standard installation instructions.
  - D. After fabrication, clearly mark components to identify their locations in project according to shop drawings.
- 2.8 Aluminum Finishes
  - A. Finish designations that are prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
  - B. Factory Finishing:
    - 1. Anodic Coating Dark Bronze

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 Examination

- A. With installer present, examine areas for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after correcting unsatisfactory conditions.
- 3.2 Installation
  - A. Curtain Wall System Installation:
    - 1. Install curtain wall systems plumb, level, and true to line, without warp or rack of frames, within manufacturer's prescribed tolerances, and complying with installation instructions.
    - 2. Provide support and anchor in place.
    - 3. Dissimilar Materials:
      - a. Provide separation of aluminum materials from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action contact points.
    - 4. Glazing:
      - a. Glass shall be outside-glazed.
      - b. Glass shall be held in place with extruded aluminum pressure plates anchored to the mullion using stainless steel fasteners that are spaced no more than 9" (228.6 mm) on center.
    - 5. Water Drainage
      - a. Each light of glass shall be compartmentalized using joint plugs and silicone sealant to divert water to the horizontal weep locations.
      - b. Weep holes shall be located in the horizontal pressure plates and covers to divert water to the exterior of the building.
  - B. Related Products Installation:
    - 1. Sealants (Perimeter):
      - a. Refer to Joint Treatment (Sealants) Section.
    - 2. Glass:
      - a. Refer to Glass and Glazing Section.
      - b. Reference: ANSI Z97.1, CPSC 16 CFR 1201, and GANA Glazing Manual.
- 3.3 Field Quality Control
  - A. Field Tests:
    - 1. Architect shall select curtain wall units to be tested as soon as a representative portion of the project has been installed, glazed, perimeter-caulked, and cured.
    - 2. Conduct tests for air infiltration and water penetration with manufacturer's representative present.

- 3. Tests that do not meet the specified performance requirements and units that have deficiencies shall be corrected as part of the contract amount.
- 4. Testing shall be performed per AAMA 503 by a qualified independent testing agency. Glazing Contractor is responsible for payment of testing and testing requirements.
- 5. Air Infiltration Tests:
  - a. Conduct tests in accordance with ASTM E 783.
  - b. Allowable air infiltration shall not exceed 1.5 times the amount indicated in the performance requirements or 0.09 cfm/ft2, whichever is greater.
- 6. Water Infiltration Tests:
  - a. Conduct tests in accordance with ASTM E 1105.
  - b. No uncontrolled water leakage is permitted when tested at a static test pressure of two-thirds the specified water penetration pressure but not less than 8 psf (383 Pa).
- B. Manufacturer's Field Services:
  - 1. Upon owner's written request, provide periodic site visit by manufacturer's field service representative.
- 3.4 Adjusting, Cleaning, and Protection
  - A. Adjusting: Not applicable.
  - B. Protection:
    - 1. Protect installed product's finish surfaces from damage during construction.
    - 2. Protect aluminum curtain wall system from damage from grinding and polishing compounds, plaster, lime, acid, cement, or other harmful contaminants.
  - C. Cleaning:
    - 1. Repair or replace damaged installed products.
    - 2. Clean installed products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions prior to owner's acceptance.
    - 3. Remove and replace glass that has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during the construction period.
    - 4. Remove construction debris from project site and legally dispose of debris.

# SECTION 085113 - ALUMINUM WINDOWS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes Hurricane Impact Framing Systems for exterior location window openings.
- B. Type of Aluminum Storefront System
  - 1. Trifab® Versaglaze® 601T Framing System Impact Glazing 2" x 6" (50.8 mm x 152.4 mm) nominal dimension; Thermal; Center Plane; Screw Spline Fabrication is specified.

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, hardware, accessories, insect screens, operational clearances, and details of installation, including anchor, flashing, and sealant installation.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color specified.

### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product test reports.
- B. Sample warranties.

# 1.4 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace aluminum windows that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period:
    - a. Window: 2 years from date of Substantial Completion.
    - b. Glazing Units: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
    - c. Aluminum Finish: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 WINDOW PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. U-Factor

- 1. Fixed Fenestration Min 0.50
- B. SHGC
  - 1. Minimum 0.25
- C. Comply with International Energy Conservation Code 2015
- D. Windborne-Debris Impact Resistance: Passes ASTM E1886 missile-impact and cyclic-pressure tests in accordance with ASTM E1996.
  - 1. Large-Missile Test: For glazing located within 30 feet of grade.

# 2.2 FRAMING SYSTEM FOR ALUMINUM WINDOWS

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. EFCO Corporation.
  - 2. Kawneer North America, an Arconic company Basis of Design.
  - 3. Oldcastle BuildingEnvelope (OBE); CRH Americas.
  - 4. YKK AP America Inc.
- B. Types: Window Type 1, 2 & 3.
- C. Frames and Sashes: Aluminum extrusions complying with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440.
  - 1. Thermally Improved Construction: Fabricate frames, sashes, and muntins with an integral, concealed, low-conductance thermal barrier located between exterior materials and window members exposed on interior side in a manner that eliminates direct metal-to-metal contact.
- D. Insulating-Glass Units: ASTM E2190.
  - 1. Glass: ASTM C1036, Type 1, Class 1, q3.
    - a. Tint: Gray .
    - b. Kind: Fully tempered .
- E. Glazing System: Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system that produces weathertight seal
- F. Fasteners: Noncorrosive and compatible with window members, trim, hardware, anchors, and other components.
  - 1. Exposed Fasteners: Do not use exposed fasteners to greatest extent possible. For application of hardware, use fasteners that match finish hardware being fastened.

### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

A. Subsills: Thermally broken , extruded-aluminum subsills in configurations indicated on Drawings.

# 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate aluminum windows in sizes indicated. Include a complete system for assembling components and anchoring windows.
- B. Weep Holes: Provide weep holes and internal passages to conduct infiltrating water to exterior.

# 2.5 ALUMINUM FINISHES

- A. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
- B. Class II, Color Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A32/A34 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class II, integrally colored or electrolytically deposited color coating 0.010 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
  - 1. Color: Dark bronze .

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing windows. For installation procedures and requirements not addressed in manufacturer's written instructions, comply with installation requirements in ASTM E2112.
- B. Install windows level, plumb, square, true to line, without distortion or impeding thermal movement, anchored securely in place to structural support, and in proper relation to wall flashing and other adjacent construction to produce weathertight construction.
- C. Install windows and components to drain condensation, water penetrating joints, and moisture migrating within windows to the exterior.
- D. Separate aluminum and other corrodible surfaces from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action at points of contact with other materials.
- E. Clean exposed surfaces immediately after installing windows. Avoid damaging protective coatings and finishes. Remove excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt, and other substances.
- F. Remove and replace glass that has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.

# SECTION 086000 - ATTIC STAIR

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Attic Ladder and Doors:

### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit under provisions of Section 013000 - Administrative Requirements.

### B. Product Data:

- 1. Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used.
- 2. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
- 3. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
- 4. Typical installation methods.

### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section with a minimum five years documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing Work of this section with minimum two years documented experience with projects of similar scope and complexity.
- C. Source Limitations: Provide each type of product from a single manufacturing source to ensure uniformity.

#### 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store and handle in strict compliance with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations.
- B. Protect from damage due to weather, excessive temperature, and construction operations.

### 1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Maintain environmental conditions (temperature, humidity, and ventilation) within limits recommended by manufacturer for optimum results. Do not install products under environmental conditions outside manufacturer's recommended limits.

## 1.6 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer's standard limited warranty unless indicated otherwise.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Acceptable Manufacturer: Rainbow Attic Stair by SP Partners LLC
- B. Substitutions: As Approved via Addendum.
- C. Requests for substitutions will be considered in accordance with Section 012500

## 2.2 ATTIC LADDERS AND DOORS

- A. Premium Attic Ladders:
  - 1. Model F3060-12 Metal, Folding, Suitable for Commercial Use
    - a. Loading: 570 lbs
    - b. Ceiling Height: 11 ft
    - c. Large Safety handles at top
    - d. 4 separate one-piece steel handrails
    - e. All powder coated
    - f.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  x 3" side rails
    - g. Spring assists for easy operation
    - h. Locking safety latches between sections
    - i. Built-in 1 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" steel trim (no wood casing)
    - j. Sturdy 1/2" plywood door (unpainted) with positive. Field Paint
    - k. Protective floor bumpers
    - 1. Anti-skid tread strips

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Do not begin installation until substrates have been properly constructed and prepared.
- B. If substrate preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect in writing of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.

B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, approved submittals, and in proper relationship with adjacent construction.
- 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
  - A. Field Inspection: Coordinate field inspection in accordance with appropriate sections in Division 01.
- 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION
  - A. Clean products in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations.
  - B. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 086000

# SECTION 087100 - DOOR HARDWARE

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - Mechanical door hardware for the following:
     a. Swinging doors.
  - 2. Cylinders for door hardware specified in other Sections.

# 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product in each finish specified.
- C. Door hardware schedule.
- D. Keying schedule.

## 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Sample warranty.

# 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Supplier of products and an employer of workers trained and approved by product manufacturers and of an Architectural Hardware Consultant who is available during the course of the Work to consult Contractor, Architect, and Owner about door hardware and keying.
  - 1. Scheduling Responsibility: Preparation of door hardware and keying schedule.
- B. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of data for electrified door hardware, including Shop Drawings, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
- C. Architectural Hardware Consultant Qualifications: A person who is experienced in providing consulting services for door hardware installations that are comparable in material, design, and

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# 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Three years from date of Substantial Completion unless otherwise indicated below:
    - a. Exit Devices: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
    - b. Manual Closers: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Where fire-rated doors are indicated, provide door hardware complying with NFPA 80 that is listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure according to NFPA 252 or UL 10C.
- B. Smoke- and Draft-Control Door Assemblies: Where smoke- and draft-control door assemblies are required, provide door hardware that complies with requirements of assemblies tested according to UL 1784 and installed in compliance with NFPA 105.
  - 1. Air Leakage Rate: Maximum air leakage of 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. at the tested pressure differential of 0.3-inch wg of water.
- C. Electrified Door Hardware: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- D. Means of Egress Doors: Latches do not require more than 15 lbf to release the latch. Locks do not require use of a key, tool, or special knowledge for operation.
- E. Accessibility Requirements: For door hardware on doors in an accessible route, comply with the USDOJ's "2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design" and Texas Accessibility Standards .

# 2.2 HINGES

- A. Hinges: BHMA A156.1. Provide template-produced hinges for hinges installed on hollow-metal doors and hollow-metal frames.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. McKinney Products Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
      - 1) Mpb #79 Finish 26D

## 2.3 CONTINUOUS HINGES

- A. Continuous Hinges: BHMA A156.26; minimum 0.120-inch- thick, hinge leaves with minimum overall width of 4 inches; fabricated to full height of door and frame and to template screw locations; with components finished after milling and drilling are complete.
- B. Continuous, Gear-Type Hinges: Extruded-aluminum, pinless, geared hinge leaves joined by a continuous extruded-aluminum channel cap; with concealed, self-lubricating thrust bearings.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. McKinney Products Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - b. Pemko; an ASSA ABLOY Group Company.

# 2.4 MECHANICAL LOCKS AND LATCHES

- A. Yale 5400 Series
- B. Lever Trim : AU
- C. US26D Finish
- D. Lock Functions: As indicated in door hardware schedule.
- E. Lock Throw: Comply with testing requirements for length of bolts required for labeled fire doors, and as follows:
  - 1. Bored Locks: Minimum 1/2-inch latchbolt throw.
  - 2. Deadbolts: Minimum 1.25-inch bolt throw.
- F. Lock Backset: 2-3/4 inches unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Strikes: Provide manufacturer's standard strike for each lock bolt or latchbolt complying with requirements indicated for applicable lock or latch and with strike box and curved lip extended to protect frame; finished to match lock or latch.
  - 1. Flat-Lip Strikes: For locks with three-piece antifriction latchbolts, as recommended by manufacturer.
  - 2. Aluminum-Frame Strike Box: Manufacturer's special strike box fabricated for aluminum framing.
- H. Bored Locks: BHMA A156.2; Grade 1 ; Series 5400
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Yale Security Inc; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
      - 1) Type AU lever
    - b. No substitutions allowed

## 2.5 ELECTRIC STRIKES

- A. Electric Strikes: BHMA A156.31; ; with faceplate to suit lock and frame.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. ASSA ABLOY Electronic Security Hardware; ASSA ABLOY. H.E.S. 5000C
    - b. H.E.S. 5000C
    - c. Furnish and install transformer at each opening above ceiling

## 2.6 AUTOMATIC AND SELF-LATCHING FLUSH BOLTS

- A. Automatic Flush Bolts: BHMA A156.3, Type 25; minimum 3/4-inch throw; with dust-proof strikes; designed for mortising into door edge.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Rockwood by Assa Abloy
    - b. Model 2842

## 2.7 EXIT DEVICES AND AUXILIARY ITEMS

- A. Exit Devices and Auxiliary Items: BHMA A156.3.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Von Duprin by Allegion plc.
    - b. Surface Rim 99 Series
    - c. Vert Rod on Double Doors 9927
    - d. US26D Finish

### 2.8 LOCK CYLINDERS

- A. Lock Cylinders: Tumbler type, constructed from brass or bronze, stainless steel, or nickel silver. Provide cylinder from same manufacturer of locking devices.
- B. Standard Lock Cylinders: BHMA A156.5; Grade 1 permanent cores; face finished to match lockset.
  - 1. Core Type: Schlage C Key 6 pin
    - a. Provide blank cores to Owner for Keying by independent contractor
- C. Construction Master Keys: Provide cylinders with feature that permits voiding of construction keys without cylinder removal. Provide 10 construction master keys.
- D. Construction Cores: Provide construction cores that are replaceable by permanent cores. Provide 10 construction master keys.

# 2.9 KEYING

- A. Keying System:
  - 1. Provide cores to Johnson & Powell for keying.8601 Jameel Road, Suite 190Houston, Texas 77040(713) 460-3667
  - 2. Include cost of labor to key all locks in Base Bid
  - 3. Great-Grand Master Key System: Change keys, a master key, a grand master key, and a great-grand master key operate cylinders.
    - a. Provide three cylinder change keys and five each of master, grand master, and greatgrand master keys.
  - 4. Keyed Alike: Key all cylinders to same change key.
- B. Keys: Brass.
  - 1. Stamping: Permanently inscribe each key with a visual key control number and include the following notation:
    - a. Notation: "DO NOT DUPLICATE."

# 2.10 SURFACE CLOSERS

- A. Surface Closers: BHMA A156.4; rack-and-pinion hydraulic type with adjustable sweep and latch speeds controlled by key-operated valves and forged-steel main arm. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for size of door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Norton Door Controls; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
      - 1) Norton #7500 Exterior Openings
      - 2) Norton #210 Interior Openings

# 2.11 MECHANICAL STOPS AND HOLDERS

- A. Wall- and Floor-Mounted Stops: BHMA A156.16.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Trimco.
    - b. Model 1211 Universal Floor Stop
    - c. Model 1270 Series Wall Bumpers
- 2.12 Overhead Stop
  - A. Rockwood by Assa Abloy
  - B. Model OH102H Heavy Duty Concealed Hold Open

### 2.13 DOOR GASKETING

- A. Door Gasketing: BHMA A156.22; with resilient or flexible seal strips that are easily replaceable and readily available from stocks maintained by manufacturer.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Hager Companies.
    - b. National Guard Products, Inc.
    - c. Pemko; an ASSA ABLOY Group Company.
- B. Maximum Air Leakage: When tested according to ASTM E283 with tested pressure differential of 0.3-inch wg, as follows:
  - 1. Smoke-Rated Gasketing: 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. of door opening.
  - 2. Gasketing on Single Doors: 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. of door opening.
  - 3. Gasketing on Double Doors: 0.50 cfm per ft. of door opening.

### 2.14 THRESHOLDS

- A. Thresholds: BHMA A156.21; ADA fabricated to full width of opening indicated.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Hager Companies.
    - b. National Guard Products, Inc.
    - c. Pemko; an ASSA ABLOY Group Company.

## 2.15 Proxy Card Reader

A. Owner furnished and installed

#### 2.16 FINISHES

A. US26D unless noted otherwise

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights to comply with the following unless otherwise indicated or required to comply with governing regulations.
  - 1. Standard Steel Doors and Frames: ANSI/SDI A250.8.
  - 2. Custom Steel Doors and Frames: HMMA 831.
  - 3. Wood Doors: DHI's "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Wood Flush Doors."

- B. Install each door hardware item to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing work. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.
- C. Hinges: Install types and in quantities indicated in door hardware schedule, but not fewer than the number recommended by manufacturer for application indicated or one hinge for every 30 inches of door height, whichever is more stringent, unless other equivalent means of support for door, such as spring hinges or pivots, are provided.
- D. Lock Cylinders: Install construction cores to secure building and areas during construction period.
  - 1. Replace construction cores with permanent cores as indicated in keying schedule .
- E. Key Control Cabinet: Tag keys and place them on markers and hooks in key control system cabinet, as determined by final keying schedule.
- F. Thresholds: Set thresholds for exterior doors and other doors indicated in full bed of sealant complying with requirements specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."
- G. Stops: Provide floor stops for doors unless wall or other type stops are indicated in door hardware schedule. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic.
- H. Perimeter Gasketing: Apply to head and jamb, forming seal between door and frame.
  - 1. Do not notch perimeter gasketing to install other surface-applied hardware.
- I. Meeting Stile Gasketing: Fasten to meeting stiles, forming seal when doors are closed.
- J. Door Bottoms: Apply to bottom of door, forming seal with threshold when door is closed.

## 3.2 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.

## 3.3 DOOR HARDWARE SCHEDULE

A. Refer to drawings for functions to be incorporated into each opening.

## END OF SECTION 087100

# SECTION 088000 - GLAZING

# PART 1 - PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General Conditions, Supplementary General Conditions and other Division 1 Project Manual Sections, apply to work of this Section.
- B. Section 08110 Steel Doors and Frames

## 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. Definitions: "Glass" included both primary and fabricated glass products as described in FGMA "Glazing Manual". Glazing includes glass installation and materials used to install glass.
- B. Extent of glass and glazing work is indicated on drawings and schedules.
- C. Types of work in this section include glass and glazing for:
- D. Low-e insulated tinted glass for all exterior windows
- E. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" laminated interior safety impact glass for sliding window
- F. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" laminated interior safety glass

## 1.3 SYSTEM PERFORMANCES:

A. Provide glass and glazing that has been produced, fabricated and installed to withstand normal temperature changes, wind loading, impact loading, (where applicable), without failure including loss or breakage of glass, failure of sealants or gaskets to remain materials, and other defects in the work.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical data for each glazing material and fabricated glass product required, including installation and maintenance instructions.
- B. Samples: Submit, for verification purposes, 12" square samples of each type of glass indicated except for clear single pane units, and 12" long samples of each color required (except black) for each type of sealant or gasket exposed to view. Install sealant or gasket sample between two strips of material representative of adjoining framing system in color.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of glass product manufacturers and organizations below, except where more stringent requirements are indicated. Refer to these publications for glazing terms not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.
  - 1. FGMA Publications: "FGMA Glazing Manual."
- B. Safety Glass: Products complying with ANSI Z97.1 and testing requirements of 16 CFR Part 1201 for Category II materials.
  - 1. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide safety glass permanently marked with certification label of Safety Glazing Certification Council (SGCC) or other certification agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Glazier Qualifications: Engage an experienced glazier who has completed glazing similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for Project with a record of successful in-service performance.
- D. Single Source Responsibility for Glass: Obtain glass from one source for each product indicated.
- E. Single Source Responsibility for Glazing Accessories: Obtain glazing accessories from one source for each product and installation method indicated.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:

A. Protect glass and glazing materials during delivery, storage and handling to comply with manufacturer's directions and as required to prevent edge damage to glass, and damage to glass, and glazing materials from effects of moisture including condensation of temperature changes, of direct exposure to sun, and from other causes.

## PART 2 - PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS:

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products which may be incorporated in the work include; but are not limited to, the following:
- B. Manufacturers of Clear (Exterior Doors and Windows):
  - 1. PPG Industries, Inc.

## 2.2 PRIMARY GLASS PRODUCTS:

- A. 1 " Insulated Tempered low-e
  - 1. PPG Solargray + Solarban 60 (3)

- B. 5/16" laminated interior safety impact glass for door vision panels & Interior Glass e
  - 1. Clear+Clear

## 2.3 GLAZING SEALANTS:

- A. General: Comply with recommendations of sealant and glass manufacturers for selection of glazing sealants which have performance characteristics suitable for applications indicated and conditions at time of installation.
- B. Compatibility: Select sealants with proven compatibility with surfaces contacted in the installation and under service conditions indicated, as demonstrated by testing and field experience.
- C. Colors: Provide color of exposed sealants indicated or, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors.
- D. Silicone Glazing Sealant: Single component elastomeric silicone sealant complying with FS TT-S-001543, Class A, nonsag; and with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use G and as applicable to use indicated, Uses A and O; and with the following requirements.
  - 1. General Electric Corporation; 1200 series silicone... Note: 1000 series is not acceptable series.

## 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS:

- A. General: Provide products of material, size, and shape complying with referenced glazing standard, requirements of manufacturers of glass and other glazing materials involved for glazing application indicated, and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.
- B. Cleaners, Primers and Sealers: Type recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.
- C. Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Shore A durometer hardness of 85 plus or minus 5.
- D. Spacers: Elastomeric blocks or continuous extrusions with a Shore durometer hardness required by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation indicated.
- E. Edge Blocks: Elastomeric material of hardness needed to limit glass lateral movement (side walking).

# PART 3 - PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine glass framing, with glazier present, for compliance with the following:

- 1. Manufacturing and installation tolerances, including those for size, scariness, offsets at corners.
- 2. Presence and functioning of weep system.
- 3. Minimum required face or edge clearances.
- 4. Effective sealing between joints of glass framing members.
- B. Do not proceed with glazing until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION:

A. Clean glazing channels and other framing members to receive glass, immediately before glazing. Remove coatings which are not firmly bonded to substrates. Remove lacquer from metal surfaces where elastomeric sealants are indicated for use.

# 3.3 GLAZING GENERAL:

- A. Comply with combined printed recommendations of glass manufacturers, of manufacturers of sealants, gaskets and other glazing materials, except where more stringent requirements are indicated, including those of referenced glazing standards.
- B. Protect glass from edge damage during handling and installation; use a rolling block in rotating glass units to prevent damage to glass corners. Do not impact glass with metal framing. Use suction cups to shift glass units within openings; do not raise or drift glass with a pry bar. Rotate glass with flares or bevels along one horizontal edge which would occur in vicinity of setting blocks so that these are located at top of opening.
- C. Remove from project and dispose of glass units with edge damage or other imperfections of kind that, when installed, weakens glass and impairs performance and appearance.
- D. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction sealant-substrate testing.

# 3.4 GLAZING:

- A. Install setting blocks of proper size in sill rabbet, located one quarter of glass width from each corner, but no closer than 6" unless otherwise required. Set blocks in thin course of sealant which is acceptable for heel bead use.
- B. Provide edge blocking to comply with requirements of referenced glazing standard, except where otherwise required by glass unit manufacturer.
- C. Set units of glass in each series with uniformity of pattern, draw, bow and similar characteristics.

## 3.5 PROTECTION AND CLEANING:

A. Protect exterior glass from breakage immediately upon installation by use of crossed streamers attached to framing and held away from glass. Do not apply markers to surface of glass. Remove nonpermanent labels and clean surfaces.

- B. Remove and replace glass which is broken, chipped, cracked, abraded or damaged in other ways during construction period, including natural causes, accidents and vandalism.
- C. Wash glass on both faces not more than 4 days prior to date scheduled for inspections intended to establish date of substantial completion in each area of project. Wash glass by method recommended by glass manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 088000

## SECTION 092400 - CEMENT PLASTERING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Exterior vertical plasterwork (stucco).
  - 2. Rainscreen drainage plane

# 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For each type of factory-prepared finish coat and for each color and texture specified.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Rainscreen Drainage Plane
  - A. Manufacturer: MTI
    - 1. 24235 Electric Street Cresco, Iowa 52136563.547.1122
    - 2. MTIdry.com/sure-cavity
  - B. Product
    - 1. Sure Cavity 10MM SCMM 2532 system
  - C. Location
    - 1. Between double layer weather barrier and metal lath.

## 2.2 METAL LATH

- A. Expanded-Metal Lath: ASTM C847, cold-rolled carbon-steel sheet with ASTM A653/A653M, G60, hot-dip galvanized-zinc coating.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Alabama Metal Industries Company; a Gibraltar Industries company.
    - b. CEMCO; California Expanded Metal Products Co.
    - c. ClarkDietrich.

- d. MarinoWARE.
- e. Phillips Manufacturing Co.
- 2. Diamond-Mesh Lath: Self-furring , 3.4 lb/sq. yd..

## 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Comply with ASTM C1063, and coordinate depth of trim and accessories with thicknesses and number of plaster coats required.
- B. Metal Accessories:
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Alabama Metal Industries Company; a Gibraltar Industries company.
    - b. Brand X Metals, Inc.
    - c. CEMCO; California Expanded Metal Products Co.
    - d. ClarkDietrich.
    - e. Flannery, Inc.
    - f. MarinoWARE.
    - g. Phillips Manufacturing Co.
  - 2. Foundation Weep Screed: Fabricated from hot-dip galvanized-steel sheet, ASTM A653/A653M, G60 zinc coating.
  - 3. Cornerite: Fabricated from metal lath with ASTM A653/A653M, G60, hot-dip galvanizedzinc coating.
  - 4. External- (Outside-) Corner Reinforcement: Fabricated from metal lath with ASTM A653/A653M, G60, hot-dip galvanized-zinc coating.
  - 5. Cornerbeads: Fabricated from zinc .
    - a. Smallnose cornerbead with expanded flanges; use unless otherwise indicated.
    - b. Smallnose cornerbead with perforated flanges; use on curved corners.
    - c. Smallnose cornerbead with expanded flanges reinforced by perforated stiffening rib; use on columns and for finishing unit masonry corners.
    - d. Bullnose cornerbead, radius 3/4 inch minimum, with expanded flanges; use at locations indicated on Drawings.
  - 6. Casing Beads: Fabricated from zinc ; square-edged style; with expanded flanges.
  - 7. Control Joints: Fabricated from zinc ; one-piece-type, folded pair of unperforated screeds in M-shaped configuration; with perforated flanges and removable protective tape on plaster face of control joint.
  - 8. Expansion Joints: Fabricated from zinc ; folded pair of unperforated screeds in M-shaped configuration; with expanded flanges.
  - 9. Two-Piece Expansion Joints: Fabricated from zinc ; formed to produce slip-joint and square-edged reveal that is adjustable from 1/4 to 5/8 inch wide; with perforated flanges.

## 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Water for Mixing and Finishing Plaster: Potable and free of substances capable of affecting plaster set or of damaging plaster, lath, or accessories.

- B. Fiber for Base Coat: Alkaline-resistant glass or polypropylene fibers, 1/2 inch long, free of contaminants, manufactured for use in cement plaster.
- C. Bonding Compound: ASTM C932.
- D. Fasteners for Attaching Metal Lath to Substrates: ASTM C1063.
- E. Wire: ASTM A641/A641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, not less than 0.0475-inch diameter unless otherwise indicated.

## 2.5 PLASTER MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C150/C150M, Type I.
  - 1. Color for Finish Coats: To Be Determined.
- B. Lime: ASTM C206, Type S; or ASTM C207, Type S.
- C. Sand Aggregate: ASTM C897.
- D. Acrylic-Based Finish Coatings: Factory-mixed acrylic-emulsion coating systems formulated with colorfast mineral pigments and fine aggregates; for use over cement plaster base coats. Include manufacturer's recommended primers and sealing topcoats for acrylic-based finishes.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Dryvit Systems, Inc.
    - b. Senergy; Master Builders Solutions.
    - c. Sto Corp.
  - 2. Color: Match Architect's sample .

## 2.6 PLASTER MIXES

- A. General: Comply with ASTM C926 for applications indicated.
  - 1. Fiber Content: Add fiber to base-coat mixes after ingredients have mixed at least two minutes. Comply with fiber manufacturer's written instructions for fiber quantities in mixes, but do not exceed 1 lb of fiber/cu. yd. of cementitious materials.
- B. Base-Coat Mixes for Use over Metal Lath: Scratch and brown coats for three-coat plasterwork as follows:
  - 1. Portland Cement Mixes:
    - a. Scratch Coat: For cementitious material, mix 1 part portland cement and 0 to 3/4 parts lime. Use 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
    - b. Brown Coat: For cementitious material, mix 1 part portland cement and 0 to 3/4 parts lime. Use 3 to 5 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material, but not less than volume of aggregate used in scratch coat.
  - 2. Masonry Cement Mixes:

- a. Scratch Coat: Mix 1 part masonry cement and 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate.
- b. Brown Coat: Mix 1 part masonry cement and 3 to 5 parts aggregate, but not less than volume of aggregate used in scratch coat.
- 3. Portland and Masonry Cement Mixes:
  - a. Scratch Coat: For cementitious material, mix 1 part portland cement and 1 part masonry cement. Use 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
  - b. Brown Coat: For cementitious material, mix 1 part portland cement and 1 part masonry cement. Use 3 to 5 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material, but not less than volume of aggregate used in scratch coat.
- 4. Plastic Cement Mixes:
  - a. Scratch Coat: Mix 1 part plastic cement and 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate.
  - b. Brown Coat: Mix 1 part plastic cement and 3 to 5 parts aggregate, but not less than volume of aggregate used in scratch coat.
- 5. Portland and Plastic Cement Mixes:
  - a. Scratch Coat: For cementitious material, mix 1 part plastic cement and 1 part portland cement. Use 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
  - b. Brown Coat: For cementitious material, mix 1 part plastic cement and 1 part portland cement. Use 3 to 5 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material, but not less than volume of aggregate used in scratch coat.
- C. Job-Mixed Finish-Coat Mixes:
  - 1. Portland Cement Mix: For cementitious materials, mix 1 part portland cement and 3/4 to 1-1/2 parts lime. Use 1-1/2 to 3 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
  - 2. Masonry Cement Mix: Use 1 part masonry cement and 1-1/2 to 3 parts aggregate.
  - 3. Portland and Masonry Cement Mix: For cementitious materials, mix 1 part portland cement and 1 part masonry cement. Use 1-1/2 to 3 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
  - 4. Plastic Cement Mix: Use 1 part plastic cement and 1-1/2 to 3 parts aggregate.
- D. Factory-Prepared Finish-Coat Mixes: For acrylic-based finish coatings, comply with manufacturer's written instructions.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL
  - A. Prepare smooth, solid substrates for plaster according to ASTM C926.
  - B. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Install components according to requirements for design designations from listing organization and publication indicated on Drawings.

## 3.2 INSTALLING METAL LATH

A. Metal Lath: Install according to ASTM C1063.

### 3.3 INSTALLING ACCESSORIES

- A. Install according to ASTM C1063 and at locations indicated on Drawings.
- B. Reinforcement for External (Outside) Corners:
  - 1. Install lath-type, external-corner reinforcement at exterior locations.
  - 2. Install cornerbead at interior locations.
- C. Control Joints: Locate as indicated on Drawings.

### 3.4 PLASTER APPLICATION

- A. General: Comply with ASTM C926.
- B. Walls; Base-Coat Mixes for Use over Metal Lath: For scratch and brown coats, for three-coat plasterwork with 3/4-inch total thickness, as follows:
  - 1. Portland cement mixes.
  - 2. Masonry cement mixes.
  - 3. Portland and masonry cement mixes.
  - 4. Plastic cement mixes.
  - 5. Portland and plastic cement mixes.
- C. Acrylic-Based Finish Coatings: Apply coating system, including primers, finish coats, and sealing topcoats, according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Concealed Exterior Plasterwork: Where plaster application is used as a base for adhered finishes, omit finish coat.

#### 3.5 PLASTER REPAIRS

A. Repair or replace work to eliminate cracks, dents, blisters, buckles, crazing and check cracking, dry outs, efflorescence, sweat outs, and similar defects and where bond to substrate has failed.

END OF SECTION 092400

## SECTION 092900 - GYPSUM BOARD

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Interior gypsum board.
  - 2. Tile backing panels.

# 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Gypsum board, Type X.
  - 2. Gypsum ceiling board.
  - 3. Cementitious backer units.
  - 4. Joint treatment materials.
  - 5. Acoustical sealant.
- B. Samples: For each texture finish indicated on same backing indicated for Work.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. STC-Rated Assemblies: For STC-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E90 and classified according to ASTM E413 by an independent testing agency.

### 2.2 GYPSUM BOARD, GENERAL

A. Size: Provide maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and that correspond with support system indicated.

# 2.3 INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Gypsum Board, Type X: ASTM C1396/C1396M.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Certainteed; SAINT-GOBAIN.
    - b. Georgia-Pacific Gypsum LLC.

- c. National Gypsum Company.
- d. USG Corporation 1.
- 2. Thickness: 5/8 inch.
- B. Gypsum Ceiling Board: ASTM C1396/C1396M.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Certainteed; SAINT-GOBAIN.
    - b. Georgia-Pacific Gypsum LLC.
    - c. National Gypsum Company.
  - 2. Thickness: 1/2 inch.

## 2.4 TILE BACKING PANELS

- A. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A118.9 and ASTM C1288 or ASTM C1325, with manufacturer's standard edges.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Custom Building Products Wonderboard.
    - b. USG Corporation 1 Durock.
  - 2. Thickness: 5/8 inch .
  - 3. Mold Resistance: ASTM D3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D3274.

## 2.5 TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. Interior Trim: ASTM C1047.
  - 1. Material: Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet or rolled zinc .
  - 2. Shapes:
    - a. Cornerbead.
    - b. Bullnose bead.
    - c. LC-Bead: J-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
    - d. L-Bead: L-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
    - e. U-Bead: J-shaped; exposed short flange does not receive joint compound.
    - f. Expansion (control) joint.
    - g. Curved-Edge Cornerbead: With notched or flexible flanges.

## 2.6 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with ASTM C475/C475M.
- B. Joint Tape:
  - 1. Interior Gypsum Board: Paper.
  - 2. Tile Backing Panels: As recommended by panel manufacturer.

- C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Board: For each coat, use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.
  - 1. Prefilling: At open joints and damaged surface areas, use setting-type taping compound.
  - 2. Embedding and First Coat: For embedding tape and first coat on joints, fasteners, and trim flanges, use setting-type taping compound.
    - a. Use setting-type compound for installing paper-faced metal trim accessories.
  - 3. Fill Coat: For second coat, use setting-type, sandable topping compound.
  - 4. Finish Coat: For third coat, use setting-type, sandable topping compound.
  - 5. Skim Coat: For final coat of Level 5 finish, use setting-type, sandable topping compound .
- D. Joint Compound for Tile Backing Panels:
  - 1. Cementitious Backer Units: As recommended by backer unit manufacturer.
  - 2. National Gypsum mold-resistant joint tratment "ProForm XP".

# 2.7 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C1002 unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Use screws complying with ASTM C954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch thick.
  - 2. For fastening cementitious backer units, use screws of type and size recommended by panel manufacturer.
- C. Sound-Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing) produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.
  - 1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Comply with mineral-fiber requirements of assembly.
- D. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Section 079219 "Acoustical Joint Sealants."
- E. Thermal Insulation: As specified in Section 072100 "Thermal Insulation."

### 2.8 TEXTURE FINISHES

- A. Level 4 Finish
- B. Primer: As recommended by textured finish manufacturer.
- C. Non-Aggregate Finish: Premixed, vinyl texture finish for spray application.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. National Gypsum Company.

- b. USG Corporation 1.
- 2. Texture: Orange peel .

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION AND FINISHING OF PANELS

- A. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- B. Comply with ASTM C840.
- C. Isolate perimeter of gypsum board applied to non-load-bearing partitions at structural abutments. Provide 1/4- to 1/2-inch- wide spaces at these locations and trim edges with edge trim where edges of panels are exposed. Seal joints between edges and abutting structural surfaces with acoustical sealant.
- D. For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Prefill open joints and damaged surface areas.
- F. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except for trim products specifically indicated as not intended to receive tape.
- G. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below and according to ASTM C840:
  - 1. Level 1: Ceiling plenum areas, concealed areas, and where indicated.
  - 2. Level 4: Typical exposed areas.
    - a. Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in Section 099123 "Interior Painting."
- H. Cementitious Backer Units: Finish according to manufacturer's written instructions.

# 3.2 APPLYING TEXTURE FINISHES

- A. Surface Preparation and Primer: Prepare and apply primer to gypsum panels and other surfaces receiving texture finishes. Apply primer to surfaces that are clean, dry, and smooth.
- B. Texture Finish Application: Mix and apply finish using powered spray equipment, to produce a uniform texture matching approved mockup and free of starved spots or other evidence of thin application or of application patterns.

# 3.3 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.

B. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.

END OF SECTION 092900

## SECTION 093013 - CERAMIC TILING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Ceramic mosaic tile.
  - 2. Glazed wall tile.
  - 3. Tile backing panels.
  - 4. Waterproof membrane for thinset applications.
  - 5. Crack isolation membrane.
  - 6. Metal edge strips.
  - 7. ADA Marble Threshold

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For Installer.

#### 1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match and are from same production runs as products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Tile and Trim Units: Furnish quantity of full-size units equal to 3 percent of amount installed for each type, composition, color, pattern, and size indicated.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PRODUCTS, GENERAL

A. ANSI Ceramic Tile Standard: Provide Standard-grade tile that complies with ANSI A137.1 for types, compositions, and other characteristics indicated.

B. ANSI Standards for Tile Installation Materials: Provide materials complying with ANSI A108.02, ANSI standards referenced in other Part 2 articles, ANSI standards referenced by TCNA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules, and other requirements specified.

# 2.2 TILE PRODUCTS

- A. Ceramic Tile Type F2: Factory-mounted unglazed porcelain mosaic tile.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. American Olean; a division of Dal-Tile Corporation.
  - 2. Composition: Porcelain .
  - 3. Certification: Porcelain tile certified by the Porcelain Tile Certification Agency.
  - 4. Module Size: 2 by 2 inches .
  - 5. Thickness: 1/4 inch.
  - 6. Surface: Smooth, without abrasive admixture.
  - 7. Dynamic Coefficient of Friction: Not less than 0.42.
  - 8. Tile Color and Pattern: Unglazed 2x2 porcelain tile mosaic, Group 2.
  - 9. Grout Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range .
  - 10. Trim Units: Coordinated with sizes and coursing of adjoining flat tile where applicable and matching characteristics of adjoining flat tile. Provide shapes as follows, selected from manufacturer's standard shapes:
    - a. Base Cove: Cove, module size 1 by 1 inch.
    - b. Base Cap: Surface bullnose, module size 2 by 2 inches.
    - c. External Corners for Thinset Mortar Installations: , module size 2 by 2 inches .
      - 1) Internal Corners: Cove, module size 2 by 2 inches.
    - d. Tapered Transition Tile: Shape designed to effect transition between thickness of tile floor and adjoining floor finishes of different thickness, tapered to provide reduction in thickness from 1/2 to 1/4 inch across nominal 4-inch dimension.
- B. Ceramic Tile Type W2: Glazedwall tile
  - 1. Face Size: 4 By 12 inches .
  - 2. Thickness: 1/4 inch .
  - 3. Wearing Surface: Nonabrasive, smooth .
  - 4. Tile Color and Pattern: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range Group 1.
  - 5. Grout Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range .
  - 6. Trim Units: Coordinated with sizes and coursing of adjoining flat tile where applicable and matching characteristics of adjoining flat tile. Provide shapes as follows, selected from manufacturer's standard shapes:
    - a. Base: Coved with surface bullnose top edge, face size 4 x 12 inch.
    - b. Wainscot Cap: Surface bullnose, face size 4 x 12 inch.
- C. Accessories: Provide vitreous china accessories of type and size indicated, suitable for installing by same method as used for adjoining wall tile.

### 2.3 THRESHOLDS

- A. General: Marble fabricated to sizes and profiles indicated or required to provide transition between adjacent floor finishes.
  - 1. Bevel edges at 1:2 slope, with lower edge of bevel aligned with or up to 1/16 inch above adjacent floor surface. Finish bevel to match top surface of threshold. Limit height of threshold to 1/2 inch or less above adjacent floor surface.

## 2.4 TILE BACKING PANELS

- A. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A118.9 or ASTM C1325, Type A.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. Reference 09 29 00
  - 2. Thickness: 5/8 inch .

### 2.5 WATERPROOF MEMBRANE

- A. General: Manufacturer's standard product, selected from the following, that complies with ANSI A118.10 and is recommended by the manufacturer for the application indicated. Include reinforcement and accessories recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Fluid-Applied Membrane: Liquid-latex rubber or elastomeric polymer.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Custom Building Products.
    - b. Laticrete International, Inc.
    - c. MAPEI Corporation.

#### 2.6 CRACK ISOLATION MEMBRANE

- A. General: Manufacturer's standard product that complies with ANSI A118.12 for high performance and is recommended by the manufacturer for the application indicated. Include reinforcement and accessories recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Fluid-Applied Membrane: Liquid-latex rubber or elastomeric polymer.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Custom Building Products.
    - b. Laticrete International, Inc.
    - c. MAPEI Corporation.

## 2.7 SETTING MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement Mortar (Thickset) Installation Materials: ANSI A108.02.
- B. Improved Modified Dry-Set Mortar (Thinset): ANSI A118.15.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. C-Cure.
    - b. Custom Building Products.
    - c. Laticrete International, Inc.
    - d. MAPEI Corporation.
  - 2. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix to which only water must be added at Project site.
  - 3. For wall applications, provide nonsagging mortar.

### 2.8 GROUT MATERIALS

- A. High-Performance Tile Grout: ANSI A118.7.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. C-Cure.
    - b. Custom Building Products.
    - c. Laticrete International, Inc.
    - d. MAPEI Corporation.
  - 2. Polymer Type: Dry, redispersible form, prepackaged with other dry ingredients.
- B. Grout for Pregrouted Tile Sheets: Same product used in factory to pregrout tile sheets.

#### 2.9 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Trowelable Underlayments and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer of tile-setting materials for installations indicated.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where tile will be installed, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that substrates for setting tile are firm; dry; clean; free of coatings that are incompatible with tile-setting materials, including curing compounds and other substances that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone; and comply with flatness tolerances required by ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.

- 2. Verify that concrete substrates for tile floors installed with thinset mortar comply with surface finish requirements in ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in concrete substrates for tile floors installed with thinset mortar with trowelable leveling and patching compound specifically recommended by tile-setting material manufacturer.
- B. Where indicated, prepare substrates to receive waterproof membrane by applying a reinforced mortar bed that complies with ANSI A108.1A and is sloped 1/4 inch per foot toward drains.
- C. Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations, verify that tile has been factory blended and packaged so tile units taken from one package show same range of colors as those taken from other packages and match approved Samples. If not factory blended, either return to manufacturer or blend tiles at Project site before installing.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with TCNA's "Handbook for Ceramic, Glass, and Stone Tile Installation" for TCNA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules. Comply with parts of the ANSI A108 series "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" that are referenced in TCNA installation methods, specified in tile installation schedules, and apply to types of setting and grouting materials used.
- B. Extend tile work into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures to form complete covering without interruptions unless otherwise indicated. Terminate work neatly at obstructions, edges, and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.
- C. Accurately form intersections and returns. Perform cutting and drilling of tile without marring visible surfaces. Carefully grind cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish, or built-in items for straight aligned joints. Fit tile closely to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures, and other penetrations so plates, collars, or covers overlap tile.
- D. Provide manufacturer's standard trim shapes where necessary to eliminate exposed tile edges.
- E. Where accent tile differs in thickness from field tile, vary setting bed thickness so that tiles are flush.
- F. Jointing Pattern: Lay tile in grid pattern unless otherwise indicated. Lay out tile work and center tile fields in both directions in each space or on each wall area. Lay out tile work to minimize the use of pieces that are less than half of a tile. Provide uniform joint widths unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Joint Widths: Unless otherwise indicated, install tile with the following joint widths:
  - 1. Ceramic Mosaic Tile: 1/8 inch.

- 2. Glazed Wall Tile: 1/16 inch .
- H. Lay out tile wainscots to dimensions indicated or to next full tile beyond dimensions indicated.
- I. Expansion Joints: Provide expansion joints and other sealant-filled joints, including control, contraction, and isolation joints, where indicated. Form joints during installation of setting materials, mortar beds, and tile. Do not saw-cut joints after installing tiles.
  - 1. Where joints occur in concrete substrates, locate joints in tile surfaces directly above them.
- J. Metal Edge Strips: Install where exposed edge of tile flooring meets carpet, wood, or other flooring that finishes flush with or below top of tile and no threshold is indicated.
- K. Floor Sealer: Apply floor sealer to cementitious grout joints in tile floors according to floorsealer manufacturer's written instructions. As soon as floor sealer has penetrated grout joints, remove excess sealer and sealer from tile faces by wiping with soft cloth.
- L. Install tile backing panels and treat joints according to ANSI A108.11 and manufacturer's written instructions for type of application indicated. Use modified dry-set mortar for bonding material unless otherwise directed in manufacturer's written instructions.
- M. Install waterproof membrane to comply with ANSI A108.13 and manufacturer's written instructions to produce waterproof membrane of uniform thickness that is bonded securely to substrate.
- N. Install crack isolation membrane to comply with ANSI A108.17 and manufacturer's written instructions to produce membrane of uniform thickness that is bonded securely to substrate.

## 3.4 INTERIOR CERAMIC TILE INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

- A. Interior Floor Installations, Concrete Subfloor:
  - 1. Ceramic Tile Installation : TCNA F122A; thinset mortar on waterproof membrane.
    - a. Ceramic Tile Type: Porce;ain mosaic .
    - b. Thinset Mortar: Improved modified dry-set mortar.
    - c. Grout: High-performance unsanded grout.
- B. Interior Wall Installations, Wood or Metal Studs or Furring:
  - 1. Ceramic Tile Installation : TCNA W243; thinset mortar on gypsum board.
    - a. Ceramic Tile Type:  $4 \frac{1}{2} x \frac{4}{1} \frac{1}{2}$  glazed wall tile .
    - b. Thinset Mortar: Improved modified dry-set mortar.
    - c. Grout: High-performance unsanded grout.

END OF SECTION 093013

# SECTION 095123 - ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILINGS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Acoustical tiles for interior ceilings.
  - 2. Fully concealed, direct-hung, suspension systems.

## 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

# 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved.
- B. Product test reports.
- C. Research reports.
- D. Field quality-control reports.

## 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 ACOUSTICAL TILES C1

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.
    - a. School Zone Fine Fissured 1713
  - 2. USG Corporation.
    - a. UAG MARA Climaplus 86185

- B. Acoustical Tile Standard: Manufacturer's standard tiles of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E1264.
- C. Color: White .
- D. Light Reflectance (LR): .9.
- E. Ceiling Attenuation Class (CAC): 35 .
- F. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC): .75 .
- G. Edge/Joint Detail: Square .
- H. Thickness: 3/4 inch .
- I. Modular Size: 24" x 24".

## 2.2 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEM

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Armstrong Ceiling & Wall Solutions.
  - 2. USG Corporation.
- B. Metal Suspension-System Standard: Manufacturer's standard, direct-hung, fully concealed, metal suspension system that complies with applicable requirements in ASTM C635/C635M.
- Direct-Hung, Double-Web Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from and capped with cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized, G30 coating designation.
  - 1.  $1 \frac{1}{2}$ " Exposed Grid
  - 2. Structural Classification: Heavy-duty system.

# 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C635/C635M, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated. Comply with seismic design requirements.
- B. Seismic Clips: Manufacturer's standard seismic clips designed to secure acoustical tiles in-place during a seismic event.

## 2.4 METAL EDGE MOLDINGS AND TRIM

A. Roll-Formed, Sheet-Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Type and profile indicated or, if not indicated, manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations complying with seismic

design requirements; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish, and color as that used for of suspension-system runners.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical tiles to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width tiles at borders unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Layout openings for penetrations centered on the penetrating items.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION OF SUSPENDED ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILINGS

- A. Install suspended acoustical tile ceilings according to ASTM C636/C636M and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical tiles.
  - 1. Do not use exposed fasteners, including pop rivets, on moldings and trim.
- C. Arrange directionally patterned acoustical tiles as indicated on reflected ceiling plans.

END OF SECTION 095123

# SECTION 096513 - RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Thermoplastic-rubber base.
  - 2. Rubber molding accessories.

## 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 THERMOPLASTIC-RUBBER BASE

- A. <u>Products:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:
  - 1. Roppe Corporation.
- B. Product Standard: ASTM F1861, Type TP (rubber, thermoplastic).
  - 1. Group: I (solid, homogeneous).
  - Style and Location:
     a. Style B, Cove: Provide in areas with resilient floor coverings .
- C. Thickness: 0.125 inch .
- D. Height: 4 inches .
- E. Lengths: Coils in manufacturer's standard length .
- F. Outside Corners: Preformed .
- G. Inside Corners: Preformed .
- H. Colors: As indicated by manufacturer's designations .

### 2.2 RUBBER MOLDING ACCESSORY

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - 1. Roppe Corporation; Roppe Holding Company.
- B. Description: Rubber carpet edge for glue-down applications nosing for resilient floor covering reducer strip for resilient floor covering joiner for tile and carpet transition strips .
- C. Colors and Patterns: As indicated by manufacturer's designations .

## 2.3 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland-cement-based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by resilient-product manufacturer for applications indicated.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by resilient-product manufacturer for resilient products and substrate conditions indicated.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound; remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- C. Do not install resilient products until materials are the same temperature as space where they are to be installed.
- D. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products.

#### 3.2 RESILIENT BASE INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient base.
- B. Apply resilient base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and cabinets in toe spaces, and other permanent fixtures in rooms and areas where base is required.
- C. Install resilient base in lengths as long as practical without gaps at seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.

- D. Tightly adhere resilient base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with base in continuous contact with horizontal and vertical substrates.
- E. Do not stretch resilient base during installation.
- F. On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of resilient base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.
- G. Preformed Corners: Install preformed corners before installing straight pieces.

#### 3.3 RESILIENT ACCESSORY INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient accessories.
- B. Resilient Molding Accessories: Butt to adjacent materials and tightly adhere to substrates throughout length of each piece. Install reducer strips at edges of floor covering that would otherwise be exposed.

#### 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protecting resilient products.
- B. Cover resilient products subject to wear and foot traffic until Substantial Completion.

### SECTION 096519 - RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 **SUMMARY**

- A. Section Includes:
  - Resilient Tile Flooring and Accessories. 1.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- Product Data: For each type of product. A.
- Samples: Full-size units of each color, texture, and pattern of floor tile required. B.

#### 1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

Maintenance Data: For each type of floor tile to include in maintenance manuals. A.

#### MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS 1.4

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Floor Tile: Furnish one box for every 50 boxes or fraction thereof, of each type, color, and pattern of floor tile installed.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are competent in A. techniques required by manufacturer for floor tile installation and seaming method indicated.
  - 1. Engage an installer who employs workers for this Project who are trained or certified by floor tile manufacturer for installation techniques required.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Store floor tile and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient A. temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F or more than 90 deg F. Store floor tiles on flat surfaces.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 65 deg F or more than 85 deg F, in spaces to receive floor tile during the following periods:
  - 1. 48 hours before installation.
  - 2. During installation.
  - 3. 48 hours after installation.
- B. After installation and until Substantial Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 85 deg F.
- C. Close spaces to traffic during floor tile installation.
- D. Close spaces to traffic for 48 hours after floor tile installation.
- E. Install floor tile after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For resilient floor tile, as determined by testing identical products in accordance with ASTM E648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.
  - 1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.
- B. Flooring products shall comply with the requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- C. Flooring products shall comply with the requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- D. Flooring products shall comply with the requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers." Formaldehyde emissions shall not exceed 16.5 mcg/cu. m or 13.5 ppb, whichever is less.
- E. Flooring products shall comply with the requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- F. Flooring products shall comply with the requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

## 2.2 SOLID VINYL FLOOR TILE : F1

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Armstrong Flooring; Karandean Opus
- B. Size: 6 x 36.
- C. Thickness: 2.5mm
- D. Wear Layer: 20 mil
- E. Warranty: 15 years

#### 2.3 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland-cement-based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by floor tile manufacturer for applications indicated.
  - 1. Provide leveling and patching as may be required. No additional change order will be granted.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type
  - 1. Karndean K99 HM Trowel applied solvent free acrylic adhesive. Formulated to resist high amounts of moisture vapor from concrete substrate, allowing it to bond resilient flooring to substrates in conditions up to 99% RH. 11 lbs calcium chloride, and up to 12.0 pH.
  - 2. Contractor shall measure in the in-situ RH of concrete slabs in accordance with ASTM F2170, Calcium Chloride ASTM F1869, and test the pH of the slab as per ASTM F710.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of floor tile.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Prepare substrates in accordance with floor tile manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.

- B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare in accordance with ASTM F710.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
  - 2. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by floor tile manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
  - 3. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by floor tile manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrate alkalinity falls within range on pH scale recommended by manufacturer in writing, but not less than 5 or more than 10 pH.
  - 4. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 1000 sq. ft., and perform no fewer than three tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.
    - a. Relative Humidity Test: Using in-situ probes, ASTM F2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
- C. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound; remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- D. Do not install floor tiles until materials are the same temperature as space where they are to be installed.
  - 1. At least 48 hours in advance of installation, move resilient floor tile and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed.
- E. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient floor tile.

#### 3.3 FLOOR TILE INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing floor tile.
- B. Lay out floor tiles from center marks established with principal walls, discounting minor offsets, so tiles at opposite edges of room are of equal width. Adjust as necessary to avoid using cut widths that equal less than one-half tile at perimeter.
- C. Match floor tiles for color and pattern by selecting tiles from cartons in the same sequence as manufactured and packaged, if so numbered. Discard broken, cracked, chipped, or deformed tiles.
- D. Scribe, cut, and fit floor tiles to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces and permanent fixtures including built-in furniture, cabinets, pipes, outlets, and door frames.
- E. Extend floor tiles into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings. Extend floor tiles to center of door openings.
- F. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor tiles as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent marking device.

G. Adhere floor tiles to substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.

#### 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protecting floor tile.
- B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing floor tile installation:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from surfaces.
  - 2. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
  - 3. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.
- C. Protect floor tile from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
- D. Sealers and Finish Coats: Remove soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes from resilient terrazzo floor tile surfaces before applying liquid cleaners, sealers, and finish products.
- E. Cover floor tile until Substantial Completion.

#### SECTION 096813 - TILE CARPETING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Modular carpet tile.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture required.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product test reports.
- B. Sample warranty.

### 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

#### 1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty for Carpet Tiles: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of carpet tile installation that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Limited Lifetime

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 CARPET TILE

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - 1. Interface Carpet.
- B. Color: See Drawings .

- C. Pattern: Primary Stitch .
- D. Product Number: 1462102500
- E. Product Construction: Tufted Textured Loop
- F. Dye Method: 100% Solution Dyed
- G. Tufted Yard Weight: 15 oz/sq yd
- H. Machine Gauge: 1/12 in
- I. Pile Thickness: 0.079 in
- J. Size: 19.69 in x 19.69 in

#### 2.2 INSTALLATION ACCESSORIES

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant, mildew-resistant, nonstaining, pressure-sensitive type to suit products and subfloor conditions indicated, that comply with flammability requirements for installed carpet tile, and are recommended by carpet tile manufacturer for releasable installation.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Concrete Slabs:
  - 1. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 200 sq. ft., and perform no fewer than three tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.
    - a. Anhydrous Calcium Chloride Test: ASTM F1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.
    - b. Relative Humidity Test: Using in situ probes, ASTM F2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
    - c. Perform additional moisture tests recommended in writing by adhesive and carpet tile manufacturers. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. General: Comply with the Carpet and Rug Institute's CRI 104 and with carpet tile manufacturer's written installation instructions for preparing substrates indicated to receive carpet tile.

- B. Use trowelable leveling and patching compounds, according to manufacturer's written instructions, to fill cracks, holes, depressions, and protrusions in substrates. Fill or level cracks, holes and depressions 1/8 inch wide or wider, and protrusions more than 1/32 inch unless more stringent requirements are required by manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Concrete Substrates: Remove coatings, including curing compounds, and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, without using solvents. Use mechanical methods recommended in writing by adhesive and carpet tile manufacturers.
- D. Metal Substrates: Clean grease, oil, soil and rust, and prime if recommended in writing by adhesive manufacturer. Rough sand painted metal surfaces and remove loose paint. Sand aluminum surfaces, to remove metal oxides, immediately before applying adhesive.
- E. Broom and vacuum clean substrates to be covered immediately before installing carpet tile.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with the Carpet and Rug Institute's CRI 104, Section 10, "Carpet Tile," and with carpet tile manufacturer's written installation instructions.
- B. Installation Method: As recommended in writing by carpet tile manufacturer .
- C. Maintain dye-lot integrity. Do not mix dye lots in same area.
- D. Maintain pile-direction patterns recommended in writing by carpet tile manufacturer.
- E. Cut and fit carpet tile to butt tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, thresholds, and nosings. Bind or seal cut edges as recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.
- F. Extend carpet tile into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, open-bottomed obstructions, removable flanges, alcoves, and similar openings.
- G. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on carpet tile as marked on subfloor. Use nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.
- H. Install pattern parallel to walls and borders.
- I. Protect carpet tile against damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during the remainder of construction period. Use protection methods indicated or recommended in writing by carpet tile manufacturer.

#### SECTION 099113 - EXTERIOR PAINTING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 **RELATED DOCUMENTS**

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 **SUMMARY**

- A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on exterior substrates.
  - 1. Steel.
  - 2. Galvanized metal.
  - Exterior portland cement plaster (stucco). 3.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application A. instructions.
  - 1. Indicate VOC content.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of topcoat product.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type of paint system and each color and gloss of topcoat.
  - Submit Samples on rigid backing, 8 inches square. 1.
  - Label each coat of each Sample. 2.
  - Label each Sample for location and application area. 3.
- D. Product List: For each product indicated, include the following:
  - 1. Cross-reference to paint system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
  - Indicate VOC content. 2.

#### 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

Coating Maintenance Manual: Provide coating maintenance manual including area summary with A. finish schedule, area detail designating location where each product/color/finish was used, product data pages, material safety data sheets, care and cleaning instructions, touch-up procedures, and color samples of each color and finish used.

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- 1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS
  - A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
    - 1. Paint: 1 gal. of each material and color applied.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each paint system specified in Part 3.
    - a. Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft..
    - b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
  - 2. Final approval of color selections will be based on mockups.
    - a. If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.
  - 3. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 4. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

#### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Delivery and Handling: Deliver products to Project site in an undamaged condition in manufacturer's original sealed containers, complete with labels and instructions for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting, and installing. Packaging shall bear the manufacture's label with the following information:
  - 1. Product name and type (description).
  - 2. Batch date.
  - 3. Color number.
  - 4. VOC content.
  - 5. Environmental handling requirements.
  - 6. Surface preparation requirements.
  - 7. Application instructions.
- B. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F.
  - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

## PRODUCT MASTERSPEC LICENSED BY DELTEK, INC. TO SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY (THE)

#### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F.
- B. Do not apply paints in snow, rain, fog, or mist; when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.
- C. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
  - 1. If suspected hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Sherwin-Williams Company (The); products indicated or comparable product from one of the following:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
  - 2. PPG Architectural Coatings.
- B. Comparable Products: Comparable products of approved manufacturers will be considered in accordance with Section 016000 "Product Requirements," and the following:
  - 1. Products are approved by manufacturer in writing for application specified.
  - 2. Products meet performance and physical characteristics of basis of design product including published ratio of solids by volume, plus or minus two percent.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain paint materials from single source from single listed manufacturer.
  - 1. Manufacturer's designations listed on a separate color schedule are for color reference only and do not indicate prior approval.

#### 2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

- A. Material Compatibility:
  - 1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
  - 2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. VOC Content: For field applications, provide paints and coatings that complies with VOC content limits of authorities having jurisdiction.

C. Colors: Match Architect's samples .

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 **EXAMINATION**

A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers. Where acceptability of substrate conditions is in question, apply samples and perform in-situ testing to verify compatibility, adhesion, and film integrity of new paint application.

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- 1. Report, in writing, conditions that may affect application, appearance, or performance of paint.
- Β. Substrate Conditions:
  - Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture 1. meter as follows:
    - Portland Cement Plaster: 12 percent. a.
  - 2. Portland Cement Plaster Substrates: Verify that plaster is fully cured.
- C. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected; application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Manual" applicable to substrates and paint systems indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
  - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
- D. Steel Substrates: Remove rust, loose mill scale, and shop primer if any. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer. but not less than the following:
  - 1. SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."

## PRODUCT MASTERSPEC LICENSED BY DELTEK, INC. TO SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

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- E. Shop-Primed Steel Substrates: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint, and paint exposed areas with the same material as used for shop priming to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-primed surfaces.
- F. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied paints.

## 3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Manual."
  - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
  - 2. Paint surfaces behind movable items same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed items with prime coat only.
  - 3. Paint both sides and edges of exterior doors and entire exposed surface of exterior door frames.
  - 4. Paint entire exposed surface of window frames and sashes.
  - 5. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
  - 6. Primers specified in painting schedules may be omitted on items that are factory primed or factory finished if acceptable to topcoat manufacturers.
- B. Tint undercoats same color as topcoat, but tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.
- D. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
- E. Painting Fire Suppression, Plumbing, HVAC, Electrical, Communication, and Electronic Safety and Security Work:
  - 1. Paint the following work where exposed to view:
    - a. Equipment, including panelboards and switch gear.
    - b. Metal conduit.

## 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Dry Film Thickness Testing: Owner may engage the services of a qualified testing and inspecting agency to inspect and test paint for dry film thickness.
  - 1. Contractor shall touch up and restore painted surfaces damaged by testing.

## PRODUCT MASTERSPEC LICENSED BY DELTEK, INC. TO SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY (THE)

2. If test results show that dry film thickness of applied paint does not comply with paint manufacturer's written recommendations, Contractor shall pay for testing and apply additional coats as needed to provide dry film thickness that complies with paint manufacturer's written recommendations.

## 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

#### 3.6 EXTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. Portland Cement Plaster (Stucco), Nontraffic Surfaces:
  - 1. Elastomeric System:
    - a. Prime Coat: Primer sealer, latex.
      - S-W Loxon Concrete & Masonry Primer Sealer, A24W8300, at 8.0 mils wet, 3.2 mils dry.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: S-W ConFlex XL Elastomeric High Build Coating, CF11W50 Series
    - c. Topcoat: S-W ConFlex XL Elastomeric High Build Coating, CF11W50 Series
       13.0 16.0 mils wet, 6.0 7.5 mmils dry, per coat.
- B. Ferrous Metal, Galvanized-Metal, and Aluminum Substrates:
  - 1. Water-Based Light Industrial Coating System:
    - a. Prime Coat: Primer, water based.
      - 1) S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Universal Primer, B66-310 Series, 5.0 to 10.0 mils wet, 2.0 to 4.0 mils dry.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Light industrial coating, exterior, water based, matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Light industrial coating, exterior, water based, semi-gloss.
      - S-W Pro Industrial Acrylic Semi-Gloss Coating, B66-650 Series, at 2.5 to 4.0 mils dry, per coat.

#### SECTION 099123 - INTERIOR PAINTING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Primers.
  - 2. Water-based finish coatings.
  - 3. Floor sealers and paints.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For each type of topcoat product.
- C. Product Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in the Interior Painting Schedule to cross-reference paint systems specified in this Section. Include color designations.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. PPG Paints; PPG Industries, Inc.
  - 2. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).

#### 2.2 PAINT PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Material Compatibility:
  - 1. Materials for use within each paint system shall be compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.

- 2. For each coat in a paint system, products shall be recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturers for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range .

#### 2.3 PRIMERS

- A. Interior Latex Primer Sealer: Water-based latex sealer used on new interior plaster, concrete, and gypsum wallboard surfaces.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. PPG Paints; PPG Industries, Inc.
    - b. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
    - c. Benjamin Moore
- B. Water-Based Rust-Inhibitive Primer: Corrosion-resistant, water-based-emulsion primer formulated for resistance to flash rusting when applied to cleaned, interior ferrous metals subject to mildly corrosive environments.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. PPG Paints; PPG Industries, Inc.
    - b. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
    - c. Benjamin Moore
- C. Water-Based Galvanized-Metal Primer: Corrosion-resistant, acrylic primer; formulated for use on cleaned/etched, exterior, galvanized metal to prepare it for subsequent water-based coatings.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. PPG Paints; PPG Industries, Inc.
    - b. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
    - c. Benjamin Moore
- D. Water-Based Bonding Primer: Water-based-emulsion primer formulated to promote adhesion of subsequent specified coatings.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. PPG Paints; PPG Industries, Inc.
    - b. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).

#### 2.4 WATER-BASED FINISH COATS

A. Interior, Latex, Flat: Pigmented, water-based paint for use on primed/sealed interior plaster and gypsum board, and on primed wood and metals.

- 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - a. PPG Paints; PPG Industries, Inc.
  - b. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
  - c. Benjamin Moore
- B. Interior, Latex, Eggshell: Pigmented, water-based paint for use on primed/sealed interior plaster and gypsum board, and on primed wood and metals.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. PPG Paints; PPG Industries, Inc.
    - b. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
    - c. Benjamin Moore
  - 2. Gloss and Sheen Level: Manufacturer's standard eggshell finish Gloss of 10 to 25 units at 60 degrees and sheen of 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees when tested in accordance with ASTM D523.
- C. Interior, Latex, Semigloss: Pigmented, water-based paint for use on primed/sealed interior plaster and gypsum board, and on primed wood and metals.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. PPG Paints; PPG Industries, Inc.
    - b. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
    - c. Benjamin Moore
  - 2. Gloss Level: Manufacturer's standard semigloss finish .
- D. Interior, Latex, High-Performance Architectural Coating, Eggshell: High-performance architectural latex coating providing a significantly higher level of performance than conventional latex paints in the areas of scrub resistance, burnish resistance, and ease of stain removal.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. PPG Paints; PPG Industries, Inc.
    - b. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
    - c. Benjamin Moore
  - 2. Gloss and Sheen Level: Gloss of 10 to 25 units at 60 degrees and sheen of 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees when tested in accordance with ASTM D523.
- E. Interior, Latex, High-Performance Architectural Coating, Semigloss: High-performance architectural latex coating providing a significantly higher level of performance than conventional latex paints in the areas of scrub resistance, burnish resistance, and ease of stain removal.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. PPG Paints; PPG Industries, Inc.
    - b. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
    - c. Benjamin Moore

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility, with existing finishes and primers.
- B. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations applicable to substrates and paint systems indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
- C. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.

#### 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- B. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- C. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

#### 3.5 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

A. Steel Substrates:

- 1. Latex over Shop-Applied Quick-Drying Shop Primer System :
  - a. Prime Coat: Quick-dry primer for shop application.
  - b. Intermediate Coat: Matching topcoat.
  - c. Topcoat: Interior, latex, semi-gloss.
- B. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:
  - 1. Water-Based Light-Industrial Coating System :
    - a. Prime Coat: Cementitious galvanized primer.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Interior, water-based, light-industrial coating, semigloss .
- C. Gypsum Board Substrates:
  - 1. Latex over Latex Sealer System :
    - a. Prime Coat: Interior latex primer sealer.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Interior, latex, eggshell.

#### SECTION 101400 - SIGNAGE

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Plastic interior panel signs.
  - 1. Room Identification.
  - 2. Restroom.

#### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 101416 Plaques.
- B. Underwriters Laboratories (UL):
  - 1. UL 94 Tests for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances.
  - 2. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit under provisions of Section 013000 Administrative Requirements.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including:
  - 1. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
  - 2. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
  - 3. Installation methods.
- C. Shop Drawings: Detail drawings showing sizes, lettering and graphics, construction details of each type of sign and mounting details with appropriate fasteners for specific project substrates.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Printed installation instructions for each signage system.
- E. Message List: Signage report indicating signage location, text, and sign type.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Minimum two years documented experience in work of this Section.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Minimum two years documented experience in work of this Section.

#### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in unopened factory packaging.
- B. Inspect materials at delivery to verify there are no defects or damage.
- C. Store products in manufacturer's original packaging until ready for installation in climate controlled location away from direct sunlight.
- D. Store and dispose of solvent-based materials, and materials used with solvent-based materials in accordance with requirements of local authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Install products in an interior climate controlled environment.
- B. Maintain environmental conditions (temperature, humidity, and ventilation) within limits recommended by manufacturer for optimum results. Do not install products under environmental conditions outside manufacturer's absolute limits.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Acceptable Manufacturer: Nova Polymers, Inc., or approved equal
  - 1. United States:
    - Acceptable Fabricator: Acorn Sign Graphics, PO Box 11664, Richmond, Virginia 23230. Phone: (804) 726-6999. Email: info@acornsign.com. Web: www.acornsign.com.
    - b. Acceptable Fabricator: AdLight Group, 4150 Elati St., Denver, CO 80216. Phone: (303) 399-3334. Email: Sales@AdLightGroup.com. Web: www.adlightgroup.com.
    - c. Acceptable Fabricator: AGS, 302 Commerce Drive, Exton, PA 19341. Phone: (610) 363-8150. Email: info@agsinfo.com. Web: www.agsinfo.com.
    - d. Acceptable Fabricator: ASI, Iowa Grinnell, IA, 1219 Zimmerman Dr., Grinnell, IA 50112. Phone: (641) 236-6616. Web: www.asisignage.com/locations/iowa
    - e. Acceptable Fabricator: Bell Company, 8327 Parkway Dr., Leeds, AL 35094. Phone: (800) 828-3564. Email: sales@bellcoinc.com. Web: www.braillebybell.com.
    - f. Acceptable Fabricator: Boyd Sign Systems, 3901 S Kalamath Street, Englewood, CO 80110. Phone: (800) 333-3190. Email: signs@boydsignsystems.com. Web: www.boydsignsystems.com
    - g. Acceptable Fabricator: Cab Signs, 38 Livonia Ave, Brooklyn, NY 11212. Phone: (800) 394-1690. Email: sales@cab-signs.com. Web: www.cab-signs.com.
    - h. Acceptable Fabricator: Cadwell Signs, 4 Kuniholm Drive, Holliston, MA 01746. Phone: (508) 429-3100. Web: www.cadwellsigns.com.
    - i. Acceptable Fabricator: Graphic Components, 2800 Patterson Street, Greensboro, NC 27407. Phone: (336) 542-2128. Email: sales@graphiccomponents.com. Web: www.graphiccomponents.com.

- j. Acceptable Fabricator: InPro Corporation, S80 W18766 Apollo Drive, Muskego, WI 53150. Phone: (800) 222-5556. Email: rbader@inprocorp.com. Web: www.inprocorp.com.
- k. Acceptable Fabricator: Kroy Sign Systems, 8221 E Gelding Dr., Scottsdale, AZ 85260. Phone: (800) 950-5769. Email: signs@kroysignsystems.com. Web: www.kroysignsystems.com.
- Acceptable Fabricator: Neiman & Company, 6842 Valjean Ave., Van Nuys, CA 91406. Phone: (818) 781-8600. Email: signs@neimanandco.com. Web: www.neimanandcompany.com.
- M. Acceptable Fabricator: Park Place Sign Systems, Inc., 2019 30th Street, Hannibal, MO 63401. Phone: (573) 221-1360. Email: sales@parkplacesign.com. Web: www.parkplacesign.com.
- n. Acceptable Fabricator: Sign Pro, 60 Westfield Dr, Plantsville, CT 96479. Phone: (860) 229-1812. Email: pete@signpro-usa.com. Web: www.signpro-usa.com.
- o. Acceptable Fabricator: Signtech, 4444 Federal Blvd., San Diego, CA 92102. Phone: (619) 527-6100 ext.117. Email: sales@Signtech.com. Web: www.signtech.com.
- p. Acceptable Fabricator: Tube Art Group, 11715 SE 5th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005.
   Phone: (206) 223-1122 Email: mwoods@tubeart.com. Web: www.tubeartgroup.com
- q. Acceptable Fabricator: Welch Signs, 7 Lincoln Ave., Scarborough, ME 04074. Phone: (207) 883-6200. Web: www.welchsign.com
- B. Requests for substitutions will be considered in accordance with provisions of Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide photopolymer signage that conforms to the requirements of all regulatory agencies holding jurisdiction.
- B. Requirements:
  - 1. Comply with all applicable provisions of the 2010 ADA Standard for Accessible Design and Texas Accessibility Standards
  - 2. Character Proportion: Letters and numbers on signs must have a width-to-height ratio between 3:5 and 1:1 and a stroke width-to-height ratio between 1:5 and 1:10.
  - 3. Color Contrast: Characters and symbols must contrast with their background either light characters on a dark background or dark characters on a light background.
  - 4. Raised Characters or Symbols: Letters and numbers on signs must be raised 1/32 in (0.8 mm) minimum and be sans serif characters. Raised characters or symbols must be at least 5/8 in (16 mm) high but no higher than 2 in (50 mm). Symbols or pictograms on signs must be raised 1/32 in (0.8 mm) minimum.
  - 5. Symbols of Accessibility: Accessible facilities required to be identified must use the international symbol of accessibility.
  - 6. Braille: Grade II with accompanying text.
- C. Novacryl PETG: Polyethylene terephthalate glycol. A thermoplastic polyester with high chemical resistance, and fomability.
  - 1. ADA Compliant.

- 2. NSF: Listed.
- 3. FDA: Conforms to food contact regulations.
- 4. Physical Properties:
  - a. Specific Gravity per ASTM D792: 1.27.
  - b. Optical Refractive Index per ASTM D542: 1.57.
  - c. Light Trans Total per ASTM D1003: 86 percent.
  - d. Light Trans Haze per ASTM D1003: 1 percent.
  - e. Water Absorption by weight per ASTM D570: 0.2 percent.
- 5. Mechanical Properties:
  - a. Tensile Strength per ASTM D638: 7,700 psi.
  - b. Tensile Modulus of Elasticity per ASTM D790: 320,300 psi.
  - c. Flexural Strength per ASTM D790: 11,200 psi.
  - d. Flexural Modulus of Elasticity per ASTM D790: 10,000 psi.
  - e. Izod Impact Strength Molded Milled Notch per ASTM D256: 1.7 Ft-lb per inch Notch.
  - f. Rockwell Hardness per ASTM D785: R-115.
  - g. Drop Dart Impact per ASTM D3763: 22 ft-lbs.
  - h. Shear Strength per ASTM D732: 9,000 psi.
  - i. Compressive Strength per ASTM D695: 8,000 psi.
- 6. Thermal Properties:
  - a. Deflection Temperature at 264 psi ASTM D648: 157 degrees F.
  - b. Deflection Temperature at 66 psi ASTM D648: 164 degrees F.
  - c. Coefficient of Thermal Expansion ASTM D696: 3.8x10 Inches per inch per degrees F.
  - d. Flammability (Burning Rate) ASTM D635: 0.06 Inches per minute.
  - e. Flammability UL 94: HB.
  - f. Smoke Density Rating ASTM D2843: 53.8 percent.
  - g. Self-Ignition Temp ASTM D1929: 880 degrees F.
  - h. Flame Spread Index ASTM E84: 85.
  - i. Smoke Development Index ASTM D84: 450.
  - j. Glass Transition Temperature ASTM D3418: 178 degrees F.
- 7. Electrical Properties:
  - a. Dielectric Constant at 1KHz ASTM D150: 2.6.
  - b. Dielectric Constant at 1MHz ASTM D150: 2.4.
  - c. Dielectric Strength ASTM D149: 410 Volts per mil.

#### 2.3 SIGNAGE - GENERAL

- A. It is the intent of these specifications to establish a sign standard for the Owner including but not limited to, wall-mounted directional signs, primary room identification, restrooms, conference rooms and all code compliant Braille signage.
- B. Comply with all applicable provisions of the 2010 ADA Standard for Accessible Design codes that apply to the State and Local jurisdiction of the project.
- C. If required text and graphics are not indicated in specification or on drawings, obtain Owner's instructions as to text and graphics prior to preparation of shop drawings.

- D. Typography: See Drawings. Copy shall be a clean and accurate reproduction of typeface(s) specified. Upper and lower case and all caps as indicated in Sign Type drawings and Signage Schedule. Letter spacing to be set by manufacturer.
- E. Arrows, symbols, and pictograms will be provided in style, sizes, colors and spacing as indicated in drawings for each sign system.
- F. Braille:
  - 1. ADA Compliant.
  - 2. Text/Graphics Placement: As indicated on contract drawings.
  - 3. Font: As indicated on the Contract Drawings.
  - 4. Font: Bebaskai.

#### 2.4 INTERIOR SIGNAGE

- A. Panel Material: Novacryl PT Series Photopolymer
  - 1. Composition: 0.032 inch (0.8 mm) thick moisture resistant, non-glare interior nylon photopolymer on ultraviolet resistant clear NOVACRYL PETG sign base, single piece construction. Laminated photopolymers, added-on characters, and engraved characters are not acceptable.
  - 2. Sustainable Certification: Minimum 40 percent pre-consumer recycled content.
  - 3. Type and Color: To be selected from manufacturer's full color range by Architect.
  - 4. Size: 8 in x 10.75 in
  - 5. Surface burning characteristics: Flame spread/smoke developed rating less than 75/120, tested to ASTM E 84 and UL 723.
  - 6. Rate of burning: Tested to ASTM D 635 at nominal 0.060 inch (1.5 mm) thickness with resulting Classification CC1.
  - 7. Vertical burning: Tested to UL 94, classified as 94V-2 in thickness of 0.118 inch (3.0 mm) or greater and 94HB in thicknesses less than 0.118 inch (3.0 mm).
  - 8. Self-ignition temperature: 800 degrees F (427 degrees C), tested to ASTM D 1929.

#### 2.5 ACCESSORIES

A. Tape: Double sided, waterproof, pressure sensitive.

#### 2.6 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate panel material in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and approved shop drawings.
- B. Fabricate signs by photo polymer process using film negatives to produce characters and graphics in contrasting color, raised. Refer to Signage Schedule.
- C. Characters:
  - 1. Height: ADA Compliant.
  - 2. Style: Bebaskai.

- 3. Width to height ratio: ADA Compliant.
- 4. Stroke width to height ratio: ADA Compliant.
- D. Pictograms: Refer to Signage Schedule.
- E. Provide Braille Grade indications for each character.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Do not begin installation until substrates have been properly prepared.
- B. If substrate preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.
- B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

#### 3.4 **PROTECTION**

- A. Protect installed products until completion of project.
- B. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Substantial Completion.

## SECTION 101416 - PLAQUES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Metal plaques.

## 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For plaques.
  - 1. Include fabrication and installation details and attachments to other work.
  - 2. Show plaque mounting heights, locations of supplementary supports to be provided by other installers, and accessories.
  - 3. Show message list, typestyles, graphic elements, and layout for each plaque at least half size .
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Sample warranty.

#### 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

#### 1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of plaques that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 METAL PLAQUES

- A. Cast Plaque : Cast-metal plaque with background texture, border, and characters having uniform faces, sharp corners, and precisely formed lines and profiles; and as follows:
  - 1. Plaque Material: Cast bronze .
  - 2. Plaque Thickness: 0.50 inch (12.7 mm).
  - 3. Finishes:
    - a. Integral Metal Finish: Mill finish raised surface with dark oxidized background .
  - 4. Background Texture: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range .
  - 5. Integrally Cast Border Style: As indicated on Drawings .
  - 6. Mounting: Concealed studs .

#### 2.2 MATERIALS

A. Brass Castings: ASTM B584, alloy recommended by manufacturer and finisher for finish indicated .

#### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners and Anchors: Manufacturer's standard as required for secure anchorage of plaques, noncorrosive and compatible with each material joined, and complying with the following:
  - 1. Use concealed fasteners and anchors unless indicated to be exposed.
  - 2. For exterior exposure, furnish stainless-steel devices unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Plaque Mounting Fasteners:
    - a. Concealed Studs: Concealed (blind), threaded studs welded or brazed to back of plaque, screwed into back of plaque, or screwed into tapped lugs cast integrally into back of plaque unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard plaques according to requirements indicated.
  - 1. Mill joints to a tight, hairline fit. Form assemblies and joints exposed to weather to resist water penetration and retention.
  - 2. Provide welds and brazes behind finished surfaces without distorting or discoloring exposed side. Clean exposed welded and brazed connections of flux, and dress exposed and contact surfaces.
  - 3. Conceal connections if possible; otherwise, locate connections where they are inconspicuous.
  - 4. Provide rabbets, lugs, and tabs necessary to assemble components and to attach to existing work. Drill and tap for required fasteners. Use concealed fasteners where possible; use exposed fasteners that match plaque finish.

- 5. Castings: Fabricate castings free of warp, cracks, blowholes, pits, scale, sand holes, and other defects that impair appearance or strength. Grind, wire brush, sandblast, and buff castings to remove seams, gate marks, casting flash, and other casting marks before finishing.
- B. Surface-Engraved Graphics: Machine-engrave characters and other graphic devices into indicated plaque surface to produce precisely formed copy, incised to uniform depth.
  - 1. Engraved Metal: Fill engraved graphics with manufacturer's standard baked enamel.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION OF METAL PLAQUES

- A. General: Install plaques using mounting methods indicated and according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Install plaques level, plumb, true to line, and at locations and heights indicated, with plaque surfaces free of distortion and other defects in appearance.
  - 2. Install plaques so they do not protrude or obstruct according to the accessibility standard.
  - 3. Before installation, verify that plaque surfaces are clean and free of materials or debris that would impair installation.
  - 4. Corrosion Protection: Coat concealed surfaces of exterior aluminum in contact with grout, concrete, masonry, wood, or dissimilar metals, with a heavy coat of bituminous paint.
- B. Mounting Methods:
  - 1. Concealed Studs: Using a template, drill holes in substrate aligning with studs on back of plaque. Remove loose debris from hole and substrate surface.
    - a. Masonry Substrates: Fill holes with adhesive. Leave recess space in hole for displaced adhesive. Place plaque in position and push until flush to surface, embedding studs in holes. Temporarily support plaque in position until adhesive fully sets.
    - b. Thin or Hollow Surfaces: Place plaque in position and flush to surface, install washers and nuts on studs projecting through opposite side of surface, and tighten.
- C. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as plaques are installed.

#### SECTION 101419 - DIMENSIONAL LETTER SIGNAGE

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - Dimensional characters.
     a. LED backlit Illuminated, fabricated channel dimensional characters.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For signs.
  - 1. Include fabrication and installation details and attachments to other work.
  - 2. Show sign mounting heights, locations of supplementary supports to be provided by other installers, and accessories.
  - 3. Show locations of electrical service connections.
  - 4. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Sample warranty.

#### 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

#### 1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of signs that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Structural Performance: Signs and supporting elements shall withstand the effects of gravity and other loads within limits and under conditions indicated.
- B. Thermal Movements: For exterior fabricated channel dimensional characters, allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes.
- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

#### 2.2 DIMENSIONAL CHARACTERS

- A. Fabricated Channel Characters : Metal face and side returns , formed free from warp and distortion; with uniform faces, sharp corners, and precisely formed lines and profiles; internally braced for stability, to meet structural performance loading without oil-canning or other surface deformation, and for securing fasteners; and as follows.
  - 1. Illuminated Characters: Backlighted character construction with LED lighting, including transformers, insulators, and other accessories for operability, with provision for servicing and concealing connections to building electrical system. Use tight or sealed joint construction to prevent unintentional light leakage. Space lamps apart from each other and away from character surfaces as needed to illuminate evenly.
    - a. Power: As indicated on electrical Drawings .
  - 2. Character Material: Sheet or plate aluminum .
  - 3. Character Height: 12 inches .
  - 4. Character Depth: 3 inches .
  - 5. Finishes:
    - a. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Manufacturer's standard, in color as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range .
  - 6. Mounting: Concealed stud mount to masonry surface .

#### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners and Anchors: Manufacturer's standard as required for secure anchorage of signs, noncorrosive and compatible with each material joined, and complying with the following:
  - 1. Use concealed fasteners and anchors unless indicated to be exposed.
  - 2. For exterior exposure, furnish stainless steel devices unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Exposed Metal-Fastener Components, General:
    - a. Fabricated from same basic metal and finish of fastened metal unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Sign Mounting Fasteners:

- a. Concealed Studs: Concealed (blind), threaded studs welded or brazed to back of sign material, screwed into back of sign assembly, or screwed into tapped lugs cast integrally into back of cast sign material, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D1187/D1187M.

#### 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard sign assemblies according to requirements indicated.
  - 1. Mill joints to a tight, hairline fit. Form assemblies and joints exposed to weather to resist water penetration and retention.
  - 2. Provide welds and brazes behind finished surfaces without distorting or discoloring exposed side. Clean exposed welded and brazed connections of flux, and dress exposed and contact surfaces.
  - 3. Conceal connections if possible; otherwise, locate connections where they are inconspicuous.
  - 4. Internally brace dimensional characters for stability, to meet structural performance loading without oil-canning or other surface deformation, and for securing fasteners.
  - 5. Provide rabbets, lugs, and tabs necessary to assemble components and to attach to existing work. Drill and tap for required fasteners. Use concealed fasteners where possible; use exposed fasteners that match sign finish.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION OF DIMENSIONAL CHARACTERS

- A. General: Install signs using mounting methods indicated and according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Install signs level, plumb, true to line, and at locations and heights indicated, with sign surfaces free of distortion and other defects in appearance.
  - 2. Before installation, verify that sign surfaces are clean and free of materials or debris that would impair installation.
  - 3. Corrosion Protection: Coat concealed surfaces of exterior aluminum in contact with grout, concrete, masonry, wood, or dissimilar metals, with a heavy coat of bituminous paint.
- B. Mounting Methods:
  - 1. Concealed Studs: Using a template, drill holes in substrate aligning with studs on back of sign. Remove loose debris from hole and substrate surface.
    - a. Masonry Substrates: Fill holes with adhesive. Leave recess space in hole for displaced adhesive. Place sign in position and push until flush to surface, embedding studs in holes. Temporarily support sign in position until adhesive fully sets.
    - b. Thin or Hollow Surfaces: Place sign in position and flush to surface, install washers and nuts on studs projecting through opposite side of surface, and tighten.

- 2. Projecting Studs: Using a template, drill holes in substrate aligning with studs on back of sign. Remove loose debris from hole and substrate surface.
  - a. Masonry Substrates: Fill holes with adhesive. Leave recess space in hole for displaced adhesive. Place spacers on studs, place sign in position, and push until spacers are pinched between sign and substrate, embedding the stud ends in holes. Temporarily support sign in position until adhesive fully sets.
  - b. Thin or Hollow Surfaces: Place spacers on studs, place sign in position with spacers pinched between sign and substrate, and install washers and nuts on stud ends projecting through opposite side of surface, and tighten.
- 3. Through Fasteners: Drill holes in substrate using predrilled holes in sign as template. Countersink holes in sign if required. Place sign in position and flush to surface. Install through fasteners and tighten.
- 4. Back Bar and Brackets: Remove loose debris from substrate surface and install backbar or bracket supports in position, so that signage is correctly located and aligned.
- 5. Adhesive: Clean bond-breaking materials from substrate surface and remove loose debris. Apply linear beads or spots of adhesive symmetrically to back of sign and of suitable quantity to support weight of sign after cure without slippage. Keep adhesive away from edges to prevent adhesive extrusion as sign is applied and to prevent visibility of cured adhesive at sign edges. Place sign in position, and push to engage adhesive. Temporarily support sign in position until adhesive fully sets.
- C. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as signs are installed.

#### SECTION 101423 - PANEL SIGNAGE

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Illuminated panel signs.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 101423.16 "Room-Identification Panel Signage" for room-identification signs that are directly attached to the building.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For panel signs.
  - 1. Include fabrication and installation details and attachments to other work.
  - 2. Show sign mounting heights, locations of supplementary supports to be provided by other installers, and accessories.
  - 3. Show locations of electrical service connections.
  - 4. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

#### 1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

#### 1.4 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of signs that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Structural Performance: Signs and supporting elements shall withstand the effects of gravity and other loads within limits and under conditions indicated.
- B. Thermal Movements: For exterior signs, allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes.
- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

#### 2.2 PANEL SIGNS

- A. Panel Sign : Sign with smooth, uniform surfaces; with message and characters having uniform faces, sharp corners, and precisely formed lines and profiles; and as follows:
  - 1. Illuminated Panel Sign: Backlighted construction with LED lighting including transformers, insulators, and other accessories for operability, with provision for servicing and concealing connections to building electrical system. Use tight or sealed joint construction to prevent unintentional light leakage. Space lamps apart from each other and away from sign surfaces as needed to illuminate evenly.
    - a. Power: As indicated on electrical Drawings .
  - 2. Solid-Sheet Sign : Lexan sheet illuminating face panel with finish specified in "Surface Finish and Applied Graphics" Subparagraph with powder coated aluminum frame.
    - a. Surface-Applied, Flat Graphics: Applied vinyl film paint .
  - 3. Sign-Panel Perimeter: Finish edges smooth.
  - 4. Frame: Horizontal retainers .
    - a. Material: Aluminum .
    - b. Profile: Square .
    - c. Corner Condition in Elevation: Square .
    - d. Finish and Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range .
  - 5. Mounting: Surface mounted to wall Stainless-steel bracket with concealed anchors .
  - 6. Surface Finish and Applied Graphics:
    - a. Integral Aluminum Finish: Anodized color as selected by Architect from full range of industry colors and color densities .
    - b. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish and Graphics: Manufacturer's standard, in color matching Architect's sample .
    - c. Overcoat: Manufacturer's standard baked-on clear coating .

#### 2.3 PANEL-SIGN MATERIALS

A. Polycarbonate Sheet: Coated, mar-resistant, UV-stabilized polycarbonate, with coating on both sides.

B. Vinyl Film: UV-resistant vinyl film of nominal thickness indicated, with pressure-sensitive, permanent adhesive on back; die cut to form characters or images as indicated on Drawings and suitable for exterior applications.

#### 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners and Anchors: Manufacturer's standard as required for secure anchorage of signs, noncorrosive and compatible with each material joined, and complying with the following unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Use concealed fasteners and anchors unless indicated to be exposed.
  - 2. For exterior exposure, furnish stainless-steel devices unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Sign Mounting Fasteners:
    - a. Concealed Studs: Concealed (blind), threaded studs welded or brazed to back of sign material or screwed into back of sign assembly unless otherwise indicated.
    - b. Through Fasteners: Exposed metal fasteners matching sign finish, with type of head indicated, and installed in predrilled holes.
- B. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D1187/D1187M.

#### 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard sign assemblies according to requirements indicated.
  - 1. Mill joints to a tight, hairline fit. Form assemblies and joints exposed to weather to resist water penetration and retention.
  - 2. Provide welds and brazes behind finished surfaces without distorting or discoloring exposed side. Clean exposed welded and brazed connections of flux, and dress exposed and contact surfaces.
  - 3. Conceal connections if possible; otherwise, locate connections where they are inconspicuous.
  - 4. Internally brace signs for stability, to meet structural performance loading without oilcanning or other surface deformation, and for securing fasteners.
  - 5. Provide rabbets, lugs, and tabs necessary to assemble components and to attach to existing work. Drill and tap for required fasteners. Use concealed fasteners where possible; use exposed fasteners that match sign finish.
- B. Subsurface-Applied Graphics: Apply graphics to back face of clear face-sheet material to produce precisely formed image. Image shall be free of rough edges.
- C. Shop- and Subsurface-Applied Vinyl: Align vinyl film in final position and apply to surface. Firmly press film from the middle outward to obtain good bond without blisters or fishmouths.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install signs using mounting methods indicated and according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Install signs level, plumb, true to line, and at locations and heights indicated, with sign surfaces free of distortion and other defects in appearance.
  - 2. Install signs so they do not protrude or obstruct according to the accessibility standard.
  - 3. Before installation, verify that sign surfaces are clean and free of materials or debris that would impair installation.
  - 4. Corrosion Protection: Coat concealed surfaces of exterior aluminum in contact with grout, concrete, masonry, wood, or dissimilar metals, with a heavy coat of bituminous paint.
- B. Mounting Methods:
  - 1. Concealed Studs: Using a template, drill holes in substrate aligning with studs on back of sign. Remove loose debris from hole and substrate surface.
    - a. Masonry Substrates: Fill holes with adhesive. Leave recess space in hole for displaced adhesive. Place sign in position and push until flush to surface, embedding studs in holes. Temporarily support sign in position until adhesive fully sets.
    - b. Thin or Hollow Surfaces: Place sign in position and flush to surface, install washers and nuts on studs projecting through opposite side of surface, and tighten.
  - 2. Projecting Studs: Using a template, drill holes in substrate aligning with studs on back of sign. Remove loose debris from hole and substrate surface.
    - a. Masonry Substrates: Fill holes with adhesive. Leave recess space in hole for displaced adhesive. Place spacers on studs, place sign in position, and push until spacers are pinched between sign and substrate, embedding the stud ends in holes. Temporarily support sign in position until adhesive fully sets.
    - b. Thin or Hollow Surfaces: Place spacers on studs, place sign in position with spacers pinched between sign and substrate, and install washers and nuts on stud ends projecting through opposite side of surface, and tighten.
  - 3. Through Fasteners: Drill holes in substrate using predrilled holes in sign as template. Countersink holes in sign if required. Place sign in position and flush to surface. Install through fasteners and tighten.
  - 4. Brackets: Remove loose debris from substrate surface and install backbar or bracket supports in position so that signage is correctly located and aligned.
  - 5. Adhesive: Clean bond-breaking materials from substrate surface and remove loose debris. Apply linear beads or spots of adhesive symmetrically to back of sign and of suitable quantity to support weight of sign after cure without slippage. Keep adhesive away from edges to prevent adhesive extrusion as sign is applied and to prevent visibility of cured adhesive at sign edges. Place sign in position, and push to engage adhesive. Temporarily support sign in position until adhesive fully sets.
  - 6. Two-Face Tape: Clean bond-breaking materials from substrate surface and remove loose debris. Apply tape strips symmetrically to back of sign and of suitable quantity to support weight of sign without slippage. Keep strips away from edges to prevent visibility at sign edges. Place sign in position, and push to engage tape adhesive.
- C. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as signs are installed.

#### SECTION 102600 - WALL AND DOOR PROTECTION

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Corner guards.
  - 2. Clear Chair rail
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 064023 "Interior Architectural Woodwork for solid-wood handrails, bumper rails, chair rails, or corner moldings without plastic bumpers.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each type of wall and door protection showing locations and extent.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details. Show handrail design and support spacing required to withstand structural loads.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified, 12 inches long.

## 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product certificates.
- B. Material certificates.
- C. Sample warranty.

#### 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

## 1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of wall- and doorprotection units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E84 or UL 723; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
  - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities and Texas Accessibility Standards .

#### 2.2 WALL GUARDS

- A. Bumper / Rub Rail : Standard-duty assembly consisting of continuous snap-on plastic cover installed over concealed retainer; designed to withstand impacts.
  - 1. Designation: WG-3
  - 2. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Construction Specialties, Inc.
    - b. Inpro Corporation.
    - c. Korogard Wall Protection Systems; a division of RJF International Corporation.
    - d. Pawling Corporation.
  - 3. Specified: Inpro 4" clear wall guard l.
  - Cover: Extruded from clear thermo plastic material, minimum 0100-inch wall thickness.
     a. Color and Texture: Clear .
  - 5. Retainer Clips: Manufacturer's standard impact-absorbing clips.
  - 6. Mounting: Surface mounted directly to wall .

#### 2.3 CORNER GUARDS

- A. Surface-Mounted, Plastic-Cover Corner Guards : Manufacturer's standard assembly consisting of snap-on, resilient plastic cover installed over retainer; including mounting hardware; fabricated with 90- or 135-degree turn to match wall condition.
  - 1. Designation: CG-1 (90 degree corner)
  - 2. Designation: CG-3 (End Wall Protector)
  - 3. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Inpro Corporation is basis for design
    - b. Construction Specialties, Inc.
    - c. Korogard Wall Protection Systems; a division of RJF International Corporation.
    - d. Pawling Corporation.
  - 4. Specified:
    - a. Inpro 150

- b. Inpro 130
- c. Inpro 160D
- 5. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.080-inch wall thickness; in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings.
  - a. Color and Texture: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range .
- 6. Continuous Retainer: Minimum 0.070-inch- thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum .
- 7. Retainer Clips: Manufacturer's standard impact-absorbing clips.
- 8. Top and Bottom Caps: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; color matching cover; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on cover.
- 9. Extend from top of wall base to ceiling.

# 2.4 MATERIALS

- A. Plastic Materials: Chemical- and stain-resistant, high-impact-resistant plastic with integral color throughout; extruded and sheet material as required, thickness as indicated.
- B. Polycarbonate Plastic Sheet: ASTM D6098, S-PC01, Class 1 or Class 2, abrasion resistant; with a minimum impact-resistance rating of 15 ft.-lbf/in. of notch when tested according to ASTM D256, Test Method A.
- C. Fasteners: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless-steel, or other noncorrosive metal screws, bolts, and other fasteners compatible with items being fastened. Use security-type fasteners where exposed to view.
- D. Adhesive: As recommended by protection product manufacturer.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Installation Quality: Install wall and door protection according to manufacturer's written instructions, level, plumb, and true to line without distortions. Do not use materials with chips, cracks, voids, stains, or other defects that might be visible in the finished Work.
- B. Mounting Heights: Install wall and door protection in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings.
- C. Accessories: Provide splices, mounting hardware, anchors, trim, joint moldings, and other accessories required for a complete installation.
  - 1. Provide anchoring devices and suitable locations to withstand imposed loads.
  - 2. Where splices occur in horizontal runs of more than 20 feet, splice aluminum retainers and plastic covers at different locations along the run, but no closer than 12 inches apart.
  - 3. Adjust end and top caps as required to ensure tight seams.

# SECTION 102800 - TOILET, BATH, AND LAUNDRY ACCESSORIES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Public-use washroom accessories.
  - 2. Childcare accessories.
  - 3. Custodial accessories.
  - 4. Special Needs Adult Changing Table

## 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each finish specified, full size.

#### 1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

#### 1.4 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Mirrors: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace mirrors that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Manufacturer's Warranty for Special Needs adult changing table.
  - 1. Warranty Period:
    - a. 5 years manufacturing defect

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Structural Performance: Design accessories and fasteners to comply with the following requirements:

- 1. Grab Bars: Installed units are able to resist 250 lbf concentrated load applied in any direction and at any point.
- 2.2 Special Needs Adult Changing Table
  - A. Manufacturer / Model : Pressalit 3000
    - 1. Adult Size
    - 2. Power Adjustable Height 12" to 38 7/8"
    - 3. Graphite Gray Mattress
    - 4. Table Length: 75.25 inches
    - 5. Table Width : 31 inches
    - 6. Weight Capacity: 440 lbs
    - 7. Receiver tray captures fluids
    - 8. Factory installed safety rail with easy one-handed operation
    - 9. Adjustable head and back support
    - 10. Hand-held remote control
    - 11. Mounting Hardware: Included
    - 12. Installation Instructions: https://max-ability.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/01/Pressalit-3000-Height-Adjustable-Installation-Drawing-rev-Jan-2022-compopt.pdf?c=aacf2d960ac3

## 2.3 PUBLIC-USE WASHROOM ACCESSORIES

- A. Toilet Tissue (Roll) Dispenser ts2 :
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, undefined:
    - a. AJW Architectural Products.
    - b. American Specialties, Inc.
    - c. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.
    - d. Bradley Corporation.
  - 2. Description: Double-roll dispenser .
  - 3. Mounting: Surface mounted.
  - 4. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, ASTM A480/A480M No. 4 finish (satin).
- B. Paper Towel Dispenser, Sanitary Napkin Disposal, Soap Dispenser :
  - 1. Owner furnished contractor installed
  - 2. Mounting: Surface mounted.
- C. Grab Bar TS25 :
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, undefined:
    - a. AJW Architectural Products.
    - b. American Specialties, Inc.
    - c. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.
    - d. Bradley Corporation.
  - 2. Mounting: Flanges with concealed fasteners.

- 3. Material: Stainless steel, 0.05 inch thick.
  - a. Finish: Smooth, ASTM A480/A480M No. 4 finish (satin) on ends and slip-resistant texture in grip area.
- 4. Outside Diameter: 1-1/2 inches.
- 5. Configuration and Length: As indicated on Drawings .
- D. Sanitary-Napkin Disposal Unit TS8 :
  - 1. Mounting: Surface mounted.
  - 2. Door or Cover: Self-closing, disposal-opening cover and hinged face panel with tumbler lockset.
  - 3. Receptacle: Removable.
  - 4. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, ASTM A480/A480M No. 4 finish (satin).
- E. Mirror Unit TS22 :
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. AJW Architectural Products.
    - b. American Specialties, Inc.
    - c. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.
    - d. Bradley Corporation.
  - 2. Frame: Stainless steel angle, 0.05 inch thick .
    - a. Corners: Manufacturer's standard .
  - 3. Size: As indicated on Drawings .
- F. Hook TS9 :
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. AJW Architectural Products.
    - b. American Specialties, Inc.
    - c. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.
    - d. Bradley Corporation.
  - 2. Description: Combination hat and coat hook .
  - 3. Mounting: Concealed .
  - 4. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, ASTM A480/A480M No. 4 finish (satin) .

# 2.4 CUSTODIAL ACCESSORIES

- A. Custodial Mop and Broom Holder TS12 :
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. AJW Architectural Products.
    - b. American Specialties, Inc.
    - c. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.
    - d. Bradley Corporation.
  - 2. Description: Mop and broom holder .

- 3. Length: 24 inchces .
- 4. Mop/Broom Holders: Three , spring-loaded, rubber hat, cam type.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install accessories according to manufacturers' written instructions, using fasteners appropriate to substrate indicated and recommended by unit manufacturer. Install units level, plumb, and firmly anchored in locations and at heights indicated.
  - 1. Remove temporary labels and protective coatings.
- B. Grab Bars: Install to comply with specified structural-performance requirements.

# SECTION 104413 - FIRE PROTECTION CABINETS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Fire-protection cabinets for portable fire extinguishers.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For fire-protection cabinets.
- C. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required.

## 1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

# 1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size of fire-protection cabinets to ensure that type and capacity of fire extinguishers indicated are accommodated.
- B. Coordinate sizes and locations of fire-protection cabinets with wall depths.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Fire-Rated Fire-Protection Cabinets: Listed and labeled to comply with requirements in ASTM E814 for fire-resistance rating of walls where they are installed.

# 2.2 FIRE-PROTECTION CABINET FEC

- A. Cabinet Type: Suitable for fire extinguisher.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Activar Construction Products Group, Inc. JL Industries.

- b. Babcock-Davis.
- c. Guardian Fire Equipment, Inc.
- d. Larsens Manufacturing Company.
- e. Potter Roemer LLC; a Division of Morris Group International.
- B. Cabinet Construction: Nonrated .
- C. Cabinet Material: Cold-rolled steel sheet .
- D. Semirecessed Cabinet: One-piece combination trim and perimeter door frame overlapping surrounding wall surface, with exposed trim face and wall return at outer edge (backbend).
  - 1. Rolled-Edge Trim: 2-1/2-inch backbend depth.
- E. Cabinet Trim Material: Steel sheet .
- F. Door Material: Steel sheet .
- G. Door Style: Solid opaque panel with frame .
- H. Door Hardware: Manufacturer's standard door-operating hardware of proper type for cabinet type, trim style, and door material and style indicated.
- I. Accessories:
  - 1. Mounting Bracket: Manufacturer's standard steel, designed to secure fire extinguisher to fire-protection cabinet, of sizes required for types and capacities of fire extinguishers indicated, with plated or baked-enamel finish.
  - 2. Lettered Door Handle: One-piece, cast-iron door handle with the word "FIRE" embossed into face.
  - 3. Door Lock: Cam lock that allows door to be opened during emergency by pulling sharply on door handle .
  - 4. Identification: Lettering complying with authorities having jurisdiction for letter style, size, spacing, and location. Locate as indicated .
    - a. Identify fire extinguisher in fire-protection cabinet with the words " FIRE EXTINGUISHER ."
      - 1) Location: Applied to cabinet door .
      - 2) Application Process: Silk-screened .
      - 3) Lettering Color: Red .
      - 4) Orientation: Vertical .
- J. Materials:
  - 1. Cold-Rolled Steel: ASTM A1008/A1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.
    - a. Finish: Baked enamel, TGIC polyester powder coat, HAA polyester powder coat, epoxy powder coat, or polyester/epoxy hybrid powder coat, complying with AAMA 2603.
    - b. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range .

## 2.3 FABRICATION

A. Fire-Protection Cabinets: Provide manufacturer's standard box (tub) with trim, frame, door, and hardware to suit cabinet type, trim style, and door style indicated.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Prepare recesses for semirecessed fire-protection cabinets as required by type and size of cabinet and trim style.
- B. Install fire-protection cabinets in locations and at mounting heights indicated or, if not indicated, at heights acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Fire-Protection Cabinets: Fasten cabinets to structure, square and plumb.
- D. Identification: Apply decals at locations indicated.
- E. Adjust fire-protection cabinet doors to operate easily without binding. Verify that integral locking devices operate properly.

# SECTION 104416 - FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes portable, hand-carried fire extinguishers.

## 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

# 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

## 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

## 1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate type and capacity of fire extinguishers with fire-protection cabinets to ensure fit and function.

## 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace fire extinguishers that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Six years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. NFPA Compliance: Fabricate and label fire extinguishers to comply with NFPA 10, "Portable Fire Extinguishers."
- B. Fire Extinguishers: Listed and labeled for type, rating, and classification by an independent testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 2.2 PORTABLE, HAND-CARRIED FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

- A. Fire Extinguishers: Type, size, and capacity for each fire-protection cabinet indicated.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Activar Construction Products Group, Inc. JL Industries.
    - b. Babcock-Davis.
    - c. Guardian Fire Equipment, Inc.
    - d. Larsens Manufacturing Company.
    - e. Potter Roemer LLC; a Division of Morris Group International.
  - 2. Instruction Labels: Include pictorial marking system complying with NFPA 10, Appendix B.
- B. Multipurpose Dry-Chemical Type : UL-rated 10 LB. nominal capacity, with monoammonium phosphate-based dry chemical in manufacturer's standard enameled container.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Examine fire extinguishers for proper charging and tagging.
  - 1. Remove and replace damaged, defective, or undercharged fire extinguishers.
- B. Install fire extinguishers in locations indicated and in compliance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

# SECTION 313116 - TERMITE CONTROL

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Soil treatment.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include the EPA-Registered Label for termiticide products.

## 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product certificates.
- B. Soil Treatment Application Report: Include the following:
  - 1. Date and time of application.
  - 2. Moisture content of soil before application.
  - 3. Termiticide brand name and manufacturer.
  - 4. Quantity of undiluted termiticide used.
  - 5. Dilutions, methods, volumes used, and rates of application.
  - 6. Areas of application.
  - 7. Water source for application.
- C. Sample Warranties: For special warranties.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: A specialist who is licensed according to regulations of authorities having jurisdiction to apply termite control treatment and products in jurisdiction where Project is located and who employs workers trained and approved by manufacturer to install manufacturer's products.

#### 1.5 WARRANTY

A. Soil Treatment Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form, signed by Applicator and Contractor, certifying that termite control work consisting of applied soil termiticide treatment will prevent infestation of subterranean termites, including Formosan termites (Coptotermes formosanus). If subterranean termite activity or damage is discovered during warranty period, re-treat soil and repair or replace damage caused by termite infestation.

1. Warranty Period: 1 years from date of Substantial Completion.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SOIL TREATMENT

- A. Termiticide: EPA-Registered termiticide acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, in an aqueous solution formulated to prevent termite infestation.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. Premise 75
  - 2. Service Life of Treatment: Soil treatment termiticide that is effective for not less than five years against infestation of subterranean termites.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Remove extraneous sources of wood cellulose and other edible materials, such as wood debris, tree stumps and roots, stakes, formwork, and construction waste wood from soil within and around foundations.
- B. Soil Treatment Preparation: Remove foreign matter and impermeable soil materials that could decrease treatment effectiveness on areas to be treated.

#### 3.2 APPLYING SOIL TREATMENT

- A. Application: Mix soil treatment termiticide solution to a uniform consistency. Distribute treatment uniformly. Apply treatment at the product's EPA-Registered Label volume and rate for maximum specified concentration of termiticide to the following so that a continuous horizontal and vertical termiticidal barrier or treated zone is established around and under building construction.
  - 1. Slabs-on-Grade : Under ground-supported slab construction, including footings, building slabs, and attached slabs as an overall treatment. Treat soil materials before concrete footings and slabs are placed.
  - 2. Foundations: Soil adjacent to and along the entire inside perimeter of foundation walls; along both sides of interior partition walls; around plumbing pipes and electric conduit penetrating the slab; around interior column footers, piers, and chimney bases; and along the entire outside perimeter, from grade to bottom of footing.
  - 3. Penetrations: At expansion joints, control joints, and areas where slabs and below-grade walls will be penetrated.
- B. Post warning signs in areas of application.

C. Reapply soil treatment solution to areas disturbed by subsequent excavation, grading, landscaping, or other construction activities following application.

# SECTION 321313 - CONCRETE PAVING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes Concrete Paving
  - 1. Driveways.
  - 2. Parking lots.
  - 3. Curbs and gutters.
  - 4. Walks.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete paving mixture. Include alternate design mixtures when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Ready-Mix-Concrete Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing readymixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C94/C94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
  - 1. Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities" (Quality Control Manual - Section 3, "Plant Certification Checklist").

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 CONCRETE, GENERAL

A. ACI Publications: Comply with ACI 301 unless otherwise indicated.

## 2.2 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Plain-Steel Welded-Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A1064/A1064M, fabricated from as-drawn steel wire into flat sheets.
- B. Deformed-Steel Welded-Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A1064/A1064M, flat sheet.

- C. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A615/A615M, Grade 60; deformed.
- D. Joint Dowel Bars: ASTM A615/A615M, Grade 60 plain-steel bars. Cut bars true to length with ends square and free of burrs.
- E. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars, welded-wire reinforcement, and dowels in place. Manufacture bar supports according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete of greater compressive strength than concrete specified.

## 2.3 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Cementitious Materials: Use the following cementitious materials, of same type, brand, and source throughout Project:
  - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C150/C150M, gray portland cement .
  - 2. Fly Ash: ASTM C618, .
  - 3. Slag Cement: ASTM C989/C989M, Grade 100 or 120.
- B. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C33/C33M, uniformly graded. Provide aggregates from a single source.
- C. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C260/C260M.
- D. Chemical Admixtures: Admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and to contain not more than 0.1 percent water-soluble chloride ions by mass of cementitious material.
- E. Water: Potable and complying with ASTM C94/C94M.

## 2.4 CURING MATERIALS

- A. Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular, film forming, manufactured for application to fresh concrete.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Bon Tool Co.
    - b. Brickform; a division of Solomon Colors.
    - c. ChemMasters, Inc.
    - d. Dayton Superior.
    - e. Euclid Chemical Company (The); an RPM company.
    - f. Kaufman Products, Inc.
    - g. Lambert Corporation.
    - h. Laticrete International, Inc.
    - i. Master Builders Solutions.
    - j. Metalcrete Industries.
    - k. Nox-Crete Products Group.
    - 1. Sika Corporation.

- m. SpecChem, LLC.
- n. TK Products.
- o. Vexcon Chemicals Inc.
- p. W.R. Meadows, Inc.

# 2.5 RELATED MATERIALS

A. Joint Fillers: ASTM D1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber in preformed strips.

# 2.6 CONCRETE MIXTURES

- A. Prepare design mixtures, proportioned according to ACI 301, for each type and strength of normal-weight concrete, and as determined by either laboratory trial mixtures or field experience.
- B. Cementitious Materials: Use fly ash, pozzolan, slag cement, and silica fume as needed to reduce the total amount of portland cement, which would otherwise be used, by not less than 40 percent.
  - 1. Fly Ash or Pozzolan: 15 percent.
- C. Add air-entraining admixture at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in normal-weight concrete at point of placement having an air content as follows:
  - 1. Air Content: 4-1/2 percent plus or minus 1-1/2 percent.
- D. Chemical Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Concrete Mixtures: Normal-weight concrete.
  - 1. Compressive Strength (28 Days): 3000 psi .

## 2.7 CONCRETE MIXING

A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, and mix concrete materials and concrete according to ASTM C94/C94M. Furnish batch certificates for each batch discharged and used in the Work.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Proof-roll prepared subbase surface below concrete paving to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Remove loose material from compacted subbase surface immediately before placing concrete.

#### 3.3 EDGE FORMS AND SCREED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Set, brace, and secure edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed guides to required lines, grades, and elevations. Install forms to allow continuous progress of work and so forms can remain in place at least 24 hours after concrete placement.
- B. Clean forms after each use and coat with form-release agent to ensure separation from concrete without damage.

#### 3.4 INSTALLATION OF STEEL REINFORCEMENT

A. Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.

#### 3.5 JOINTS

- A. General: Form construction, isolation, and contraction joints and tool edges true to line, with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete. Construct transverse joints at right angles to centerline unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Construction Joints: Set construction joints at side and end terminations of paving and at locations where paving operations are stopped for more than one-half hour unless paving terminates at isolation joints.
- C. Isolation Joints: Form isolation joints of preformed joint-filler strips abutting concrete curbs, catch basins, manholes, inlets, structures, other fixed objects, and where indicated.
- D. Contraction Joints: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of the concrete thickness:
- E. Edging: After initial floating, tool edges of paving, gutters, curbs, and joints in concrete with an edging tool to a 3/8-inch radius. Repeat tooling of edges after applying surface finishes. Eliminate edging-tool marks on concrete surfaces.

#### 3.6 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Moisten subbase to provide a uniform dampened condition at time concrete is placed. Do not place concrete around manholes or other structures until they are at required finish elevation and alignment.
- B. Comply with ACI 301 requirements for measuring, mixing, transporting, and placing concrete.
- C. Deposit and spread concrete in a continuous operation between transverse joints. Do not push or drag concrete into place or use vibrators to move concrete into place.
- D. Screed paving surface with a straightedge and strike off.

E. Commence initial floating using bull floats or darbies to impart an open-textured and uniform surface plane before excess moisture or bleedwater appears on the surface. Do not further disturb concrete surfaces before beginning finishing operations or spreading surface treatments.

# 3.7 FLOAT FINISHING

- A. General: Do not add water to concrete surfaces during finishing operations.
- B. Float Finish: Begin the second floating operation when bleedwater sheen has disappeared and concrete surface has stiffened sufficiently to permit operations. Float surface with power-driven floats or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Finish surfaces to true planes. Cut down high spots and fill low spots. Refloat surface immediately to uniform granular texture.
  - 1. Medium-to-Fine-Textured Broom Finish: Draw a soft-bristle broom across float-finished concrete surface, perpendicular to line of traffic, to provide a uniform, fine-line texture.

# 3.8 CONCRETE PROTECTION AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.
- B. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection.
- C. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete but before float finishing.
- D. Begin curing after finishing concrete but not before free water has disappeared from concrete surface.
- E. Curing Methods: Cure concrete by curing compound .

## 3.9 PAVING TOLERANCES

- A. Comply with tolerances in ACI 117 and as follows:
  - 1. Elevation: 3/4 inch.
  - 2. Thickness: Plus 3/8 inch, minus 1/4 inch.
  - 3. Surface: Gap below 10-feet- long; unleveled straightedge not to exceed 1/2 inch.
  - 4. Joint Spacing: 3 inches.
  - 5. Contraction Joint Depth: Plus 1/4 inch, no minus.
  - 6. Joint Width: Plus 1/8 inch, no minus.

## 3.10 REPAIR AND PROTECTION

- A. Remove and replace concrete paving that is broken, damaged, or defective or that does not comply with requirements in this Section. Remove work in complete sections from joint to joint unless otherwise approved by Architect.
- B. Protect concrete paving from damage. Exclude traffic from paving for at least 14 days after placement. When construction traffic is permitted, maintain paving as clean as possible by removing surface stains and spillage of materials as they occur.
- C. Maintain concrete paving free of stains, discoloration, dirt, and other foreign material. Sweep paving not more than two days before date scheduled for Substantial Completion inspections.

## SECTION 321723 - PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Painted markings applied to asphalt paving.
  - 2. Painted markings applied to concrete surfaces.

# 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data:
  - 1. Pavement-marking paint, solvent-borne.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PAVEMENT-MARKING PAINT

- A. Pavement-Marking Paint, Solvent-Borne: MPI #32, solvent-borne traffic-marking paint.
  - 1. Color: White .

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PAVEMENT MARKING

- A. Do not apply pavement-marking paint until layout, colors, and placement have been verified with Architect.
- B. Allow asphalt paving or concrete surfaces to age for a minimum of 30 days before starting pavement marking.
- C. Sweep and clean surface to eliminate loose material and dust.
- D. Apply paint with mechanical equipment to produce pavement markings, of dimensions indicated, with uniform, straight edges. Apply at manufacturer's recommended rates to provide a minimum wet film thickness of 15 mils.
  - 1. Apply graphic symbols and lettering with paint-resistant, die-cut stencils, firmly secured to asphalt paving or concrete surface.